"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Snow or rain, colder, increasing northeasterly winds, to-day; Sunday probably fair.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,461. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JANUARY 31, 1914.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, | Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

MET BY STEWART, GAFFNEY BALKS

Admits Nothing in Dramatic Encounter with Graft Witness Arranged by Whitman.

CONTRACTOR BREAKS DOWN

Questioned Searchingly by Grand Jury, Stewart Fails to Identify Gaffney.

DOES SPEAK OF MURPHY

Says He Protested at Hold-Up, and Tammany Leader Promised to "Look Into It."

James C. Stewart, the State contractor now a central figure in District Attorney Whitman's graft inquiry, walked out of the Grand Jury room, on the third floor of the Criminal Court Building, at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, leaning on the arm of Mr. Whitman. There were traces of tears on his face. Mr. Whitman protectingly led Stewart into the chambers of the Judges of General Sessions. There Stewart turned to the District Attorney and rested his arms on Mr. Whitman's shoulder. The big contractor fairly sobbed.

"Honestly, Mr. Whitman," he said, shaking nervously, "I cannot recall."

This incident came at the end of an exciting day in the Criminal Court Building. For two hours and a quarter Stewart was before the Grand Jury. He was questioned searchingly by twenty-one jurors and District Attorney Whitman and three assistants. When the ordeal was over, Stewart cried, it was said, because he realized that the jurors believed that he was withholding the one admission which would have clinched Mr. Whitman's case against James E. Gaffney, chief bagman for Tammany Leader Murphy.

Stewart did involve James E. Gaffney, and he acknowledged that he was morally certain that it was Gaffney who called on him just after election in 1912 and demanded as a contribution 5 per cent. of contracts for $3,000,000, approximately, which were under consideration by the Canal Board, but he would not say that the hold-up man was James E. Gaffney.

"I believe it was 'Jim' Gaffney, and I told a number of persons that it was Murphy's man Gaffney, but, honestly, I can't identify the man who tried to hold me up; I can't, I can't honestly do it." That, it was said, was what Stewart repeated over and over again in the Grand Jury room.

It is the difference between moral certainty and legal certainty which saved Gaffney yesterday. Stewart will be called again. His testimony yesterday, however, for the time being saved the man who is sought by the prosecutor as one who may lead to the man "highest up" in the "graft ring."

Despite the failure to identify Gaffney, Stewart's testimony was regarded as the most important given thus far in the graft investigation. Perhaps this was because it involved more than the testimony of any other witness the leader of Tammany Hall, Charles F. Murphy.

Stewart, it is understood, told the Grand Jury that he called on Murphy immediately after the attempted hold-up by the man he believed to be James E. Gaffney. He found Murphy at Tammany Hall, not at Delmonico's, as earlier reports had it.

"Murphy said he would look into it." That, in effect, according to Stewart, was what Murphy told him when he heard from Stewart the story of the Gaffney hold-up. It was this admission which Whitman desired to obtain from Stewart. It brought Murphy personally into the matter.

Stewart and Gaffney Meet.

Before Stewart was called before the Grand Jury, Whitman arranged that Gaffney and Stewart should confront each other at the Criminal Court Building.

Whitman informed Gaffney that he would like to have him call at the Criminal Court Building at 2 o'clock. He also sent for Stewart, and asked him to be on hand a little after 2 o'clock. Gaffney was ten minutes late, but he reached Whitman's office before Stewart. Gaffney was accompanied by two attorneys, James A. Deering and J. C. Toole, and the three were ushered into Whitman's office, where they chatted with the District Attorney.

Whitman told Gaffney of his plan. He asked him if he had any objection to make to it. A consultation was held, and Gaffney, on the advice of his attorneys, said that he had no objection.

Secretary Lloyd D. Willis then opened the door to Whitman's chambers, and in walked James C. Stewart, Alexander Stewart, his brother, and Almuth C. Vandiver of O'Gorman, Battle & Vandiver, counsel for Contractor Stewart.

Gaffney, to all appearance, thought that strangers had invaded a private conference. He arose and waited for some one to say something. James C. Stewart, too, appeared to be amazed and stared into space. Whitman went to the rescue.

"Oh, Mr. Gaffney, I want you to meet Mr. Stewart," he said.

Gaffney and Stewart shook hands. Other introductions followed, and a discussion of the weather started.

Whitman went out of the room for a few moments, and when he returned Gaffney and his lawyers were in one corner, while Stewart and his friends were in another. The atmosphere was cool.

"Well, Mr. Gaffney," asked Whitman, "did you ever see Mr. Stewart before?"

Gaffney consulted with his lawyers,

Continued on Page 3.

SHOT ON AUTOMOBILE TRIP.

Longfield, Young Californian, Held for Murder at San Remo.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—A dispatch from San Remo says that a great sensation has been caused there by a mysterious tragedy in an automobile, in which Moritz Sigall, a well-known Leipsic business man, was shot dead to-day.

Sigall, accompanied by a young couple, Mr. and Mrs. Longfield, made an automobile trip to Mentone. On the way back, just before entering San Remo, the chauffeur heard a scream from inside the car and pulled up sharply.

Sigall got out, staggered and fell. The Longfields followed and tried to run away, but the police arrested them, placed them in the car with Sigall, and drove them to the police station. There a doctor found that Sigall was dead, having been shot in the back with a revolver.

The police believe that Longfield is an international thief, a native of Santa Rosa, Cal. Mrs. Longfield, who is only 19, belongs to a good family in Stuttgart.

No revolver was found in the automobile, but Longfield had an automatic pistol in his possession when he was arrested.

BREMNER WORSE, RALLIES.

Cancer Patient Has Sinking Spell, but Revives Afterward.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 30.—The general belief that Congressman Robert G. Bremner of New Jersey was recovering from cancer through the administration of radium in Dr. Howard A. Kelly's sanitarium was shaken to-day when it became known that early in the day he had suffered a sinking spell. His condition was so serious that his sister, Miss Rose Bremner, was summoned from Washington and spent the day at her brother's bedside. When Mr. Bremner rallied shortly before 6 o'clock this evening Miss Bremner returned to the capital.

Dr. C. F. Burnham, who, in Dr. Kelly's absence, has charge of the patient, issued a statement that Mr. Bremner was resting comfortably and that there was no reason for anxiety. It was admitted, however, that earlier in the day hope practically had been abandoned. The patient was in a state of coma for several hours. The sinking spell, it was said, was the result of the intense suffering which the patient had undergone recently. It was the first time he had lost consciousness since taking the radium treatment. No application of radium was made to-day, owing to the patient's weakened condition.

WIFE SUES W. E. CARTER.

Philadelphia Society Couple Saved from Titanic Want Divorce.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Jan. 30.—Mrs. Lucille Polk Carter, prominent for years in the most exclusive society of Philadelphia, New York and Newport and widely known abroad, began suit to-day for divorce from her husband, William E. Carter.

Mr. and Mrs. Carter and their two children are survivors of the Titanic catastrophe. All four were brought to New York on the Carpathia and added their narratives to the story of the wreck.

Mr. Carter is a son of Mrs. W. T. Carter of 2,116 Walnut Street. He is a member of the Radnor Hunt, Philadelphia Country, St. Anthony, and Racquet Clubs, the Sons of the Revolution and the St. Anthony Club of New York.

Mrs. Carter is a daughter of Mrs. W. Stewart Polk of Baltimore, member of a very old Southern family and related to President Polk. She is a close friend of Mrs. Robert Goelet, who recently entered suit for divorce. On more than one occasion she has startled Philadelphia by appearing in public in the most bizarre modes of the moment. Once when the harem skirt was read of and talked of, but had not been seen here, she promenaded through the corridors of the Bellevue-Stratford and later attended the opera wearing a costume of pale green and cream colored satin with a harem skirt. Again she created a sensation at Newport when she appeared at a costume ball, given by Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, in the guise of a fairy, with flimsy costume and gauzy wings.

For several years Mr. and Mrs. Carter have entertained lavishly. They have maintained residences at Bryn Mawr and at Newport.

$500,000 TO BOWDOIN.

President Hyde Tells of Bequest of Edwin B. Smith of New York.

The Rev. Dr. William De Witt Hyde, President of Bowdoin College, at Brunswick, Me., announced last night that under the will of Edwin Bradbury Smith, a well-known New York lawyer, Bowdoin College was to receive $500,000. The announcement was made at the forty-fourth annual dinner of the New York Association of the Alumni of Bowdoin at the Hotel Breslin. Mr. Smith died on the 5th of this month in his 82d year. He was at the time of his death one of the oldest of the alumni of the Maine college.

Dr. Hyde did not give the exact terms of the legacy last night, confining his announcement to the brief statement that under the will the college would receive the money from the residue of the estate, a conservative estimate of the value of which was about $500,000. Mr. Smith was graduated from Bawdoin in 1856. He was born in Kennebunkport, Me., on Oct. 3, 1832, the son of Oliver and Caroline Bradbury Smith. He never married.

After his graduation from Bowdoin Mr. Smith studied law, and was admitted to practice in 1859, and continued an active practice for many years in Maine, and came to New York City in 1881. In the early seventies he was a member of the Maine Assembly, and was its Speaker in 1871. In 1875 President Grant named him an Assistant Attorney General of the United States, which position he held until 1881, serving through the Hayes Administration. He was a member of the Bar Association of New York, of the New York Law Society, the New England Society of New York, and the Union League, Lawyers and University clubs. His home was at 853 West Fifty-seventh Street.

The dinner was marked by the introduction of the polar bear as the official emblem of the college. Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, the discoverer of the north pole, is an alumnus of the college, being a graduate of the class of '77, and in honor of the explorer the polar bear has been adopted as the college emblem. A very effective representation of a polar bear created by two acrobats and a skin walked among the tables.

24 PEACE TREATIES TO BE RATIFIED

Committee Heeds Wilson's Call for Peace and Acts Favorably on Arbitration.

ONLY TWO VOTES AGAINST

O'Gorman Opposes Any Yielding to Great Britain on Panama Tolls Issue.

RATIFICATION IS EXPECTED

President's Talk at Monday's Conference Has Strong Effect—Eight Treaties Ready for Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30. — President Wilson's conference on Monday night with members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations bore fruit to-day, when the committee agreed informally to the renewal of general arbitration treaties with twenty-four nations. Eight of these treaties have already lapsed by limitation, and the committee reported to the Senate conventions renewing all of them. Though the treaties have been pending before the Senate since last June with signs of bitter opposition, they are now expected to be ratified in short order. The treaty with France has already been extended, and that, with the treaties considered by the committee to-day, makes up all the general arbitration treaties entered into by the United States.

The treaties reported were those with Great Britain, Japan, Italy, Spain, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, and Portugal. The speedy ratification expected for the general arbitration treaty with Great Britain is taken to mean that Senators think the President's wish for repealing the Panama Canal tolls exemption for American ships will soon be carried out, removing the only cause for objection to the arbitration treaty.

The general opinion is that the California dispute is not arbitrable, and that, if submitted to arbitration, the United States would have nothing to fear from an international tribunal's award, so that renewing the treaty makes no change in the present situation.

A treaty is expected at an early date from the State Department settling Colombia's claim for damages for the loss of Panama. When that is ratified, as it will be, after a little talk, all the clouds on the diplomatic horizon will have been scattered, except those relating to Mexico, Japan, and Russia. Under no circumstances is the Russian difference expected to become acute, and the clearing up of all questions growing out of American occupation of the Canal Zone and American operation of the canal is expected to release the Mexican tangle from all international complications, except possibly n the direction of Japan.

The general effect of the treaties now before the Senate, or soon to be there, will be to leave the United States to its policy of "watchful waiting" in Mexico and free to straighten out the California dispute with Japan alone.

The strength the President has been able to command in the Senate for the support of his international policies was indicated by the ballot in the committee, which ordered a favorable report by a vote of 11 to 2. Senator O'Gorman of New York, a Democrat, and Senator Smith of Michigan, a Republican, were the only dissentents, and while the opposition of both is deep seated, and Mr. O'Gorman particularly resents the idea of yielding in any way to Great Britain, neither Senator is expected to adopt obstructive tactics. Even Mr. Chamberlain of Oregon, Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, who blocked the arbitration treaties with Great Britain and Japan last Summer, is not certain whether he will prolong his fight. Mr. Chamberlain fought vigorously two years ago for the concession to American shipping through the canal, and he dislikes the idea of repealing that provision or of submitting it to arbitration. As a Senator from the Pacific Coast he is equally reluctant to give any opening to Japan in regard to the rights of Japanese immigrants. But as a Democrat in a high and responsible position in the Senate, he is not expected to carry his opposition to the President too far.

The direct bearing of the Monday night conference on the committee's action to-day was made clear by the fact that since last Summer the committee had done nothing whatever regarding the treaties. Only last week one of the most prominent Senators of the committee said that he did not know the treaties were still before the committee, and that he supposed Mr. Bryan had forgotten to resubmit them to the Senate at this session in his eagerness to obtain the assent of foreign powers to his new arbitration scheme, which goes far beyond the existing treaties. At that time, however, the treaties for renewal were lying quietly in the pigeonholes of the committee, where they would have remained indefinitely but for Monday's conference at the White House.

Senator Smith of Michigan said to-day that he opposed the arbitration treaties because he thought they had only led to trouble in the past and could only lead to confusion in the future. The treaties, he said, meant nothing except a mark on the efficiency record of the Secretary of State, and would, in case of any dispute, have to be supplemented by a special treaty defining the points of difference, that would in itself reopen the whole question of arbitration.

The countries with which the United States has treaties of arbitration that will lapse by limitation within the year are China, Denmark, Mexico, the Netherlands, Peru, Salvador, Austria-Hungary, Costa Rica, Haiti, Paraguay, the Argentine Republic, Bolivia, Ecuador, Uruguay, Chile, and Brazil.

No difficulty is expected over renewing any of them except that with Mexico, and the trouble in that case will be that there is no recognized Government in Mexico with which the United States can negotiate a convention.

The treaties acted upon to-day are practically identical, and provide for a limited arbitration of questions which cannot be adjusted by diplomacy, expressly excluding those affecting the honor, independence, or vital interests of the parties.

The treaties are the first realization of arbitration plans begun at The Hague

Continued on Page 3.

A Half Dozen Articles of Importance

1. Sir Joshua Reynolds Helped to Pirate Old Masters.
2. Col. George Harvey on Diplomats of Democracy.
3. New York Auto Thefts Total $1,500,000 a Year.
4. One-Time Hobo Plans Big Reforms for City's Needy.
5. Meunier's Masterpieces Neglected by American Crowds.
6. Rubbing Elbows with Stage Celebrities at "The Lambs."

IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES.

GUNMEN DRIVEN OUT BY M'KAY CRUSADE

Six Gathered in Yesterday and a Big Drop in Killings Shown by the Police Records.

Five prisoners were arraigned in different Magistrates' Courts in this city yesterday charged with having violated the Sullivan law, and the high bail required in the different cases served as an evidence and an earnest of the Mitchel Administration's attitude toward the man who carries a gun. A sixth prisoner was caught with a loaded gun on him.

Under the direction of Commissioner McKay and with a rapidly spreading notion through the force itself as to just what the new man down at City Hall wants, the police have started out to make this city an uncomfortable place for the man who does not work and they have found by old experience that this man is very apt to have a gun somewhere within quick reach. To wave an official hand and say, "away with the gangs," is all very well as a declaration of principles, but the police know that as a matter of performance, one of the main things to do is to separate the gunmen from the guns.

Since Mayor Mitchel took charge and Douglas I. McKay sat down at the hastily vacated desk of Rhinelander Waldo, this separation business has been going on very systematically and very rapidly, with the result that on this, the end of the first month of the new administration, a large number of the gunmen are in the Tombs, and a large number of the guns are heaped in the room of the property clerk at Police Headquarters. This is the simplest and most effective form of separation known to the police.

The guns have been coming into headquarters by scores and scores. There has been more gun capturing in one month of McKay than in many months of Waldo.

Of course, one month is too early to come to any definite judgment as to results, but the police themselves are talking about the remarkable falling off of murder as a diversion in Harlem's Little Italy. This big Italian district, which stretches between Ninetieth Street and 120th Street, and between Third Avenue and the East River, was formerly a veritable murder belt. For several years up to 1914, this district had had an average of at least a murder a week. Often there were two and three murders a week. There was more than one week with a murder every night, and some nights with several murders recorded on the blotter of the East 104th Street Station. It has been an unfathomable district, one where arrests were made in only 10 per cent. of the cases, and convictions in only 1 per cent.

Since Jan. 1 there have been just two killings, unless you count the case of one little boy accidentally shooting another with a gun he found in an ash barrel, and of these two, one was back on Jan. 3, before the police got started. In one night Capt. Jones rounded up five men with revolvers, and these five are all convicted and serving prison terms on this, the 31st of January. Furthermore, since the middle of the month, "Diamond Dick" Crossen, whose conviction record is 99 per cent. and who, acting as a member of Commissioner McKay's own staff, has, with two men under him, been arresting gun carriers and blackjackers on the average of three and four a night.

The police remember, too, that Arthur H. Woods, the commissioner's private secretary, was the chief foe of the gunmen as a deputy under Commissioner Bingham. They know that nothing pleased him more than the sight of a wagon load of guns, bound for the bottom of the bay, and they feel confidence now that Woods is as the commissioner's right hand.

In the West Farms Court yesterday three saloon keepers were held for the Grand Jury because the police reported having found revolvers in their saloons. Michael Ferro of 731 East 215th Street was held in $1,500 bail, Cahmine Uvaro of 594 Van Nest Avenue was held in $1,000 bail, and Joseph Costa of 552 Van Nest Avenue was held in $2,000 bail. These three Bronx cases were disposed of by Magistrate House.

In the West Side Court Magistrate Deuel fixed $1,000 bail as the bond to insure the appearanceof John Ward at a further hearing on Sunday. Ward was originally arrested because the police suspected him of having done a burglary job on Jan. 9, but the Sullivan charge is made when a gun was found in Ward's home at 506 West 136th Street.

Clare Russell of 1,134 Wilkins Avenue, the Bronx, was held in $2,000 bail by Magistrate House. Early yesterday morning Sergt. Quilty and a patrolman of the Tremont Station ran into Russell and another man at Southern Boulevard and 180th Street. They knew what was the official attitude downtown, and they knew it would do no harm to stop these two, whose looks they did not like, and "frisk" them. The search was fruitless and puzzled, the police let the two go on their way. But Quilty himself went no further than the nearby alleyways and waited in the hope of watching them a little longer. His wait was rewarded, for after the road seemed clear Russell came hurrying back and bent down to search the grass near where they had been and the police came along. Quilty saw Russell pick something up, and he sprinted to his side in time to see that that something was a revolver. Quilty chuckled, for he thought he had not been wrong.

Russell is a lad of 19 years, but the youngest prisoner in the day's grist was Tony Imbrands, a boy of 16, who lives at 202 Mott Street. Patrolman Carson picked him up at Fourth Avenue and Fourteenth Street yesterday with a loaded revolver he had just drawn from the holster strapped around his waist. This youngster had announced to his circle that last night the revolver would "smoke," and that he would kill the first policeman who ventured to disturb him. Carson ventured and the boy's defiance melted marvelously. He was soon weeping.

The capture of the boy with a gun would normally seem to be only the case of a youngster bidding for glory by posing as "a bad man" before his time, but the police scrutinize all such cases carefully these days, for, in their new-found fear of interference, the gangsters have hit upon the scheme of having boys to carry the weapons so that, in the case of a capture, nothing more serious than juvenile delinquency can be charged. The gangsters are also resorting to the chivalrous method of having their girls carry their guns to have them handy in case the man feels a sudden desire to kill or wound somebody. To such balls as that in St. Mark's Place early in the year when a murderous shooting took the place of a grand opening march, the man may go unarmed, but a revolver is sometimes tucked into the handbag or muff of the girl who is with him.

BLOWN TO STREET AS FACTORY BURNS

Firemen Flung Out of Windows When Varnish Explodes at Four-Alarm Fire.

A fire that was discovered at midnight last night had by 2:30 o'clock this morning almost entirely destroyed the five-story factory of the Walters Piano Company, at 226 East Sixty-third Street, providing a spectacular blaze that brought hurrying crowds from as far away as Times Square.

In the very beginning of the fight against the flames, Lieut. Nelson and si men from Engine 39 were caught with their lines on the second floor of the burning building when an explosion in the stored varnish brought one of the walls crashing down. Three of the firemen were blown out of the second-story windows, and Nelson himself was flung down, scorched, stunned, and cut.

Patrolman Dilge of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station saw the danger and managed to drag Nelson to safety.

The tenements on all sides were emptied as soon as the danger of the spread of the flames wes perceived and there was some fear that the fire might reach across the street to the Baron de Hirsch Home for Working Girls.

The 1,200 girls in this building were brought downstairs int othe assembly hall of the building and then led out into the courtyard separating their home from the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital. They were kept there, ready for flight through the hospital corridors to safety, but after four alarms had been sounded the fire was regarded as under control, and the girls were sent back to their rooms.

After a final roundup of his fire-fighting forces, Chief Kenlon was ready to announce that no one had been lost in the tumbling of the walls. The men of Engine 39 who were not literally blown from the building were buried in the debris, but somehow they managed to pull themselves free and to crawl to the open air.

The flames from the factory reached into walls of Public School 74, but were checked there, and shortly before 5 o'clock this morning Chief Kenlon said the school would be saved. The fire loss is estimated at more than $300,000.

KIPLING GETS THE CREDIT.

Author Convinced Page on Tolls Issue, Capital Hears.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30. — Rudyard Kipling is receiving credit among some people here for having been the indirect cause of President Wilson's understood determination to bring about the repeal or postponement of the provision in the Panama Canal act exempting American coastwise vessels from payment of tolls.

According to the story going the rounds in Washington, Mr. Kipling so impressed Walter H. Page, the Ambassador in London, by the contention that the free tolls provision was in violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty that Mr. Page wrote to President Wilson and convinced him that Mr. Kipling was right. The story, however, lacks confirmation.

SHIPS WAIT ON THE FOG.

Many Lie at Anchor All Night and Until 10 A. M.

The fog, which came on about 9 o'clock on Thursday night, hung over the river front and harbor until 10 o'clock yesterday morning when a westerly breeze sprang up and drove it away.

The White Star liner Cedric, with passengers for Liverpool, was anchored at Liberty Island from 12:30 P. M. on Thursday until 11 o'clock yesterday morning, when the fog lifted sufficiently for Capt. Carter to weigh anchor. Other ships held up by the fog were the Graf Waldersee for Hamburg, Albinglia for Haiti, Morro Castle for Havana, and the City of Montgomery for Savannah.

Several steamers of the New England Steamship Company, bound through Long Island Sound for New England points, were anchored in the Sound waiting for the fog to lift.

WARRIOR IN GREAT PERIL.

Driven Up On the Reef—Rescue of Crew Still Impossible.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 30.—High winds, driving breakers over Frederick W. Vanderbilt's yacht Warrior, which went aground off the Colombia coast on Monday, prevented the steamer Almirante and a wrecking tug from Jamaica from throwing a line aboard to-day in an effort to rescue the crew of forty-eight men, according to wireless reports received to-night.

The Almirante and the tug were standing by to-night, but as wind and waves were driving the yacht farther on the reef, it was feared she would go to pieces before the crew could be taken off.

MISS CRUFT LEFT A MILLION

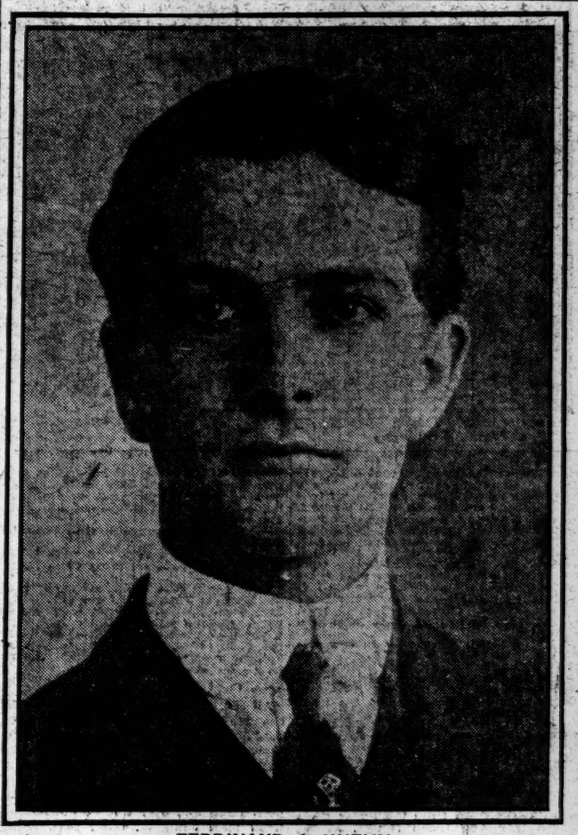
Boston Spinster Made Public Bequests Aggregating $325,000.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—One of the largest estates ever held by an unmarried woman in this city was disclosed to-day by the publication of an inventory of the property of Miss Harriet Otis Cruft, whose will, filed several months ago, contained public bequests aggregating $325,000.

The inventory shows that Miss Cruft had personal property worth $654,900 and real estate valued at $594,500, which she inherited from her father, Edward Cruft, a merchant.

She Keeps Your Pipe and Pocket Clean.
Your pipe and 'bacco handy—
She's Altogether Rubber.
And I tell you she's a dandy!
Altogether Pouch holds pipe and tobacco.
—Adv.

41 LOST, 99 SAVED FROM THE MONROE, SUNK IN 12 MINUTES BY THE NANTUCKET



FERDINAND J. KUEHN.
New York Boy, Wireless Operator of the Monroe, Who Gave His Life That a Woman Passenger Might Be Saved.

WIRELESS HERO A NEW YORK BOY

Kuehn, Who Lived in the Bronx, Learned Telegraphy with Home-Made Apparatus.

MOTHER HAD PREMONITION

Pleaded with Him Not to Take Service Aboard Ship—His Second Trip on the Monroe.

Ferdinand Kuehn, the chief wireless operator on board the liner Monroe, who took off his own life preserver and strapped it around a woman just as the wrecked ship started to sink, was a Bronx boy. His father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Kuehn, and his twelve-year-old sister, Victoria, live in a modest two-story frame building at 404 Jackson Avenue, in the heart of the German settlement of the Bronx. The father is a furrier. All day yesterday friends of the family called to ask for news and offer encouragement to the grief-stricken parents.

The members of the family were greatly distressed when they first learned of the wreck of the Monroe, and received no message of assurance from Ferdinand. Mrs. Kuehn felt that he would have found a way to communicate with them if all had been well with him. The mother's fears were increased, because she said she always had had a premonition that something would happen to her son if he remained at sea. It was on account of her apprehensions, she explained, that she tried to dissuade him from entering the service away from shore, and she had always protested with tears against his remaining on board ship.

From Mrs. Kuehn it was learned that Ferdinand was only 20 years old. He became interested in electro-mechanics when a pupil in high school in the Bronx. As a schoolboy he had learned the principles of wireless telegraphy sufficiently to rig up an aparatus of his own home. His schoolmates, as well as the children of the neighborhood, still remember how industriously he worked at the construction of the first wireless apparatus he ever used.

It was with this home-made apparatus that he learned telegraphy. His experience was sufficient to induce the Marconi Company to accept his application for a place about three years ago. First he worked as an operator on one of the Sound boats of the Joy Line, between this city and Boston. Then he was assigned to the steamship Jefferson of the Old Dominion Line. When that vessel was laid up for repairs more than a month ago, young Kuehn was transferred to the Monroe. This was his second trip on her.

The boy had been very solicitous about his father's health, which for some time has been poor, and the last time he was home he planned to send his father on a vacation and meet the expenses himself.

He was particularly fond of his little sister, Victoria. The little girl was inconsolable yesterday.

Mrs. Winifred L. Bolton, whose name appears in the list of those lost, lived with her mother at Broad and Oriental Streets, Newark. Two years ago she obtained a divorce from her husband, who had deserted her. She had been a clerk in the Firemen's Pharmacy, and a month ago, in quest of health, had gone to Norfolk to stay with her sister, Mrs. Smith B. Stanfield. On Thursday her mother, Mrs. Catherine Finnegan, received word that Mrs. Bolton would be home Friday night. She first heard of the Monroe's sinking from newspaper men, who made inquiries at the house, and has been unable to believe it true.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Lieut. Legrand B. Curtis, U. S. A., who was a passenger on the steamship Monroe, was on his way to Fort Monroe to take the examination for promotion.

Lieut. Curtis was 28 years old. He was graduated from West Point in 1910 and was assigned to duty in the Coast Artillery as a Second Lieutenant. He passed the examination for detail to the Ordnance Department of the Army, and was detailed to that duty in June, 1912, and ordered to inspection duty at the Watervliet Arsenal, near Troy, N. Y. His father is Major E. H. Curtis, an army officer.

At the Marine Corps headquarters a careful search of the records failed to find the names of O. Wagner or Earl Wagner, as the name was variously given, said to be a member of the United States Marine Corps. The records in the Naval Bureau of Navigation contained no such name as J. Edwards, also reported among the lost and said to be an enlisted man in the navy.

LIST OF THE DROWNED.

Nineteen Passengers Went Down with the Liner Monroe.

The corrected list of those lost on the steamship Monroe is as follows:

Cabin Passengers.

BOLTON, Mrs. W. L., Newark, N. J.
CURTIS, First Lieut. LEGRANDE B., Second Coast Artillery, Watervliet Arsenal, N. Y.; died after rescue.
EDWARD, J., U. S. Navy.
GIBSON, Mrs. D., New York.
HASKELL, J., Cortland, N. J.
HARRINGTON, Mrs. THOMAS R., Bridgeport, Conn.; died on steamer.
INGRAM, W. H., Sumter, S. C.
JELLEFF, CHARLES M., Macaria Theatrical Company, New York.
LEWIS, GEORGE C., Macaria Theatrical Company, New York.
OKAKAMATO, J., Japanese.
POOLE, Mrs. C. W., and child, Gray, Sussex County, Va.
RAY, J. F., New York.
WAGNER, O., U. S. Marine Corps.
Italian, unidentified.

Steerage Passengers.

BOLEN, M. New York.
GILBERT, J.
ROPER, C., New York.
WILSON, I., New York.

The Crew.

BRADROLF, JOE, third cook.
DAVIS, P., head waiter.
DELK, J., waiter.
GARDNER, W. A., waiter.
GOURNEY, Mrs. (white,) stewardess.
QUILES, Quartermaster.
HASKINS, BRAXTON, third assistant engineer.
JUVICH, T., deck watchman.
KUEHN, FERDINAND J., first wireless operator.
MARTIN, J., waiter.
NELSON, N., boatswain.
PRADDI, A., waiter.
PROVERBS, D., waiter.
SOYDIN, A., bow lookout.
WALLACE, PATSY, (colored,) stewardess.
WARD, L., saloon watchman.
WHITE, I., second cook.
Five unidentified.

THOSE SAVED FROM THE WRECK.

Cabin Passengers.

BROWN, E. G., New York.
BUDWIG, H., New York.
CLAUSON, W. C., Milwaukee, Wis.
DAVIS, F. C., Brooklyn.
EBBER, HARRY.
FALKON, JOHN.
FLANAGAN, R., Brooklyn.
GILBERT, J.
GORMAN, EDWARD, Philadelphia, Penn.
HAMBURGER, ADOLPH, New York.
HARRINGTON, T. R., Bridgeport, Conn.
HAVILAND, Miss Hilda, Macaria Theatrical Company, New York.
LYONS, E. P., New York.
McCOMBS, Miss SALLY, Macaria Theatrical Company.
McCOY, ADA.
McNAIR, A. F., Buffalo, N. Y.
MARLOW, GEORGE M., Macaria Theatrical Company.
MONTGOMERY, J. M., Macaria Theatrical Company, New York.
MOORE, JOSEPH, Macaria Theatrical Company, New York.
POOLE, C. W., Gray, Va.
POOLE, Mrs. C. W., Gray, Va.
NEWBY, J. J., United States Navy.
NYLAN, C., New York.
O'CONNELL, JAMES, Washington, D. C.
RAY, Mrs. J. F., New York.
ROLLINS, CHARLES, Lawrenceville, Va.
ROLLINS, Mrs. RENA.
SCOTT, LOUISE.
SMITH, ZACH C.
SNYDER, C. T., New York.
SOULE, Miss LEONA, Macaria Theatrical Co., New York.
THACKERAT, HILDA.
HILLETT, ALFRED S., Macaria Theatrical Co.
VAN WINKLE, R. S., Nutley, N. J.
VERNON, B. B., Macaria Theatrical Company.
WIEGAND, THOMAS.
WILLIAMSON, GEORGE, New York.
WILKINSON, HOWARD, Norfolk, Va.
WOODS, Mrs. T. J., Norfolk, Va.

Officers.

JOHNSON, E. E., Master.
HERSLY, G. E., First Officer.
GATELY, J., Second Officer.
RUSSELL, L. E., Quartermaster.
PERKINS, JOHN, Chief Engineer.

Stricken Ship Turns Turtle After Receiving Blow Amidships.

WIRELESS MAN A HERO

F. J. Kuehn of New York Sticks to Post, Gives Life-Belt to Woman; Goes Down with Ship.

THREE BOATS LOWERED

"Women First," the Obeyed Order—Crew of Nantucket Save Scores from the Sea.

SURVIVORS ILL FROM SHOCK

Husband Keeps His Wife Afloat by Holding Her Hair in His Teeth, Then She Dies.

CAUSE OF CRASH HIDDEN

Capt. Johnson of Lost Ship, Away in Third Boat, Stands by to Pick Up Survivors.

RIGID INQUIRY IN SIGHT

Officers and Crews of Both Vessels Held at Norfolk Pending an Investigation.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 30.—Struck amidships on the starboard side in a dense fog by the Nantucket of the Merchants and Miners' Line about fifty miles off the Virginia Capes at 2 o'clock this morning [as told in late editions of THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday] the steamship Monroe of the Old Dominion Line went to the bottom in twelve minutes.

Thirty-nine of her passengers and crew perished with her, while two of the 101 persons who were rescued by the energetic work of the Nantucket's crew died from exposure and cold after being picked up by small boats from the chilly waters of the Atlantic, in which they had kept afloat an hour or more by the aid of life preservers.

The Nantucket herself was terribly damaged by the shock when she rammed the side of the Monroe. Her bow was crumpled up, and she began to leak in an alarming manner, until a temporary canvas patch was put over the rent. But she stood steadfastly by while her searchlight swept over the ocean in search of victims of the disaster.

Finally, when all hope of making further rescues was gone, she started slowly for this port, convoyed by the Old Dominion liner Hamilton, and arrived here this afternoon, bringing a thrilling story of the sea tragedy, in which the gloom of death was illumined by heroic deeds.

Again a wireless operator, F. J. Kuehn of the Bronx, New York City, showed the stuff of which he was made by giving his life for another.

Kuehn stuck to his post on the stricken vessel after the crash, and while frantically sending out his calls for help, went down with her. He was seen to tear his life preserver from around his waist and fasten it on a hysterical woman, who had not thus provided herself with the only means of safety.

Assistant Engineer Oscar Perkins, of the Monroe, when the rush of water put out the main dynamo and left the ship in darkness, rushed below and put an emergency dynamo to work.

A Question of Signals.

The collision of the two ships in the darkness and fog came almost without warning. Both ships were moving along at slow speed. The Monroe, with Capt. Johnson on the bridge and a double lookout on duty, was northward bound, having left Norfolk for New York at 7 o'clock last evening.

The Nantucket, heavily laden with freight and with but two passengers aboard, was bound south, from Boston to Norfolk.

Both vessels were sounding their whistles as they groped along. Finally Capt. Johnson of the Monroe stopped his vessel, blowing one whistle. To this the Nantucket responded with two whistles, he says. Again he sounded one whistle, and got a response of two whistles. To a third sounding of a single whistle he received no answer, he asserts.

Then out of the fog came the gleam of the Nantucket's searchlight, and the high steel prow of the south-bound vessel cut into the Monroe's side with a ripping and crashing of plates that threw her aback. The Nantucket, with her bow crushed in, backed out of sight into the fog as Capt. Johnson, seeing that his vessel was fatally stricken, shouted an order for the lifeboats.

Some Passengers Trapped Below.

When the crash came all the passengers aboard the Monroe were in bed, although some were not asleep because of the sounding of whistles. Only Capt. Johnson and the watch on deck were up and about. But the shivering of the stricken vessel and her listing motion as the water poured through the huge gash in her side awakened the sleeping passengers and sent them clambering toward the deck.

Warned by the officers, they hurriedly adjusted life preservers and made for

the tilted deck. But the time was all too brief. Those rescued agree that from the time the Monroe was struck until she settled beneath the waves not more than ten or twelve minutes elapsed. Some of those who were lost were undoubtedly trapped in their staterooms.

Baggage, clothing, and valuables were all forgotten in the flight from below. Pajamas, nightgowns, bath robes, and blankets were the common apparel of those who reached the slippery deck, and most of them wore that garb when they left the limping Nantucket at her dock here this afternoon.

As the frantic passengers reached the deck they were herded toward the lifeboats by the officers and the crew, who maintained good order. Three lifeboats from one side of the crippled vessel were got away, mostly freighted with frightened women. By the time these were away the Monroe was rolling over on her side, and it was impossible to launch the other boats.

With a lurch the fast-filling liner rolled over on her side, throwing up her uninjured side, and submerging cabins and saloons. With a chorus of shrieks the unfortunates who were left on the vessel turned and crawled over the superstructure, through port holes, windows and companion ways, until they rested just out of reach of the waves on the upper side of the half-capsized vessel. The big vessel quivered and shook for a moment, and then plunged beneath the waves, leaving her human freight afloat.

Nantucket Launches Boats.

Meantime Capt. Barry of the Nantucket had called out his entire crew. As the searchlight failed to pierce the fog sufficiently Capt. Barry ordered out his lifeboats and one by one they went out to search for the Monroe.

They found only survivors struggling in the icy water, crying frantically for help. Many of those picked up were exhausted, and unable to help themselves. Several had to be hauled over the side of the Nantucket with ropes, being unable to climb the rope ladder.

Mrs. Thomas F. Harrington of Bridgeport was rescued by her heroic husband, who was swimming with his wife's hair in his teeth when picked up by a boat from the Nantucket. Harrington was overcome when lifted aboard the Nantucket and revived to find his wife dead. With a blanket about him, he remained beside her body until it was borne from the Nantucket. Mr. Harrington will accompany his wife's body to-morrow to the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Kelly, 55 Stevens Street, Norwalk, Conn.

Lieut. Legrande B. Curtis of the United States Army died on the Nantucket after his rescue. Lieut. Curtis was taken from the water unconscious and badly injured. The only mark of identification found on the body was the name "Curtis" upon a handkerchief taken by the Coroner from the pocket of the officer's pajamas.

Of the 41 lost, 32 were men, 8 were women, and 1 a child. Nineteen of the 41 were passengers and 22 were members of the crew.

Eight of the Monroe's passengers whom wireless reports had put in the list of the lost, walked or were borne from the Nantucket when the latter landed the rescued. Those were George M. Marlow, Mrs. John M. Ray, E. P. Lyons, and B. B. Vrnon of New York, W. C. Clausen of Milwaukee, Edward Gorman of Philadelphia, Albert Snyder of East Orange, N. J., and C. W. Pool of Gray, Va.

Thousands were crowded about the dock entrance when the Nantucket arrived in port with the great hole in her stern temporarily closed with canvas.

The Old Dominion Steamship Company, through its Assistant General Manager, E. E. Palen, took charge of those rescued from the Monroe.

An Actress's Thrilling Story.

Of the many thrilling stories told by survivors none surpasses that of Miss Sally McCombs, ingénue of the Macaria Theatrical Company, two of whose members went down with the Monroe. Miss McCombs told her story to-night lying in bed, bruised from head to foot, and on the verge of nervous prostration from more than an hour's exposure in the waters of the Atlantic.

She was one of nine members of the company who were saved. She became separated from her companions soon after the Monroe received her fatal blow, and was saved through the bravery of Charles Sutton, a member of the crew of the Monroe, who jumped overboard from the foundering ship and kept her afloat until they reached a lifeboat. As Miss McCombs spoke of the heroism of her rescurer her eyes filled with tears and her voice trembled.

Miss McCombs's story was told as follows:

"The members of the Macaria company noticed the fog when we went on deck immediately after dinner. Even then the fog horn was blowing away regularly. I turned to Mr. Montgomery, our manager, and said: 'I am nervous. Something seems to tell me we are in danger. I have been afraid of fogs ever since I was a little girl. He reassured me, saying the Old Dominion Line had never had a serious accident in all its history.

"We sat around in the main saloon, reading, writing letters, and talking until about midnight. Miss Hilda Haviland, our leading lady, and myself had the same stateroom. I dropped asleep almost immediately, but did not fall into a sound slumber.

"The first thing I knew of the accident was when the ships struck. We were thrown from our berths into the cabins. I realized something awful had happened. I said to Miss Haviland, 'Hilda, we are gone.' I darted out of the stateroom, and when I felt the list taken by the steamer, ran back for some of my clothes. Miss Haviland also went back and slipped a raincoat over her nightgown and kimono.

All Running To and Fro.

"When we got back in the aisle between the cabins, men and women, with nothing but their night clothes on, were running up and down. the women screaming and crying. They seemed to know the worst had happened. The ship had then taken on a decided list, and it was almost impossible to walk. Our party got together and hurried to the deck. Mrs. Soule was the only one that had on a life preserver.

"Mr. Lewis, our stage manager, who was one of the two lost, was highly excited, and kept calling on God to help him. The other members of my party went to the front part of the vessel. Something seemed to tell me to stay with a group of the members of the crew, who were gathered about midship. I don't know what it was.

"I asked one of them if he would help me and he said he was afraid he could not, for he did not know how to swim. I think he was a negro, judging by the sound of his voice. Then a young white man, whom I afterward learned was Charlie Sutton of Hertford, N. C., spoke up:

"'I'll save you, lady. I can swim; you just stick close to me. Put this life preserver on.'

"I slipped it over my nightgown and kimono, in spite of all the excitement around me, and was calm and collected. His words gave me renewed courage.

"The steamer had then settled over on its side and as the water began to swirl up around my feet I wanted to jump into the water. It looked so much better than the panic-ridden ship. Sutton would not let me go, telling me to wait until the suction from the ship subsided. Just as the water slipped around my knees three of us, Sutton, his companion, and myself, jumped overboard. For two hours he kept me above water and we were finally saved."

According to another survivor, Miss McCombs was in a lifeboat with a West Indian negro, who lost his head and grabbed Miss McCombs's hair. He had to be beaten almost insensible before he would free the woman.

C. H. Davids told how a frenzied negro, standing upon the sinking Monroe, asked another negro for a pocket-knife with which he cut his own throat and then fell into the sea.

Six Trapped, Couldn't Be Saved.

Edward Gorman of New York told of vain efforts to open the door of a cabin caught fast in the crash, in which a half dozen women and men were entrapped. Their frenzied screams brought several men to the rescue, but they were unable to open either door or window. He thinks that all of these went down with the ship.

Aided by several others, he attempted to rescue a young woman, probably not more than 18 years old, who was caught in her stateroom, but they failed. All he learned was that her first name was "Ethel." The turning of the Monroe hurled them from the deck into the sea.

J. Gately, second officer of the Monroe, gave his life preserver up to a woman who had none, and after being washed into the water saved himself by seizing a floating ladder.

James F. O'Connell, Vice President of the American Federation of Labor, said:

"There was a terrific roar, and the vibration of the collision sent a shivering motion throughout the ship. There followed confusion and screams of terror, then a general rush for the decks. When I reached the open air the steamer had assumed an angle of 45 degrees, and seemed to be plunging heavily. Every one realized that the ship was doomed, and the officers and crew were giving and executing orders with wonderful precision. Everybody seemed to be intent on looking out for the women aboard, with a presence of mind that, I must say, was remarkable in such a situation.

"I was making my way to one side of the ship to reach a lifeboat, when the ship lurched, and I was thrown high in the air. A moment later I landed in a lifeboat, on top of Capt. Johnson. There were only about six in the boat, but we rescued those in the water until it seemed as if our boat would sink. Later we were picked up by the Nantucket."

C. W. Pool of Ray, Va., convulsed with grief, told of the efforts he made to save his wife and two-year-old child, only to see them swept away when rescue was almost within arm's reach. A wave swept them from the upper deck, where they had been taken by Pool, as the steamship settled in the water. A lifeboat, only a short distance away, was unable to reach them in time. He was picked up exhausted by the battle with the chilly waters.

"No one can imagine the horrible feeling of the moment when we realized that the ship was sinking," said Miss Leona Soule of the Hotel Normandie, New York. "Immediately after striking the water I sank and sank and could feel myself losing consciousness. The next thing I remember I was clinging to the side of a lifeboat filled with men and women. Some one was trying to push my band away when a big man with white hair, who was in the water, said:

"'Here, none of that. She's a woman. Drag her in. We'll go together, if necessary.'

"'Thank God, I was pulled in.'

R. L. Ethridge, wireless operator of the Nantucket, who was hardly able to stand because of long hours at his wireless apparatus, staggered into the arms of his pretty young wife on the wharf here, and a touching scene followed.

"I'm so glad," she almost screamed.

"So am I, but poor Kuhn is gone," he replied, sadly, referring to the wireless operator of the Monroe.

A. G. Brown of Brooklyn said that he, with a score of others, were swept from the deck of the Monroe when she turned over. He said there was little suction to impede those who could swim. He was in the water half an hour before he was picked up.

Lauds Conduct of Crew.

E. P. Lyons, who came off the Nantucket clad only in pajamas and a bathrobe, gave a graphic description of the collision and the events that followed.

"It was about 1:30 o'clock," said Lyons, "and very foggy. I had undressed, but had not gone to bed. The fog horn was blowing every minute. Suddenly it blew twice and repeated the double blast twice. Then almost like putting on the brakes the Monroe stopped, and I knew there was something the matter. Rushing on deck I saw somebody getting ready to put a lifeboat over. I asked him if there was any danger. He replied that he didn't know, but wanted to be ready.

"Almost before the words left his mouth the Nantucket struck us near the bow on the port side. I ran downstairs and tried to dress, but the ship was listing so that I could not stand up, so I hurried back up.

"There were very few passengers on deck, and one boat was overboard. As it pushed away Capt. Johnson told me to jump in, as there was room for one more. I had to jump to make it, and left Capt. Johnson standing on the deck of the ship. The boat went back and he got in.

"The Monroe went down easily and was below the water within twelve minutes after the collision.

"The crew behaved splendidly as far as I could see. There were not very many women on the ship but they were allowed to get into the boats first. There was no effort on the part of the men to crowd them. While we were in the lifeboat we picked up a man and a woman. He was holding her by the hair in his teeth and was almost exhausted when we pulled him in. The woman died.

"There were many persons who must have been caught in their state rooms. The collision occurred so suddenly and the boat sank so quickly that it is a wonder that many more were not drowned. The listing of the steamer made it impossible to lower the life boats on one side of the ship and that added to the difficulty in saving lives.

"The Nantucket stood by us and those of us who could, climbed on her rope ladder. Those who were not able to follow us were lifted with ropes placed under their arms."

W. Albert Snyder of East Orange, N. J., who is in business at 130 Front Street, New York, was one of the injured passengers, who had to be sent to the hospital. Snyder was too exhausted to talk. It was said he was not much hurt, but suffering greatly from his long exposure in the water.

Waked by Water Coming In.

W. C. Clausen of 549 Sixty-fourth Avenue, Milwaukee, came from the Nantucket, wrapped in a blanket, and went to the hospital with one foot slightly hurt. Clausen said that the first he knew of the accident was when water came in upon him in his stateroom. He had barely time to get out and adjust a life preserver.

Mrs. James F. Ray of New York, whose husband was lost, is to-night being cared for by the steamship company. He kept a saloon on Seventh Avenue, and came to Norfolk several days ago, seeking work. He failed to find it, and was returning to New York. Mrs. Ray and her husband were separated after being washed from the Monroe's deck.

A. H. Tillett of New York was among those washed into the sea as a wave covered the sinking vessel.

J. N. Montgomery, manager of the Micaria Theatrical Company, who was in the water two hours before being rescued, says the Monroe sank stern first. He says his watch stopped at 2:10.

Many Taken to Hospital.

Mrs. T. J. Woods of Norfolk was hurrying to New York to be with her husband, whose death occurred there almost simultaneously with the sinking of the Monroe this morning. Mrs. Woods, with a wounded head, was carried from the Nantucket to-day, ignorant of her husband's death, and was taken to a hospital, delirious from shock and crying aloud:

"I wish I had perished with the others."

Almost half the survivors were taken to local hospitals, suffering from shock or exposure.

Miss Hilda Haviland, leading lady of the Macaria Theatrical Company, is delirious to-night at a hospital. She was in a stateroom with Miss McCombs when the crash came. After reaching the deck the women became separated and no one has yet been able to tell how Miss Haviland was saved.

Captains Silent on Cause.

All the officers and the crew of both the Monroe and the Nantucket were held here to-night to await an investigation of the catastrophe, which will be begun immediately by the Federal Steamship Inspection Service.

The date for this inquiry has not yet been fixed and may not be determined upon until John W. Oast, Supervising Inspector of Steam Vessels, returns from Washington, where he is now in attendance upon an annual meeting of the Inspectors.

The Coroner of Norfolk will go into an inquiry, bearing on the death of Mrs. Harrington and Lieut. Curtis.

Capt. Berry of the Nantucket, on direct orders from officials of the Merchants and Miners' Line, declined to-day to make any statement as to the cause of the collision as he viewed it.

While keeping silent as to how the accident occurred, Capt. Johnson of the Monroe gave this description of what followed the crash:

He said that barely had the officers and crew recovered from the shock of the collision when the power gave out, and the entire ship was plunged in darkness. The Monroe began to list, and he realized that he would remain above water but a few minutes. A second dynamo was started, but did not last one minute. In three minutes the starboard side of the Monroe was awash and the port side was high in the air.

Lifeboat 1 was crushed by the collision. Lifeboat 3 fell to the water, only to be swamped. Boat 5 was successfully launched, with Capt. Johnson in command, while First Officer Hersley got away with No. 7. Time was then up.

These two boats stood by, rescuing the frantic men and women in the water until to take another person meant to swamp the boats. Several life rafts floated free when the Monroe sank, and men and women managed to clamber upon them to temporary safety.

The bottling up of Capts. Johnson and Berry from making any statement as to the cause of the collision between the Monroe and the Nantucket, is the cause of general comment here to-night.

There is not a hint as to the responsibility for the accident, from either the commanders or other officers of the steamships. They are undoubtedly acting under instructions not to divulge any fact that would fix the blame if there is any.

Different Version of Whistles.

This statement concerning the sinking of the Monroe was given out to-night by Assistant General Manager E. E. Palen of the Old Dominion Steamship Company:

"The Monroe left Norfolk at 7:40 and ran into a light fog when outside the Capes, and was proceeding cautiously on her route to New York, blowing a fog whistle every minute by an automatic time clock. She passed two vessels, stopping in each case when she heard their signals.

"When about half way between Cape Charles lightship and the Winter Quarter lightship she heard the fog whistle of the Nantucket off her starboard bow. She stopped and blew two whistles, which were responded to by the Nantucket. She again blew two whistles, which were not responded to and immediately thereafter the crash came.

"The Nantucket was not visible except immediately before the collision, the fog being heavy near the water, but light above.

"The Monroe was struck on the starboard side about one-third the distance from her bow, the Nantucket penetrating the Monroe something like one-third of her width, making the sinking of the Monroe inevitable.

"Capt. Johnson, who had been in the pilot house several hours, immediately gave notice to the steward to awaken all the passengers, though the passengers were at that time rushing out of their staterooms. They were told to come at once to the boat deck.

"The dynamo, which was then running, gave out in a few minutes, and the vessel was encompassed in darkness until Engineer Oscar Perkins pushed below and started the second dynamo, which ran for two or three minutes. The Monroe immediately listed to starboard, and in the course of three or four minutes the starboard side of the Monroe was awash and the port side was high in the air.

"In the collision boat No. 1, on the starboard side, was crushed; boat No. 3, on the starboard side, fell into the water and was swamped; boat No. 5 was gotten off under the supervision of Capt. Johnson, and boat No. 7 was gotten off under the supervision of First Officer Horsley.

Other Boats Unavailable.

"It was impossible to use boats Nos. 2, 4, 6, and 8, as they were on the port side, and could not be put in on account of the list of the vessel to starboard. The life rafts on the forward deck of the vessel floated as the boat sank, and were instrumental in saving many lives.

"Capt. Johnson's orders, immediately after discovering the vessel was doomed, were that women and children should come first, and this order was repeated by the other officers and strictly obeyed. There was no panic at any time, nor was there any failure to take anybody on board the lifeboats who could be found.

"The passengers speak in the highest terms of the gallantry of the officers and crew, and many of them praise the coolness of the negroes, and of the male and female negro employes of the Old Dominion, who did everything in their power to aid the passengers in the adjustment of life preservers.

"There are many tales of heroism. Wireless Operator Kuehn, after obeying the instructions of Capt. Johnson in sending the 'S O S' signal, took off his life preserver and handed it to one of the ladies on board and was himself lost.

"Capt. Johnson, as soon as he was able to put the occupants of Boat No. 5 on board the Nantucket, returned to the place where the Monroe had sunk and with the aid of the searchlight of the Nantucket and the lights burning on the lifeboats, searched a long time for any possible survivors."

The Lost Liner and Scene of the Disaster.

CAPT. E. E. JOHNSON OF THE MONROE

MACARIA TROUPE FROM HERE.

Actors and Actresses Were Coming Back from Unsuccessful Tour.

The members of the Macaria Theatrical Company, several of whom were lost on the Monroe, were all engaged here by William Wood, whose office is at 1,402 Broadway. Mr. Wood since sending out the company, which was to tour one-night stands in the South, has been in Boston, where he is manager of the Boston Theatre.

The company left here on Jan. 17 for Newport News on the Monroe. The company gave its first performance in that city on Jan. 19 and then began a tour of nearby towns. The play was not successful, and the company was returning here to disband.

The organization took its name from the title of the play it was performing, "Macaria," an dramatization of Augusta Evans's novel made by Charles M. Jelleff of Baltimore, the manager of the company, who was among those drowned.

Mr. Jelleff, who was lost, lived at the Washington Apartments, 320 West Fifty-first Street. Mr. Jelleff was formerly a newspaper man, having been employed several years ago on The Baltimore Sun. He came to New York about five years ago from Baltimore, and was employed in a managerial capacity by Charles E. Blaney, the theatrical man. He was manager of Blaney's Theatre, Yonkers, and in succession Treasurer of the Lincoln Square Theatre and the Broadway Theatre, when it was under the management of Lew Fields. His first play, written several years ago, was "Broken Hearts." He dramatized "The Yoke," which played last week in the Academy of Music, and the novel "Modesty," of which company he was manager. He had written several short stories. Prior to leaving New York a few weeks ago with the Macaria Company he was manager of "The Red Widow" company.

George Lewis, who was also drowned, played a small part in the play, and was also the stage manager. He has been in various road companies starting out from New York for several years. He lived at 143 West Forty-seventh Street.

B. B. Vernon, who has appeared in vaudeville as a female impersonator, lived at the Hotel Taft in West Fifty-eighth Street, near Sixth Avenue. Miss McCombs lives at 509 West 122d Street. Miss Soule makes her home at the Hotel Normandie. Mario's home is at 242 West Thirty-eighth Street.

Miss Hilda Haviland, the leading woman of the Macaria company, is 22 years old. In private life she is Miss Hilda Thackeray, and she lives, when in New York, at 3,675 Broadway. Last season she played in a road company presenting "Beverly of Graustark."

A. H. Tillett was the stage carpenter. The company was a day late in reaching Norfolk from Wilmington, N. C., where the show closed on Tuesday night. R. H. Klotz, who is associated with Manager William Wood at 1,402 Broadway, said last night that memers of the company should have caught the oat o ut of Norfolk on Wednesday.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—William Woods, manager of the Boston Theatre, who is also the managing owner of the Macaria Theatrical Company, received a telegram to-night from his agent saying that only two members of the company had lost their lives in the sinking of the steamer Monroe. The telegram read:

"Boat sank. Jelleff and Lewis lost. Here until to-morrow evening. J. N. Montgomery."

Mr. Woods said Charles Marshall Jelleff of Baltimore was a protégé of his. Although only 25 years old, the young man had become a successful dramatist, his latest work having been accepted for production in New York next year. He was on the stage manager for the Macaria Company. Mr. Woods had been with the company up to ten days ago.

MONROE'S ENGINEER SAFE.

Perkins, 20 Years with the Line, Had Run the Vessel's Engines 12.

Special to The New York Times.

ARLINGTON, N. J., Jan. 30.—Mrs. Perkins, wife of John H. Perkins, chief engineer of the steamship Monroe, received a telegram last night from her husband in Norfolk, Va., telling her that he was safe.

Mrs. Perkins was notified of the disaster early this morning by Capt. Ira T. Dove, of the Old Dominion Line. She was overjoyed to hear that her husband was among the survivors. Perkins and his wife with their four children live at 98 Stuyvesant Street, and have lived here for twenty-two years.

Perkins is 43 years old. He is said to be the youngest chief engineer in the employ of the Old Dominion Line. He has been with the steamship company for twenty years, and for twelve years had been chief engineer of the Monroe. He has never been in an accident before.

Special to The New York Times.

NUTLEY, N. J., Jan. 30.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Van Winkle of this place received word to-day from Norfolk, Va., from their son Raymond Van Winkle, who was a passenger on the Monroe, that he was safe and on his way home. Mr. Van Winkle at the time of the accident was returning from a three weeks' business trip in the South.

SORROW AND JOY MINGLED AT PIER

Old Dominion Offices Crowded by Throngs Anxious for Tidings of Loved Ones.

OFFICIALS EXPLAIN CRASH

Coolness of Passengers and Crew Responsible for Many Rescues After the Collision.

The local offices of the Old Dominion Line at the foot of Beach Street were thronged from early morning yesterday with relatives of passengers and members of the crew of the steamship Monroe anxious to get definite news of the disaster off the Virginia coast and the names of those saved.

Capt. James Leland, the Marine Superintendent, who said that he received the first news of the loss of the vessel from THE NEW YORK TIMES at 4 o'clock in the morning, spent all day in his office giving out information as it arrived from Norfolk by telegraph and telephone.

The first man to seek information was David Gibson of 111 Ocean Avenue, Jersey City, whose wife was a passenger on the Monroe. He waited several hours in suspense until word was received late in the afternoon that she was among those who went down with the ship. Mr. Gibson, who was broken with grief after he heard the news, said that he telegraphed to his wife on Thursday to stay over at Norfolk, as he was going to sail on the steamer to bring her back.

The first woman caller at the Old Dominion office was Mrs. James W. Gatley, wife of the second officer. She is 28 years old and has three little children. She was accompanied by her sister-in-law and almost in a state of collapse when she asked Capt. Leland if it was true that her husband had been drowned.

"Don't tell me he is lost," the young woman sobbed, "it is more than I can stand. I have been waiting in the street for hours afraid to come in until a newspaper boy said that the second officer had gone down with the ship."

Capt. Leland told her hope was not lost, as the list of saved was not complete. He promised to let her know at her home, 93 Perry Street, as soon as he had definite news, and sent a clerk to put her on a car.

Five minutes later a message came from H. B. Walker, President of the Old Dominion Line, in Washington, who was in direct telephonic communication with Norfolk.

"There's one correction in the list of those lost," he said. "Take the name of Second Officer Gatley from the list of drowned and put it among the saved."

Capt. Leland hung up the receiver and with the aid of one clerk to the Gatley home in a taxicab to tell the wife the good news, and another in a street car to overtake her before she got home to her little children.

According to J. Brown, General Passenger Agent of the line, the Monroe left Norfolk for New York with forty-six first class passengers and eight steerage passengers. About nineteen of that number were residents of New York City.

T. R. Harrington of Bridgeport, Conn., who was saved but lost his wife, is on his way to New York by train, and will arrive at the Pennsylvania Station at 7:30 o'clock this morning. Mr. Harrington is reported in a bad condition physically and mentally, and he is bringing the body of his wife with him. He will be met at the train by a representative of the company, who will assist him on his way to Bridgeport.

Passengers and Crew Cool.

The presence of mind of crew and passengers alike was responsible for the saving of so many lives from the Monroe, according to a statement issued last night by President Walker of the Old Dominion Steamship Line, through Capt. Leland.

Here is Mr. Walker's statement:

"The Monroe was stopped, blowing one whistle. The Nantucket answered with two whistles. The Monroe answered with one. The Nantucket answered again with two whistles. The Monroe still kept up her one whistle. There was no answer. Then the Nantucket struck the Monroe abaft No. 1 port on the starboard side.

"In regard to the passengers the names of Mrs. J. M. Ray, E. P. Lyons, B. B. Vernon, Charles Rollins and wife were added in the report to the list of saved—which leaves nineteen passengers to be accounted for. The reason why these passengers were not placed on the saved list was due to the fact that they were unconscious and their names could not be obtained. One quartermaster, two lookouts, the coxswain, one oiler, one assistant engineer, and Chief Wireless Operator Ferdinand J. Kuehn were drowned.

"There was no confusion whatsoever on the ship. Passengers remained on the promenade deck. Second Officer Gatley was trying to get them on the boat deck, but could not get them to come up. This accounts for so many being picked up out of the water. Lifeboat No. 1 was smashed alongside the ship; No. 2 capsized; No. 3 was launched by the first officer, with ten passengers; No. 7 was launched by the Captain, with eight persons. The Captain's boat picked up twenty-seven additional persons out of the water, making a total of thirty-five persons saved by the master of the ship. Horsley, first officer, picked up an additional twenty-four persons out of the water in his boat. The Nantcket saved fourteen persons with two boats.

"Of the liferafts, which were on the forward deck, one had four persons and one had six persons. Second Officer Gately went down below to ascertain how badly the ship was damaged. He floated off on a ladder and eventually was picked up.

Gave Lives to Save Women.

"Kuhn, the chief wireless operator, was standing by No. 3 lifeboat. He took off his lifebelt and gave it to a woman. She was saved. A passenger, a mining engineer, standing by gave his lifebelt to a woman. Think the mining engineer was saved and the woman."

The rule on board Atlantic liners is that all watertight bulkhead doors shall be closed at the first blast of the foghorn. In the newer ships this is done automatically from the bridge, and in others they are closed under the direction of the carpenter. When asked yesterday if such a ruling existed in the Old Dominion service Capt. Leland replied that he could not say positively, but he had not heard of such a rule.

Shipbuilders who were seen yesterday expressed surprise that a steamer like the Monroe and having six watertight bulkheads should have sunk so quickly.

One builder said: "If the watertight doors were closed at the time of the collision, as they should in a dense fog near land, I cannot see why she did not keep afloat for a few hours. Even the oil tanker Oklahoma, which was broken in two, left her fore part floating for three days until the Seneca destroyed it. It is possible that the force of the impact of the Nantucket was so great, hitting the Monroe amidships, that the latter vessel heeled over so that it was impossible for the crew to close the watertight doors, and so she filled rapidly and sank. Her heavy cargo would add to the weight of the water pouring in and help to send her to the bottom."

Hits on Starboard Side.

At 5 o'clock yesterday Capt. Leland got a report by telephone from Washington that the Monroe had been hit on the starboard side abaft No. 1 port. All the previous reports had said that the Nantucket hit her on the port side. Pilots and other marine experts who were at the Old Dominion Line offices when the news came, said that Capt. Berry of the Nantucket must have been going to port instead of starboard and then changed his direction to starboard.

President Walker of the Old Dominion Line was in Washington attending a meeting of the Southern Railroad at the time he received the news of the accident. He immediately got into telephone communication with the company's marine Superintendent at Norfolk, and transmitted the news to Capt. Leland here.

The Monroe, according to the certificate of the United States Steamboat Inspection Board, was amply supplied with lifeboats, rafts, belts, and proper equipment for saving more than the number of passengers she had on board. She had nine lifeboats, three to carry 30 persons and six to carry twenty-eight persons, with life rafts capable of supporting twenty-two persons. The ship was provided with six watertight compartments.

George Uhler of the United States Steamboat Inspection Service in Washington said he would hold an investigation at Norfolk, and he ordered the crew of the Monroe to be held in that city until his arrival.

WHEN THE NANTUCKET SANK.

Vessel Afire While She Lay in Her Dock—Her Other Accidents.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 30.—Although the officials of the Merchants and Miners Transportation Company say that they have never lost a passenger, two of the liner's vessels have had serious mishaps since the Spring of 1912. On March 16, 1912, th Gloucester rammed the four-masted schooner Herbert N. Maxwell off Thomas Point in the Chesapeake Bay and four of the schooner's crew lost their lives.

On Sept. 2, 1912, while the Nantucket lay in her dock at Locust Point, a fire started in her hold and she sank. The body of Joseph S. Wroten, a member of the crew was taken out of her engine room when she was raised. He had been caught when the ship capsized.

After the Nantucket had been raised she was in collision with the barge Gibson in Vineyard Sound on the New England coast, ripping a ten-foot hole in her bow. Later the Nantucket was disabled in Vineyard Sound through the beaking of a throttle valve and she was forced to anchor in a heavy sea.

CAPT. JOHNSON OLD EMPLOYE.

Always Steady and Careful, Says His Wife, Rejoicing at Rescue.

Mrs. Augusta Johnson, wife of Capt. Edward E. Johnson of the Monroe, when seen at her home, 2,488 Seventh Avenue, last night, said that she had received a telegram from her husband from Norfolk.

"My husband," she said, "has always been a careful man. He is steady and sober, and I am certain that he is not to blame for the accident. He has been employed by the Old Dominion Line for eighteen years. He started in at the very bottom and worked his way up. He is 52 years old now."

Mrs. Johnson said she knew no more of the accident than what she had read in the newspapers, and was overjoyed when she received word that her husband had been saved. The Johnsons' have two children, Alice, aged 10, and William, 5 years old.

RECORDS OF THE SHIPS.

Both the Monroe and the Nantucket in Trouble Before.

The steamship Monroe, which was sunk after a collision with the Nantucket, was built in April, 1903, at Newport News by the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company. She was a single screw steel steamship, 344 feet long, 46 feet beam, and depth of hold 37 feet. She was fitted with wireless apparatus, carried two operators, submarine signaling apparatus, and a crow's nest on the foremast for the lookout.

The Monroe is the first steamer lost by the Old Dominion Line during the half a century of its existence. The vessel was valued at approximately $500,000, and her cargo as much more, making the total loss about $1,000,000.

Soon after she went into commission the Monroe got into trouble off the New Jersey Coast. In June, 1903, she struck a submerged wreck a few hours after passing Sandy Hook and was towed into port. Her bottom was badly damaged and her propeller blades were broken, but after a time in dry dock she resumed service.

On Nov. 21, 1903, when off Quarantine, the Monroe signaled that her cargo was on fire, and she raced to this city. Flames were all below deck. In a collision with the battleship Virginia on Nov. 3, 1906, in Hampton Roads, five miles below Norfolk, the Monroe suffered considerably. She had her prow damaged so seriously that she had to put back to Norfolk for repairs.

The Nantucket has had other trouble, too. On July 6, 1905, she was in collision with a coal barge off Chatham, Mass., and a hole thirty feet long and five feet wide was stove in her bow, but she reached Boston without any difficulty.

The Nantucket is 325 feet long, 42 feet beam, and of 3,000 gross tonnage, was built in 1899, and is a steel vessel with four decks. When she left Boston her crew consisted of Capt. Berry, three mates, and fifty-one engineers, firemen, deckhands, &c. She carried a general cargo.

TOWER OF SILOAM'S SITE.

Excavators at Jerusalem Unearth Foundations—Other Discoveries.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 30.—News of the finding of the foundations of the Tower of Siloam was received by the Rev. Dr. Max Kellner of the Episcopal Theological School from a friend at Jerusalem to-day. This was the tower concerning which Jesus is quoted in Luke xiii., 4, as saying: "Those eighteen upon whom the tower in Siloam fell and slew them, think ye that they were sinners above all men that dwelt in Jerusalem?"

The excavators, according to the message, have "discovered a long, well-cut Greek inscription, which speaks of the presbyters and fathers with Simonides, laying the foundation of the synagogue, the baths, and caravansary. These baths and the foundations of the synagogue are exposed. They have found the base of a circular tower, which may well be that of the Tower of Siloam, spoken of by Christ.

"They have found also a conduit leading from the spring. That seen by Schimck in the nineties, wrongly thought to have been the oldest, is now shown to be above the spring."

MRS. LONGWORTH'S LEGACY.

Grandmother, Mrs. C. H. Lee, Leaves Part of Estate to Her.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 30.—One-sixth of the estate of Mrs. Caroline H. Lee of Chestnut Hill is bequeathed to her granddaughter, Mrs. Alice Roosevelt Longworth, by the will filed to-day. Mrs. Longworth is also one of ten grandchildren to receive a special bequest of $1,000. The value of the estate is not known.

Mrs. Longworth's mother, who was the first wife of Col. Theodore Roosevelt, was a daughter of Mrs. Lee.

Mrs. Ladew Left $1,473,758.

Mrs. Louise Berry Wall Ladew, who died on April 22, 1910, at her city home, 6 East Seventy-seventh Street, Manhattan, left an estate valued at $1,473,758, according to the report of the Transfer Tax Appraiser of Nassau County, filed yesterday at Mineola, L.I. The real property is worth $935,036.58, and her personal property is worth $555,888. This makes a total of $1,530,945, but there were administration expenses amounting to $67,187. The personal property consists largel of bonds, mortgages, stock and money in bank.

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REBUKES THE PRESIDENT.

H. D. Estabrook Defends Officers Who Sang the "Insurrecto" Song.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—Henry Dodge Estabrook, the New York corporation lawyer, speaking before the Pennsylvania Bankers' Association in the Bellevue-Stratford to-night, declared it the manifest destiny and obvious duty of the Untied States to keep the Philippines, and rebuked President Wilson for his condemnation of the Carabao dinner guests for singing the now famous ditty, "Damn, damn, damn the Insurrectos." Mr. Estabrook said, in part:

"As for that one particular song, thrice damning the insurrectos, I caroled it forth with a nuance, verve, furioso, fortissimo that would have done credit to Caruso himself. It never occurred to me that, so doing, I was thereby insulting the President of the United States and all others in authority. I know that if the insurrectos were not damned they ought to be. Furthermore, I know that whatever ill-will against the Filipino people may, if ever, have been distilled from the words of the song has long since been evaporated.

"If I were a grizzled officer in our army or navy and had fought the battles of my country under tropic suns, had helped to vanquish enemies of my country at the risk of my own life and at the cost of the lives of men I loved, and a President of the United States saw fit to reprove me publicly merely because I had sung that song at a campfire of a reunion of my brother officers and their invited guests, should—well, I suppose I should try to bear the humiliation with a soldier's fortitude. But I wonder whether if our soldiers had the ballot—but no, that is unthinkable."

WON'T QUIT, SAYS PALMER.

Democratic Chairman Expected to Fight Move to Replace Him.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—Chairman George M. Palmer, of the Democratic State Committee, says he knows of no plan to reorganize the committee by the selection of William Church Osborn as Chairman, and that he had no intention of resigning to make room for Mr. Osborn. Friends of Mr. Palmer say he is prepared to fight to hold his position.

Gov. Glynn said to-day that he expected there would be a conference of Mr. Osborn's friends in Albany within a short time. He seemed confident that Mr. Osborn would be elected without trouble within the next six weeks. He refused to say whether or not he believed there were votes enough to cause the removal of Mr. Palmer in case Mr. Palmer should resist the plan to reorganize the committee, but those who are supporting Mr. Osborn say there will be little resistance in the committee to the proposed change of Chairman.

WOULD END THE UNIONS.

This and Profit Sharing Dr. Eliot's Panacea for Labor Troubles.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—Profit-sharing and the elimination of the labor union were declared by Dr. Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard, to-day, to be the only way out of the present industrial warfare. He was addressing the Master Builders' Association.

"The labor unions oppose such methods," he said, "because they see the ruin of their business. The future of the country depends upon combatting the evil influences of unions in discouraging ambition and in the theory of a limited output. I long for the day when American industries are to be freed from this rotten condition for the men employed in them."

Referring to a street car profit-sharing plan in Philadelphia, Dr. Eliot said that the men helped the company to earn more by carefulness, frugality, courtesy and other means. "Waste has been reduced, notably stealings by conductors."

GETS HIS SHARE ONLY.

C. H. Baker Loses Suit to Obtain Bulk of $2,000,000 Estate.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Charles H. Baker has lost his suit to obtain the major portion of the $2,000,000 estate of his father, William T. Baker, former President of the Chicago Board of Trade. Judge McKinley, in the Superior Court here to-day, decided against the son's claims.

Baker sued his brother, Howard W. Baker, trustee of the estate; Henry D.

VILLA TO ADOPT CIVILIZED WARFARE

Says He's Converted by Book on Subject Obtained from American Officers.

WANTS TO BE OUR FRIEND

Not Fit to be President and Does Not Aspire to be, He Tells Gov. McDonald.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Jan. 30.—Gen. Francisco Villa announced to-day that civilized warfare, particularly with reference to the treatment of prisoners, would hereafter be adopted by the rebels. He procured a little book from United States Army officials dealing with "The Ethics of International Warfare," which, he said, would be put into practice in the rebel army, and he added that henceforth no Federal officers would be executed unless they previously had been captured and on being released had broken faith not to fight again.

The statement of the rebel leader was of interest because of the impending attack upon Gen. Refugio Velasco's Federal garrison at Torreon, which is looked on as the probable scene of the next big military movement in Mexico. Gen. Monclovio Herrera, one of Villa's commanders, with a brigade, moved south to-day from Escalon. Escalon is more than half way from Chihuahua, the present base, to Torreon. It may be a week or ten days before the rebels actually open the attack, although they are moving toward the Federals in great numbers.

Meantime, Chihuahua City, with 35,000 population, the largest rebel stronghold, is rapidly being transformed into "the provisional capital of the republic." A mansion has been provided there as the executive office of Gen. Carranza, who is expected from the Pacific Coast about Feb. 15.

To Gov. William C. McDonald of New Mexico, Gen. Villa to-day reiterated his statement that he had no ambition to become President of Mexico or to overshadow Gen. Carranza.

"I never will be President of Mexico," said Gen. Villa. "I never went to school a day in my life, and I am not educated enough for the post. My alphabet has been the sight and trigger of a rifle; my books have been the movements of the enemy."

The rebel leader thus referred to his eighteen years' experience as a bandit when he was hunted in the mountains.

Gen. Villa asked Gov. McDonald if there was any prospect of recognition of the rebels by the United States.

"We wish our friends in the United States would help us, because we are your friends," said Gen. Villa. "You have the greatest Government on earth and your President is the best. We wish you to know the truth about us. We are not always executing people. Indeed, we intend to execute only traitors or those who have broken faith with us. Please tell your countrymen I know I am not competent to hold high office because of my lack of education, and that I can fight only for the liberation of my people."

Gov. McDonald visited the rebel headquarters in a private capacity. Luis Terrazas, Jr., son of the rich land owner, is still held prisoner in Chihuahua for ransom, said to be $250,000 gold. Members of the Terrazas family, who arrived on the border, reported that recently Terrazas was tortured to compel him to reveal the hiding place of $500,000. The money, it is said, was hidden in one of the Terrazas homes and was revealed after the prisoner had been half strangled.

Gen. Villa disclaimed any knowledge of the charge, saying he was at Olinaga when the torturing was alleged to have taken place. He admitted that Terrazas was being held a prisoner.

The mission of Bonales Sandoval, a lawyer of Mexico City, to the rebels was disclosed when it was learned that he came to present to Villa an offer of some Huerta officers to go over to the rebels. Villa declined to treat with Sandoval, who, it is understood, will not return to rebel territory.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 30.—The Spaniards in Torreon will have the same protection that is accorded to Americans in case there is fighting there, or the city is occupied by the rebels. This assurance has been given by the State Department at Washington to the Spanish Minister, Señor Cologan y Cologan.

The members of the Spanish colony in Torreon sent a message to the Minister appealing for protection, and the Minister referred their appeal to the Spanish Ambassador at Washington. The Ambassador, thereupon, made representations to Secretary of State Bryan, whose reassuring answer was cabled today to Señor Cologan y Cologan.

The Spanish colony at Torreon, formerly aggregating several hundred persons, has now been reduced to about 100.

DENIES AID FROM JAPAN.

Mexican Representative in Washington Issues a Statement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Following President Wilson's denial yesterday of reports that the Japanese Government was supplying the Huerta Government with arms, the Mexican representative to-day issued this statement:

"An effort is at present being made by an important portion of the press of the country to create the impression that the Japanese Government has been affording not only moral, but material aid as well to the Mexican Government by supplying it with munitions of war.

"While Mexico has long cultivated the friendliest relations with Japan and her people, whom it holds in the very highest admiration, the Embassy is authorized to state that the version is without a vestige of truth.

"The Mexican Government, in spite of the almost overwhelming odds against which it has been contending, would not stoop to accept the aid of a foreign nation, however friendly, in crushing the revolt waged in the name of 'Constitutionalism' against law and order, much less would there be any barter of concessions derogatory to the national honor."

GERMAN PRAISE OF HUERTA.

Cologne Gazette Says He Alone Can Save Mexico from Us.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—The semi-official Cologne Gazette publishes a glowing tribute to President Huerta as the man of the hour for Mexico in a special article from its correspondent at Vera Cruz. It says:

"Huerta is, all in all, the man whom Mexico needs and must have if she is not to be swallowed up by the United States. Let us hope, therefore, that Huerta will sustain himself and things take such a course that no German blood need be spilled on behalf of German interests."

HOLDS UP CONSUL'S MAIL.

But Gen. Carranza Orders Letters Returned to American Official.

CULIACAN, Sinaloa, Mexico, Jan. 30.—A controversy between Mr. Hamm, the American Consular agent at Durango, and Gen. Calixto Contreras, the Constitutionalist commander, over the holding up of letters sent to Torreon by Mr. Hamm was reported to Washington to-day. Gen. Contreras reported to Gen. Carranza that he had held up several letters sent by Hamm to certain persons in Torreon. The rebel commander said he had strictly prohibited any information reaching Torreon from the territory held by the Durango State troops.

Mr. Hamm or his representative violated this, he said, by sending not only Hamm's own letters, but correspondence of other persons living in Durango.

Isido Figabela, in charge of the Constitutionalist foreign relations department, reported the details of the incident to the State Department at Washington to-day through Frederic Simpich, American Consul at Nogales.

Gen. Carranzas ordered Gen. Contreras to return Hamm's mail unopened, but to turn over to the civil Judge at Durango the correspondence of other persons.

BATTLESHIPS AT TAMPICO.

Reason for Movement of the Division Not Understood at Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Rear Admiral Fletcher reported to the Navy Department to-day from Tampico the arrival there yesterday of the battleships Rhode Island, Virginia, Nebraska, and Georgia. The reasons for this movement of the division are not understood in Washington, as there have been no advices of any special movement of the revolutionist forces investing the city of Tampico.

Gen. Aguilar, after the failure of the attack on the city in December, fell back to the north twenty miles, and has there been awaiting the result of Villa's operations in Chihuahua. With the retreat of the Federal Army from Chihuahua City and the downfall of Ojinaga the flight of Gen. Mercada and his entire force across the boundary into the United States, it has been the purpose of the Constitutionalists to send large reinforcements to Aguilar and renew the effort to capture Tampico.

DIPLOMATS IN HAITI HOLD CONFERENCE

Chief Danger Seems to be the Many Aspirants for the Presidency.

WE LAND MORE MARINES

Port au Prince Is Quiet, and Departure of Oreste Adds to Confidence.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—There was a meeting to-day at Port au Prince of all the diplomats accredited to the Government of Haiti. Capt. Russell, U. S. N., commanding the battleship South Carolina, attended by invitation. In his report to Rear Admiral Badger, which was forwarded to the Navy Department by cable late this afternoon, Capt. Russell said that the situation remained practically as it was yesterday, and that there was no special disorder, but that an opera bouffe scramble was in progress among the many candidates for the Presidency.

It was reported to the conference of diplomats that half a dozen of these candidates were perparing to march on the capital and expected to arrive within a few hours. The number of followers accompanying each of these candidates was not known to Capt. Russell, but that it was not large in each instance he inferred from the fact that the principal candidate, who bears the name of Théodore, has proclaimed himself the beneficiary of the bloodless revolution made successful chiefly by the timidity of President Oreste, whose flight to the German cruiser Vineta ended the revolution.

The spoils of the Presidency are mainly exemption from export taxes on coffee for the friends of the President who have plantations, and these friends are at work to settle the contest among the many candidates. It is believed that Théodore will win.

Capt. Russell said that he did not expect any fighting, but had sent the remainder of the South Carolina's marine contingent ashore, thus adding fifty men to the Legation guard of sixty.

He reported that there was absolute quiet everywhere. The presence of the foreign warships is serving to prevent the bloodshed that usually attends a change of Government in the republic. The diplomats are all agreed on the plan to preserve the peaceful complexion of the revolution.

President Oreste to-day transferred his baggage and himself from the German cruiser Vineta to the German passenger steamship Prince Eitel Friedrich and left Haiti, a circumstance that has added to the feeling of peacefulness that prevails.

PORT AU PRINCE, Jan. 30.—The people of Port au Prince are condemning the members of the Committee of Public Safety for not having prevented the landing of marines and bluejackets from the American and German warships. They argue that this could have been done by demonstrating to the diplomatic representatives here that peace had reigned throughout the city uninterruptedly for the two days prior to the landing of the foreigners.

The Committee of Public Safety decided to-day that the best solution of the quarrel between it and Gen. Vieux, chief of the port, who refused to accept dismissal from office by the committee, was to allow him to continue in his post.

150-Page Query in Schmidt Trial.

Terence J. McManus, of counsel for Hans Schmidt, the murderer of Anna Aumuller, has prepared a 150-page hypothetical question which he will propound to Dr. Smith Ely Jelliffe, one of the defense's alienists. As a result of the introduction of the question into the testimony the trial will be continued into next week. Yesterday's session was taken up by the reading of 300 typewritten pages of testimony, comprising the report of Dr. William Mabon, the chief alienist for the State.

LABORITES ASSAIL BOTHA.

Uproar in South African Parliament Over Exile of Strike Leaders.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 30.—Heated altercations to-day marked the opening of the Parliament of the Union of South Africa, in the course of whose sessions Gen. Louis Botha, the Premier, and the Cabinet Ministers are to be called upon to justify to the country the iron-handed methods they adopted in dealing with the recent strike of workers, ten of whose leaders were this week departed secretly to England.

Viscount Gladstone, the Governor General, in his opening speech said that the declaration of martial law by the Government had been an "imperative duty," but he made no reference to the deportation of the labor leaders.

Gen. Jan Christian Smuts, Minister of Defense, sprang to his feet at the earliest opportunity to give notice that he would on Monday move a bill to indemnify the Government for all its acts under martial law and prohibiting the return of the deported men. He thus raised an effectual bar to the efforts of the representatives of the labor men to move the adjournment of the House in order to discuss "the surreptitious deportation of citizens without trial."

Time after time the labor members in vehement language and amid a great uproar tried to debate "the crime of kidnapping citizens," but the Speaker refused to allow them to continue, and finally, while the din was still in progress and the labor members were shouting taunts and uttering cries of "Shame," the House adjourned.

CHURCH BANS MAETERLINCK

All the Dramatist's Works Have Been Placed on the Index.

ROME, Jan. 30.—The Sacred Congregation of the Index has decided that all the works of Maurice Maeterlinck, the Belgian author, shall be classed as forbidden literature to Catholics.

Maeterlinck has distinguished company in the "Index Librorum Prohibitorum." Sterne's "Sentimental Journey," the works of Swedenborg, of Renan, of Voltaire, of Blaise Pascal, and Sir Thomas Browne's "Religio Medici" share with him the ban of the Church. It is impossible to say what it is in his writing which has offended the Sacred Congregation, but it may be surmised that his latest book, "La Mort," has drawn its indignation upon him.

In that book he regards total annihilation as impossible, but his views of the life beyond the grave are decidedly unorthodox. He has drawn upon the data which form the subject matter of spiritualism rather than upon revelation for his proof of immortality, and he has stated positively that suicide in certain circumstances is not a crime.

In this country Maeterlinck is perhaps best known by his "Life of the Bee," "Monna Vanna," and "The Blue Bird." His wife paid America a visit a couple of years ago, and he has many admirers on this side of the Atlantic. He has been hailed as the Belgian Shakespeare, but the mystic quality of his plays is so pronounced that they are seldom staged here.

Labor Men Urge Woman Suffrage.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Before separating to-day, the members of the Labor Party conference at Glasgow gave a renewed mandate to their Parliamentary representatives on the subject of woman suffrage. The strength of the party's belief in votes for women was shown by the fact that among 600 delegates two only were found in opposition.

Bow Church Stone for Trinity.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—At to-day's meeting the vestry of Bow Church, Cheapside, decided to comply with the request of the rector of Trinity Church, New York, for a piece of the stone of Bow Church. The request was made because of the link existing between the two churches under the charter granted by William III.

French Fair Grant Is Tabled.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—In the Chamber of Deputies the Government to-day tabled the proposal for a credit of more than $400,000 for French participation in the San Francisco Exposition.

Hamburg-American Cuts Queenstown.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Hamburg-American Line has abandoned its intention to use Queenstown as a port of call for vessels in its Botson service, and has reverted to Southampton for this purpose.

LITERACY TEST VOTE UP IN HOUSE TO-DAY

Measure Now Open for Amendment After Close of Seven Hours' Debate.

NO PARTISAN ALIGNMENT

Measure Would Have Barred Out Labor Secretary Wilson and Gompers, Says Sabath.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Under a special rule adopted immediately after the meeting of the House of Representatives to-day, that body granted right of way to the Burnett Immigration bill, and debated the measure for seven hours, ending at 9 o'clock to-night. General debate was closed with the adjournment of the House, and to-morrow the bill will be considered for amendment under the five-minute rule. Chairman Burnett will endeavor to bring about its passage to-morrow night.

The principal advocates of the bill for the imposition of a literacy test on all aliens over 18 years of age entering the country were Representatives John L. Burnett of Alabama, Augustus P. Gardner of Massachusetts, and Martin Dier of Texas. Opponents of the measure fought it bitterly, arguing that the proposed literacy test would be unjust, discriminatory, and repugnant to American traditions. The leading speeches against the measure were made by Adolps J. Sabath of Chicago, Henry M. Goldfogle of New York, William F. Murray of Boston, and James Manahan of Minneapolis.

Mr. Manahan caused a diversion by stating that in the district represented by Representative Burnett of Alabama, Chairman of the Immigration Committee, and father of the bill, there was a greater percentage of illiteracy than in almost any other district in the United States.

The consideration of the bill to-day demonstrated that there was no partisan alignment on its merits. Representative Gardner, who is a Republican, sat by the side of Chairman Burnett and assisted him in handling the measure. This caused Representative Hamill of New Jersey, a Democrat, to inquire whether Mr. Gardner was not leading the committee. Mr. Burnett responded warmly that the question was an insult.

Representative Konop of Wisconsin made a stirring speech in opposition to the bill. He said that under it his father and mother would have been excluded from the port of New York.

The chief opponent of the bill was Mr. Sabath. He was a Bohemian immigrant, and he told the House that if the measure had been a law in 1885 he could not have landed in the United States. He called the attention of the Democrats to the claim that the present Secretary of Labor, William B. Wilson, would have been excluded under the section which required the immigrant to have $25 cash. He contended that Samuel Gompers could not have qualified under this rule.

WANTS LOBBYIST ROLL.

Stafford Offers a Bill Requiring Them to Register at Capital.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Representative Stafford of Wisconsin to-day introduced a bill for the regulation of lobbying in Washington. It requires all Congressional legislative counsel and agents to register their names in the offices of the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House, giving the names of their employers and describing the legislation in which they are interested.

Under the Stafford bill every organization employing legislative agents would be required to furnish to Congress the names of their lobbyists or agents at Washington. Every ex-member of Congress for four years after the termination of his office would be barred from accepting employment as a lobbyist.

SIX POISONED ON A TRAIN.

Italian Travelers Suspect Salt in the Restaurant Car.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, Jan. 30.—Cavaliere Passalacque, Director of the Hamburg-American Line here, and five other passengers have been poisoned in a restaurant car on the Genoa-Milan express. It is believed that some strong irritant poison was in the salt.

The police took possession of the car on its return journey. Four of the sufferers, Signor Passalacque included, are in a dangerous condition.

22 KILLED IN GERMAN MINE.

Seventeen Injured in Fire-Damp Explosion at Dortmund.

DORTMUND, Jan. 30.—Twenty-two persons are known to have been killed and seventeen injured in an explosion of fire-damp in the Achenbach colliery today.

The management believes that the number of killed and injured thus far accounted for represents all the casualties.

Rosebery Operated on; Doing Well.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—It became known to-day that Lord Rosebery underwent a serious operation on Jan. 13 and that he was making favorable progress.

24 PEACE TREATIES TO BE RATIFIED

Continued from Page 1.

conferences. They are recognized as only the first step toward averting war, as they are limited in scope to questions not involving national honor or sovereignty.

IF LAW AND TREATY CONFLICT

Root Amendment Gives States Right of Appeal Against Its Own Courts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Some comment has been aroused here by the suggestion that Senator Root's amendment to the Codified Acts relating to the judiciary offered a solution of the difficulty arising when State laws appear to conflict with Federal treaties or the Federal Constitution. A study of the amendment, however, which had only incidental reference to treaties, shows that it would really only give the States another opportunity to fight in the Federal courts for the validity of statutes thrown out by State courts on the ground of conflict with Federal provisions.

Under existing law, when a State court sustains the validity of a State statute, the statute's validity may still be assailed in the Federal courts on the ground of conflict with Federal law, or Federal treaties, or the Federal Constitution. A State statute declared invalid by a State court on Federal grounds, however, is definitely dead. Mr. Root's amendment permits, in such a case, review by the Supreme Court of the United States on writ of certiorari, or otherwise.

If a Japanese settler in California assailed the validity of the land law, and the courts of the State dismissed his contention, he could still, under existing law, carry the matter to a Federal tribunal, and ultimately to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the hope of settling there the dispute between Japan and the United States. Mr. Root's amendment gives to the State of California similar right to review, should the courts of the State declare the statute invalid on Federal grounds.

The amendment was adopted without objection by the Senate on Jan. 23, having already passed that body at a previous session. It has yet to pass the House.

WON'T DIVULGE NOTES.

Japanese Minister Declines to Reveal Protests on Californian Issue.

TOKIO, Jan. 30.—Baron Makino, the Foreign Minister, declined to-day to follow the suggestion made in the Diet that he divulge the contents of his notes of protest to the United States on the California question, saying such action would be harmful to the negotiations between Japan and the United States, which were still in progress.

The Foreign Minister added that the California question was a serious affair, involving the honor of the Japanese people, and that the American Government understood the importance attached to the question on this side of the Pacific.

BACK TO THE ASBESTOS!

Young Manville Turns from Roaming to His Father's Factory.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 30.—Thomas J. Manville, son of Franklin Manville, the wealthy asbestos manufacturer, has settled down. From cabaret favorite to factory worker is the latest step in his spectacular career. With $10,000 in his possession and an income of $500 a month assured from his father, young Manville has gone to work in the Wood Street plant of the W. H. Johns-Manville Company.

In his brief career Manville has had varied experiences. He ran away from a boarding school eight times, worked as an elevator boy and night clerk in an Idaho hotel, clerked for a broker, worked his way to Europe on a cattle steamer, sold automobiles, and sang in a Winter Garden chorus.

He said to-day that his wandering days were over. With his bride, who was Florence Huber, a chorus girl, he intends to make Pittsburgh his permanent residence and work his way up in the asbestos business.

KNIGHTS ASK LENIENCY.

Men Indicted on Charge of Libeling Columbus Order Released.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—Pleas of not guilty and nolle contendre were entered in court here to-day by Charles Megonigel and C. H. Stage, who had been indicted on charges of libel and conspiracy to libel the Knights of Columbus in printing and distributing what purported to be an oath taken by members of that organization.

James A. Flaherty, Supreme Knight of the order, told the court that the Knights of Columbus felt that they had been vindicated by the pleas entered, and said the order would be satisfied if the court would discharge the defendants under a suspension of sentence. The court granted the request.

Admits Fox Will to Probate.

Surrogate Fowler admitted to probate yesterday the will of John Fox, "the harmonizer of Tammany Hall," who died on Jan. 16. Supreme Court Justice Platzek, Thomas L. Feitner, and J. B. F. Smith appeared as witnesses. No objections were offered by John Fox, Jr. The estate is believed to be about $2,000,000.

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Annual Clearing Sale

Young Men's Suits

SIZES, 32 TO 42 CHEST

Modeled on new English lines in navy serge, gray, brown or checked cassimere, Scotch tweed or English mixtures. Also a number of English Norfolk suits.

12.50

Heretofore $21.50 to $24.50

Hand Tailored Suits

FOR YOUNG MEN, 32 TO 42 CHEST.

Of all-wool imported fabrics in pencil striped cassimere, brown or green mixtures, Tartan or club checks, navy serge or cheviot.

15.00

Heretofore $27.50 to $30.00

Winter Overcoats

FOR YOUNG MEN, 32 TO 42 CHEST

Hand tailored, single and double-breasted form-fitting; also double-breasted ulsters of Cambridge grey, brown or blue vicuna, Scotch tweed or English mixtures.

15.00

Heretofore $27.50 to $30.00

Tuxedo Suits

FOR YOUNG MEN, 33 TO 42 CHEST

New Model of highest grade unfinished worsted

Coat, Vest and Trousers—Coat, silk galloon bound collar and cuffs, silk faced and Venetian lined; new model Vest; Trousers with silk galloon band at sides.

19.50 Regular price $28.50

Full Dress Suits

FOR YOUNG MEN, 33 to 42 CHEST

New Model of unfinished worsted, silk lined

Coat and Trousers—Coat, silk galloon bound collar and cuffs, silk faced and silk lined; English cut Trousers with silk galloon band at sides.

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(Includes imported English overcoats.)

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¶ Scores of new and effective designs and the smartest of combination colorings. Liberal four-in-hands that tie into big, substantial knots. Great values.

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Men's Underwear at liberal reductions

Broken sizes and incomplete assortments, but every garment perfect.

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¶ The celebrated I. & R. Morley, Cartwright & Warner, and other brands. All weights, light, medium and heavy. Materials include silk and wool, all wool, lisle, and silk and lisle.

$1 Merino Underwear at 69c

¶ Lightweight Merino shirts and drawers, being half wool for warmth and half cotton for wear.

$1 and $1.50 Underwear at 39c

¶ 1848 garments in all, and a great variety of seasonable fabrics in the selection.

5000 Pairs Half Hose at 18c

six pairs for $1—today

¶ Silk lisle, and silk plaited half hose, in navy blue, helio, Burgundy, purple, light gray, dark gray, reseda, green and black. All sizes.

Men's $1.50 Gray Mocha Gloves, today $1

¶ A half pique sewn glove, fastening with one clasp. The popular blue gray Mocha, correct for day or semi-formal wear.

MET BY STEWART, GAFFNEY BALKS

Continued from Page 1.

and after a minute said that, on the advice of his lawyers, he would not answer the question.

"Well, will you deny that you ever saw Mr. Stewart before?" continued the District Attorney.

Declines to Waive Immunity.

There was another consultation and again Gaffney replied that he would not answer the question.

"Well, will you go before the Grand Jury and waive immunity?" finally asked Mr. Whitman.

"On the advice of counsel I refuse to waive immunity at this time," Gaffney replied.

That was the answer which Whitman expected. Gaffney, in recent interviews, had repeatedly said that Whitman could get him whenever he wanted him as a witness.

General conversation followed. After twenty minutes Stewart was led into the Grand Jury room by Whitman and Gaffney went into the corridor. He smiled cheerfully.

"You know," he said, later in the day, "there were two Mr. Stewarts in the room. One was smooth shaven and had a round face. The other one was smaller and had a mustache. I met them both but for the life of me I didn't know which of them I was supposed to have met before when I shook hands with them."

"You did not recognize James C. Stewart?"

"I did not," he replied.

The object of the meeting in Whitman's office, was to give Stewart a good chance to see Gaffney before he went before the Grand Jury. When he was called before the jury Stewart very promptly was asked:

"Was the man who held you up in your office for $35,000 the same man who confronted you in Mr. Whitman's office?"

It was this question which finally brought tears to Stewart's eyes. To acknowledge that the Gaffney in the District Attorney's office was the man who tried to hold him up meant just one thing for Gaffney. Stewart, while acknowledging that he believed the man who called on him was Gaffney, refused to make a positive identification.

Stewart's story told to the Grand Jury, it is understood, ran in this wise:

He was a bidder on contracts 71A and 72A on the barge canal, his bids amounting to $3,000,000 approximately. He was a regular and liberal contributor to the Democratic campaign funds. In 1908 he gave $10,000 and an additional $15,000 was sent to W. J. Conners of Buffalo by the Stewart, Kerbaugh & Shanley Company in that year. In 1910 he gave $5,000 in two installments to J. Sergeant Cram, who took contributions for Tammany at that time. In 1911 he gave $2,500 to the local committee in this city and in 1912 he contributed $2,500 to the State Committee and gave something for the national campaign.

Just after the election of 1912 a man, who said he was James E. Gaffney, came to him and spoke about the great barge canal contracts on which he had made bids. They ought to be worth "5 per cent.," Gaffney told him. Stewart became enraged and interpreted the request as an attempted "shakedown."

He went to Tammany Leader Murphy because he believed that he knew about Gaffney's hold-up, and because he believed that Gaffney was "Murphy's man." He found Murphy at Tammany Hall on the very day that Gaffney had tried to hold him up. He told Murphy that the man who had held him up was James E. Gaffney. Murphy refused to take the story seriously, and finally told Stewart that he would "look into it."

After talking with Murphy, Stewart went to his attorneys, United States Senator James A. O'Gorman, George Gordon Battle, and Almuth C. Vandiver. He told them that James E. Gaffney had tried to hold him up for more than $100,000. He also told the story to others.

Ten days after he had his conversation with Murphy he went again to Tammany Hall to ascertain whether Murphy had "looked into it." He was informed that he could not see Murphy.

Jurors Assail Testimony.

Two of the Grand Jurors were absent, but the twenty-one who were present, it is understood, took turns in assailing the contractor's assertion that he was unable to identify positively the man who called on him. Whitman and his assistants, Clark, Embree, and Edwards, were the others in the room. The strain was intense.

The failure of Stewart to identify Gaffney, while a keen disappointment to the District Attorney, will not put an end to the graft investigation. Whitman is now trying to ascertain whether Stewart and Gaffney did not meet on various occasions before or after the attempted hold-up. If he finds witnesses to testify that they saw Stewart and Gaffney together, there will be further developments.

The events of yesterday will not interfere, it is understood, with the plan to call Senator O'Gorman or with the plan to recall ex-Gov. Sulzer. O'Gorman and Sulzer, it is expected, will testify sometime next week.

Bensel Explains to Jury.

Besides Stewart, the Grand Jury heard yesterday State Engineer John A. Bensel. Bensel was called on Thursday, but his testimony was not finished. Bensel, like the other members of the Canal Board, was not subpoenaed. He testified in response to an invitation. He had to waive immunity, however. It is understood that Bensel was informed before he entered the Grand Jury room that he would not be questioned about the letting of contracts for the Catskill aqueduct in the time that he was a Commissioner of the Board of Water Supply. The questions, he was informed, would be confined to the action of the Canal Board on the Stewart contracts.

Bensel, following the example of Commissioner of Public Works Peck, it is understood, submitted a formal statement regarding Contracts 71A and 72A. This explanation was in harmony with Peck's. The oral explanations of the other members of the Canal Board who have testified have tallied with the written statements of Peck and Bensel.

The contention of all the Canal Board members who served in 1912, it is understood, is that Stewart's bid on contract 71A, the contract which Stewart desired particularly, was rejected by Peck on Nov. 26, 1912, nearly a month before Gov.-elect Sulzer telegraphed to the board asking that action on the bid of James C. Stewart be deferred until he could confer with the members of the board. The contention of these members, moreover, is that Sulzer's telegram, consequently, referred only to contract 72A, the contract which Stewart eventually obtained at a bid $400,000 above the engineers' original estimate. Stewart could not have obtained this contract if Peck had not ordered State Engineer Bensel to make new estimates. Bensel raised the estimate about $250,000, and thus brought it within the 10 per cent. provision of the law.

The date, Nov. 26, 1912, will figure largely in the future investigation of the Canal Board's action. There was a meeting of the Canal Board on that date, at which the question of Stewart's joint bid on 71A and 72A was brought up. Stewart made a proposal that if both contracts were awarded to him he would make certain concessions. His proposal, if it had been accepted, would have saved the State $28,000. Attorney General Carmody asserted at this meeting on Nov. 26, 1912, the District Attorney has ascertained, that Stewart's bid was "perfectly in order." Peck differed with Carmody, but no formal action was taken. It now appears, from Peck's alleged rejection of Stewart's joint bid on Nov. 26, he will open a new line of inquiry.

It is understood that Whitman has a letter written by Bensel to Peck, dated Dec. 9, 1912, in which Bensel says nothing about Stewart's rejected joint bid. In the letter, it is said, he asks Peck's opinion as to the status of contracts 71A and 72A. The letter, it is understood, indicates that Bensel did not know on Dec. 9 that Stewart's bid on 71A had been rejected on Nov. 26. If Whitman can establish that the Canal Board members are building their case on Peck's alleged rejection of Stetwart's joint bid on Nov. 26, he would open a new line of inquiry.

The regular John Doe inquiry will be resumed on Monday, when a number of up-State witnesses will appear before Chief Magistrate McAdoo. The investigation, it is understood, will have to do with the bank accounts of politicians in Albany and Buffalo. The regular Grand Jury investigation will be resumed on Tuesday.

OSBORNE ON A NEW TRAIL.

Graft Investigator Says Albany Officials Just "Passed the Buck."

James W. Osborne, Gov. Glynn's graft investigator, will resume his investigation of the Highways Department in Albany on Tuesday. He expects to open a new line of investigation.

"Will it bring in the names of Gaffney and Murphy?" Osborne was asked yesterday.

"Not directly," he replied, "but I can't tell you now what it will be. That only would drive the mice away."

Osborne is not pleased with the treatment he has received. He asked for the indictment of ex-Highway Commissioners John A. Bensel, Duncan W. Peck, and C. Gordon Reel on the ground that they violated their oaths of office in putting all responsibility for the letting of more than 300 road repair contracts without public bidding on Deputy Highway Commissioner Charles F. Foley. Assistant District Attorney Alexander of Albany County, supported by Attorney General Carmody, refused to take up the cases against Reel, Peck, and Bensel.

Osborne intimated yesterday that he was not through with Bensel, Reel, and Peck. He would submit more evidence to District Attorney Alexander, he said, and would wait a little longer. He hinted, however, that if Alexander didn't take action soon, he would lay a recommendation before the Governor which would cause Alexander to hurry.

This hint was interpreted to mean that Osborne would ask the Governor for a special Grand Jury in Alabny County, and that he would ask for the appointment of a special Deputy Attorney General to supersede District Attorney Alexander in the investigation of actions of Bensel, Reel, and Peck and in the general investigation of graft conditions in Albany County. Arthur T. Warner, Osborne's assistant, it is expected, will be proposed for appointment as a special Deputy Attorney General.

"Those Highway Commissioners just 'passed the buck' along the line," said Mr. Osborne yesterday in reviewing the results of his investigation. "They might as well have had three cats as Highway Commissioners.

"There is something wrong when a system of government lacks centralized responsibility. In the Highway Department they didn't want centralized responsibility. There was a reason, and I saw it. The reason was that there was some dirty business in the department, and none of the Commissioners wanted to assume the responsibility. No wonder none of those Commissioners would stand for the 300-odd road repair contracts. No wonder they wouldn't sign the minutes of the meeting where they approved the whole 300 in less than an hour.

"Bensel said to Peck: 'I don't want to take the responsibility.' Peck said: 'I won't sign the minutes unless you do, Bensel.' Reel said: 'I'm with you, Peck.' That is why the minutes aren't signed to this day. And I think that I'll be able to show before I get through that patronage in the Highway Department was doled out in proportion to campaign contributions.

"The Highway Department is a sort of elymosynary institution for decayed politicians. It must be taken out of politics altogether. I will lay a plan before the Governor which, if adopted, will take the department out of politics."

"I would make the Commissioner the sole responsible head, and I would give him a life tenure of office, with power of removal without court review. He would be a great engineer. All the employes, in my plan, would be taken from the civil service list, and I would make it a crime for a contractor to make a campaign contribution. The contractor, I have shown, has been the boss of the department. There would be no 'pie book' under such a system."

GET MANY BANK ACCOUNTS.

Whitman's Agents Serve Subpoenas in Albany and Buffalo.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—Transcripts of the bank accounts of a score of present and former State officials and many widely known politicians dating back to Jan. 1, 1908, are sought by agents of District Attorney Whitman.

The first of these agents arrived here to-day and in a few hours visited every banking institution in the city. One banker was told that subpoena servers would go from here to Buffalo. Practically the entire State would be covered after the same fashion, it was said.

Incidentally inquiries were made here about possible accounts of Charles F. Murphy and James E. Gaffney, it was asserted. The bankers were not surprised when the subpoenas were served. The broad scope of the inquiry did amaze them.

Although bankers are reticent, it is understood that the same subpoenas were not served at every bank, and this led to the belief that Whitman had information about where to look for certain accounts. For instance, it is known that a transcript of the account of Attorney General Carmody was demanded at one bank, but the official of another institution asserted that no subpoena for Carmody's account was served on him.

Transcripts of about twenty accounts were subpoenaed at the latter bank, including those of Herman W. Hoefer, a former State Architect, who was removed by Sulzer; William Sohmer, State Controller, and John J. Kennedy, State Treasurer.

Inquiry was made at several banks regarding the accounts of members of the former Highway Commission—John A. Bensel, Duncan W. Peck, and C. Gordon Reel. Secrecy surrounded the visit of the District Attorney's subpoena servers. No banker knew the name of any of the agents.

BUFFALO, Jan. 30.—Elliott McDougall, President of the Bank of Buffalo and the Buffalo Clearing House, said to-day his bank had been ordered by District Attorney Whitman to produce certain accounts at the graft investigation.

BY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

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ANOTHER ZABERN INCIDENT NEAR METZ

Prussian Major Arrests Four Lorrainers for Speaking French.

ORDERED FROM CONCERT

One of Them Struck Because He Did Not Remove His Cap in Presence of the Uniform.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—While the reactionary and pro-military classes are demanding that Alsace-Lorraine henceforth be "swept with an iron broom," another extraordinary incident is reported from the neighborhood of Metz.

According to a Strasburg dispatch, two French-speaking Lorrainers were attending the Kaiser's birthday concert given by the band of the Twentieth Battalion of sappers at Sablon.

A Lieutenant, noticing their language, ordered them to speak German or leave the hall. The Lorrainers, to avoid a scene, repaired to the restaurant attached to the hall, where they were joined by two other French-speaking compatriots.

The Lieutenant followed them into the restaurant, and, observing that they were still speaking French, commanded them, in his most energetic manner, to leave the place instantly, as their conduct was disturbing the celebration.

The Lorrainers replied in the best German of which they were capable that they would not allow themselves to be dragooned, and expressed their determination to remain.

The Lieutenant then fetched a Major, who, according to the report, without further parley with the "disturbers," instructed non-commissioned officers and privates to arrest them.

As the Lorrainers kept their caps on, the Major exclaimed:

"Take off your caps! You are standing before a royal Prussian Major!"

Before the quartet could obey the Major's imperious order he is said to have knocked the cap from the head of one of them with a box of the ears. This took place while the non-commissioned officers held the men fast.

With the remark, "Excuse me, Herr Major," one of the men arrested sought to make an explanation; but the Major replied:

"Your caps tell what you are. All good Frenchmen have emigrated; those who are still here are only the dregs of the nation."

The four men, escorted by the officers and non-commissioned officers, were then taken to the office of the Mayor of Montigny, where they were handed over to the police. They were then liberated.

The Tageblatt, which is the only Berlin paper that reproduces these remarkable allegations, says that the facts in the case must be made public.

It is asserted that at no stage of the incident did the Lorrainers give the slightest cause for the treatment they are said to have received.

Kaiser's Effort at Conciliation.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—An attempt is to be made by Emperor William to win back the sympathies of the Alsatians, after their recent irritation in connection with the violent incidents between the military and civilians at Zabern, by appointing a royal Prince as Viceroy in place of Count Charles von Wedel, who has resigned.

The Zeitung-am-Mittag, which announces this news to-day, says that Prince Frederick William, son of the late Prince Albert of Prussia, who was Regent of Brunswick until 1906, or some other Prussian Prince will probably be selected and sent to Alsace in order to show the people there a mark of royal favor.

Prince Frederick William, who has been trained in civil administration, is now the chief official of the District of Camenz, Silesia, where he lives.

As a second candidate Emperor William's fourth son, Prince August William, has been mentioned, but it is thought doubtful whether the Emperor would risk the blow to his prestige which the failure of such a mission would involve.

Count von Wedel to-day consented to retain his post as Viceroy for a few months until the new Ministers should have become familiar with their duties.

FOOLED FRENCH FINANCIERS

Russian Arms Company Invented Story of Its Purchase by Germans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—The German press is roaring with mirth over the gigantic bluff which it is asserted that the Putiloff Arms and Ammunition Works of St. Petersburg has worked upon the French Government and French banks for the purpose of persuading them to furnish $10,000,000 fresh capital.

For the past three days the French and English press has been in a state of agitation over the reported purchase, or attempted purchase, of control of the Putiloff Works by an Anglo-German syndicate, consisting of the Vickers-Maxim and Krupp Companies and the Deutsche Bank.

According to circumstantial stories published in Berlin to-day, no such deal was ever negotiated, but the story was invented to bring pressure to bear upon French financiers, who had hitherto refused to advance the cash which the Putiloffs wanted. The proprietors of the Russian works are said to have intimated that they would be compelled to turn for assistance to powerful friends in Germany and England, whereupon the Russian Government caused the hesitating and now frightened Parisian bankers to express their instant readiness to meet the Putiloffs' necessities.

The Krupps do not fully identify themselves with this tale. To-night they telegraphed THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent from Essen to read the statement in Wednesday's Lokal-Anzeiger, to the effect that the Anglo-German scare was engineered there by the great French rival, the Schneider-Creusot Company, in order to prevent anybody but themselves from buying the Putiloff Works in case they were actually for sale.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Saturday, Jan. 31.—The Paris correspondent of The Daily News says the excitement over the Putiloff incident is likely to subside as rapidly as it rose. It is declared to-night that the matter is being arranged in the sense that the Krupp overtures will not be listened to and French interests will remain unimpaired.

This implies that the $10,000,000 increase of capital necessary to enable the Putiloff Works to fulfill engagements must be supplied by the French interests involved.

The whole affair looks very much like a successful bluff. A single twist of the Krupp thumbscrew sufficed to make French armament interests only too eager now to supply the capital which they previously refused to furnish.

RUSH FOR PRUSSIAN LOAN.

$87,500,000 Note Issue Is 71 1-2 Times Subscribed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—All German records have been broken by the enormous oversubscription of the new Prussian issue of $87,500,000 4 per cent. Treasury notes, which the public at home and abroad subscribed seventy-one and one-half times, or a total of more than $6,250,000,000.

An official communiqué says that the class of subscription indicates that a vast majority of the applicants want the notes for investment rather than for speculative purposes.

Financiers attribute the extraordinary success of the issue, following the failure of two Prussian loans in 1913, to the unusually favorable terms, which make the loan redeemable at par in sixteen annual installments, guaranteeing the holders against all possibility of loss.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—As the new Treasury notes are redeemable at par, and subscribers pay only 97 for them, those whose notes are drawn for redemption within the next few years will receive a high rate of interest, while the average return for the entire period of sixteen years will be fully 4¼ per cent. The Government itself pays 4.8 per cent. for the accommodation.

It is thought probable that a further issue of about $50,000,000 will be made later this year. These large sums are for the expansion of the railroad and canal systems of Prussia and for other productive purposes.

AGAINST VON IHNE PLANS.

Prussian Academy Wants New Competition for Washington Embassy.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—The Prussian Academy of Architecture to-day declared unsuitable the plans for the new German Embassy at Washington drafted by the Court Architect, Ernst von Ihne, as well as those of the three winners of the competition opened for the purpose by the Government.

The Academy recommends that a new competition be started which shall be restricted to the four architects.

The Store will be open daily at 9 A. M.

STERN BROTHERS

42d and 43d Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

Will hold, To-day, on the Third Floor,

Their Annual Pre-Inventory Sale of

Men's Ulster Overcoats

Comprising a broad selection of knee or full length models, of extra quality Chinchilla, Shetland Cloth and soft, warmth-without-weight materials, in the smartest color effects, sizes 34 to 44 inch chest,

At the Final Clearance Price of **$22.50**

Also a Special Purchase of

250 Silk Lined Dress Overcoats

of Fine Meltons and Vicunas, in Oxford or Cambridge gray and black; sizes 34 to 50 inch chest measure,

At the Remarkably Low Price of **$24.50**

PAUL DEROULEDE, PATRIOT, IS DEAD

French Writer, Politician, Soldier, and Duelist, Succumbs in Nice at 67 Years.

HE SUPPORTED BOULANGER

Spent Five Years in Exile and Returned to Paris in 1905—Some of His Notable Works.

NICE, France, Jan. 30.—Paul Derouledе, the famous French patriotic writer, politician, and duelist, died here to-day after a short illness. Last Sunday M. Derouledе attended the dedication of the statue of St. Paul at the Cathedral here, in spite of the remonstrances of his physicians, who tried to dissuade him from going by reminding him that he was very weak from heart disease. M. Derouledе only asked:

"What better place could one die in than a church?"

Even though he had to be carried to the Cathedral on a cot, and consequently suffered much from the cold, he said he was glad of having made the trip. But he gradually became worse and succumbed to heart disease. M. Derouledе founded and was for a number of years President of the League of Patriots. He was a firm supporter of the late Gen. Boulanger, who attempted to lead a revolution to bring about a revision of the Constitution in 1889. He was banished for five years in 1900 and served his sentence.

Paul Derouledе was born on Sept. 2, 1846, in the Place Saint Germain l'Auxerrois, one of the quaintest corners of Paris. He came from a literary family, having been the great-grandson of Pigault Lebrun, the Fielding of France, and nephew of the well known dramatist, Emil Augier.

During the Franco-Prussian War M. Derouledе joined the Zouaves at Chalons, and several days later was joined by his younger brother, brought to the French camp by his mother. At Sedan Paul saw his brother fall, and he himself was taken prisoner. He was imprisoned, but escaped and made his way back to the French Army, then beginning the Loire and Est campaigns. It was during the campaign of the Est that Paul Derouledе first became intimate with Leon Gambetta. Later Derouledе commanded a regiment that joined the Versaillais.

In January, 1882, began the first stir of public opinion which resulted in the organization of the "Ligue des Patriotes." M. Derouledе and his friends, Henri Martin and Edouard Detaille, the artists, were named by the Government as members of the Commission of Military Education, instituted by the Ministry of Public Instruction. M. Derouledе assumed his new duties, leaving his manuscripts. A month later was founded the Patriotic League, which adopted the motto "Que Vive? La France quand même."

In 1890 Paul Derouledе became a Deputy. He was a warm friend and one of the strongest supporters of Gen. Boulanger. For his efforts in the movement to substitute the Republican plebiscite for the Parliamentary Constitution, he was sentenced to banishment by the French Senate sitting as a High Court in August, 1899, after having previously been acquitted by the Paris jury. After having served his sentence abroad he returned to Paris in 1905. He lived in Paris thereafter.

Some of his publications were "Marches and Alarms," "The Tower of Auvergne," "History of Love," "Before the Battle," "Messire Duguesclin," "The Death of Heche," and "More Writings by the Way."

DRAKE GETS RARE DRAWINGS

Buys Thirty-three Rowlandsons in London for $1,925.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The sale of Part II. of John Pearson's library was ended at Sotheby's to-day. The total for the session was $8,380, and the total for the three days $23,240.

The highest price was $1,925, paid by B. F. Stevens for a collection of thirty-three original drawings in colors by Thomas Rowlandson. They are in one volume, inlaid and interleaved. The binding is by F. Bedford. This unique item is considered to be of the highest interest and importance to the Rowlandson collector.

A copy of the rare first edition of "Palmerin d'Oliva." The Mirrour of Nobilitie, Mappe of Honour, Anatomie of rare fortunes," &c., translated by A. Munday, quarto, 1588, brought $340. No copy is in the British Museum, and none was in the Huth collection. It is believed that only one other perfect copy is known. This romance was in the library of Don Quixote, having undergone the scrutiny of the priest and the barber.

A first edition of Edgar Allan Poe's "Tales of the Grotesque and Arabesque," two volumes, octavo, Philadelphia, 1840, in binding by F. Bedford, went to Bernard Quaritch for $97.50. Bound at the end are four pages of criticism on these tales and poems, in some of which the author is compared to Shelley, Coleridge, and Theodore Hook.

The Rowlandson drawings just described, which brought $1,925 at Sotheby's, were bought by his London agent for James F. Drake, 4 West Fortieth Street, this city. Mr. Drake was also the purchaser of the fifteenth century manuscript "Hours of the Virgin Mary," which sold for $410 at Sotheby's on Thursday.

NO CRUELTY TO MILITANT.

Bishop of London Visits Woman Prisoner, Who Makes Complaint.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Bishop of London has just satisfied himself that depedence cannot always be placed upon suffragette descriptions of the horrors of forcible feeding. The Bishop recently received a suffragette deputation, the leader of which handed him a statement by Miss Ansell, who had been released from Holloway Jail, and who said that every day she heard shrieks and groans from her fellow-prisoner, Miss Peace, in a neighboring cell.

The Bishop promised to investigate the matter, and accordingly visited Miss Peace in prison. He found her lying in a comfortable bed in a well-warmed cell. He face was fully rounded and showed no signs of emaciation or distress. She complained of indigestion and also some discomfort in her legs, but she denied that she ever shrieked or was placed in a padded cell.

She said nothing to the Bishop about forcible feeding, and he therefore says that the fears expressed by the suffragette deputation regarding the prisoner's condition are not borne out by the facts.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—When she was visited in Holloway Jail by the Bishop of London, the only complaint Miss Peace made was that she had not been released like the other suffragettes under the provisions of the Cat and Mouse act.

Bishop Ingram informed Miss Peace that he was authorized by the Home Secretary to tell her she would be released immediately if she would undertake to refrain from committing criminal acts of militancy such as the burning of houses, of which she had been convicted.

Miss Peace, however, replied that she was unable conscientiously to give this promise.

NEW LEHAR OPERA SUNG.

"Endlich Allein" Has Its First Performance in Vienna.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, Jan. 30.—Franz Lehar's latest operetta, "Endlich Allein," ("Alone at Last,") was to-night performed for the first time in Vienna. Lehar wielded the baton himself.

It is a serious opera, exhibiting the composer's high qualities of excellent instrumentation and bewitching melodious invention. The libretto, by the well-known authors, Willner and Bodanzky, abounds in witty and sentimental scenes.

The principal character is a rich American girl of the extravagant type. She is engaged to a nobleman, but makes marriage dependent upon the Count's climbing a Swiss mountain-peak. This condition is fulfilled by another suitor, a young diplomat, who thus wins the bride.

A SLIT-SKIRT STRIKE.

Budapest Society Women Won't Dance Where Costume Is Barred.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, Jan. 30.—Hungarian women are revolting against the regulation issued by Field Marshal Baron Feteke, forbidding them to appear at military balls and similar functions in slit skirts.

They refused en masse to attend the ball at the Budapest Military Casino, and the function was consequently postponed.

One indignant woman in an interview says:

"We obey the commands of the mode imposed by Paris or Budapest, not by the commander of the garrison. We like slit skirts; besides, we have our dresses, and cannot afford to buy fresh ones every few days, like the wives of Generals."

Unless the Field Marshal rescinds his order there may be no dancing in military circles in Budapest this season.

John Jameson

Three ★★★ Star

Whiskey

The Whiskey of Quality

J. M. Gidding & Co.

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Absolute Clearance

Fur-trimmed Coats and Wraps
at $35, $65 & $95
Formerly $75, $135 to $250

Gowns and Dresses
at $28, $45, $65 & $95
Formerly $65, $95 to $225
Suitable for Afternoon, Dansant and Evening Wear

Fur-trimmed & Costume Suits
at $65 & $95—Formerly $125 to $250
Many of them suitable for Spring Wear

All Fur Coats and Sets
at about half or less than half price

Charge Purchases will be billed March 1st.

RED CROSS TO RAISE MILLIONS FOR CHINA

Hopes to Obtain $20,000,000 to Control Floods of the River Hwai.

PLANS A 5 PER CENT. LOAN

Subscriptions, to be Sought in This Country, Must Be Complete Within One Year.

PEKING, Jan. 30.—The Chinese Government has given the American Red Cross Society a year in which to obtain the necessary $20,000,000 to carry out a project for controlling the River Hwai, whose overflows have hitherto caused every year great loss of life and damage to property.

A preliminary agreement to this effect was signed to-day by Paul S. Reinsch, American Minister to China, and representatives of the Chinese Government. The plan for obtaining the money is to float a 5 per cent. loan.

The Hwai traverses Southern Ho-nan and Northern Ngan-hwei, and runs into Lake Hung-tse. It floods the surrounding country very extensively every year, and the relief of the sufferers from the inundations has cost hundreds of thousands of dollars.

The preliminary agreement provides for the issuance of a loan at the current market value of Chinese bonds. The Chinese Government will send an accredited representative to the United States to complete the contract. Chen Chin-tao, Chief of the Auditing Department, who now is proceeding to London to obtain capital for the construction of new railways in China, will probably be appointed.

The conservancy works will not only protect agricultural lands which, almost annually, are flooded, but also will reclaim 2,000,000 acres of territory.

Charles Davis Jameson, an American civil engineer, sent by the American Red Cross to survey the country through which the River Hwai passes, says that a provision will be made in the agreement for ample foreign control of the project to prevent the taxes on which the loan will be guaranteed from being diverted and "squeezed."

CHINA NEEDS $125,000,000.

London Telegraph Says It Must Be Raised Before Summer.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Saturday, Jan. 31.—The Daily Telegraph's Peking correspondent, discussing China's financial situation, says that a new loan must soon be negotiated with the quintuple bankers.

A loan of $125,000,000 is spoken of as absolutely necessary before Summer, and the correspondent says that immediate negotiations for such loan are forecast by the special notification which the Premier has just issued to his foreign correspondents, recapitulating the conditions under which foreign loans are made.

ENGLISH TEACHERS STRIKE.

Those of Herefordshire Demand Higher Pay—80 Schools Affected.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Eighty of the 178 elementary schools in Herefordshire will be closed on Monday unless a settlement of the teachers' strike is reached at the eleventh hour.

The strike is a sequel to a three years' dispute about salaries between the teachers and the Herefordshire Education Committee. The teachers have handed in their resignations, which will become effective to-morrow. Other resignations will be effective later and will affect other schools.

The teachers demand an increased scale of salaries, those now paid in Herefordshire being below the average in other counties. The National Union of Teachers has guaranteed the striking members full pay for five years.

ADMIRAL CAPPS ILL.

Suffering from Overwork, He Takes a Short Rest in London.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Rear Admiral Capps is said to be ill, but not seriously, his indisposition being merely the result of overwork.

He left the Piccadilly Hotel, where he stayed throughout the Safety at Sea Conference, and his present whereabouts in London is kept a secret. He is trying to get a complete rest before returning to America. He will probably sail the second week in February.

THE PROBLEM

There can be no problem without a solution.

The great problem which confronts the projector of a building enterprise is so to regulate the amount of the investment as to ensure beyond doubt that ratio of income which the investment is designed to yield.

And it is the purpose of this advertisement to advise any and all Owners who are now facing this problem, in so far as it affects dependability of building costs, that the Thompson-Starrett Company has solved it.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

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LLORACH

Look for the Yellow Label.

Celebrated Natural Laxative Water from Spain

Approved by Academy of Medicine, Paris.

Recommended for constipation, dyspepsia, liver and kidney complaints.

Small Quantity (Wineglassful) Suffices.

ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN. Sold by all Druggists.

LUYTIES BROS., N. Y. Sole Agents, U. S. & Canada.

De Pinna

Fifth Avenue at 36th Street

Clearance Sale Girls' and Boys' Coats

Girls' Winter Coats in imported chinchilla and other desirable cloths, sizes 4 to 14, formerly up to $35.....at $15

Desirable School Coats for Girls, formerly up to $25, at $10

BOYS' DEPARTMENT

Small Boys' Winter Coats in gray and blue chinchilla and fancy mixtures, broken sizes, 3 to 8 years, formerly up to $16.....at $7.50

Boys' Overcoats in brown and gray mixtures, sizes 8 to 15, formerly up to $24.....at $13.50

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In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn.

The Subway to Hoyt Street Brings the Loeser Store Within 17 Minutes of Forty-second Street.

BOOK SALE

Disposal of Overstocks From Leading Publishers

At 25c to 50c on the Dollar

These books bear the imprints of such well-known publishers as the Macmillan Company, Harpers, Scribner's, Doubleday, Page & Co., Houghton Mifflin Company, etc., and include many books of permanent worth on Art, History, Biography, Travel, etc.

Every book is in perfect condition and cloth bound unless otherwise specified. Space permits only the listing of a few of the many values.

For each title listed there are a dozen more not listed.

Bismarck, The Man and The Statesman, Being the reflections and reminiscences of Otto, Prince Von Bismarck. Written by himself after his retirement from office; 2 volumes. Published at $6; our price, $2.

Charles Godfrey Leland, a Biography, by Elisabeth Robbins Pennell. Two volumes. Illustrated. Published at $5; our price, $1.75.

Life in Old Virginia, by James J. McDonald. A description of Virginia, narrating many incidents relating to the customs and manners of Old Virginia. Illustrated. Published at $2; our price, 50c.

Reminiscences of Abraham Lincoln, by U. S. Grant, Walt Whitman, C. C. Coffin, Henry Ward Beecher, and others. Published at $2; our price, 50c.

Puerto Rico, Its Conditions and Possibilities, by William Dinwiddie, with illustrations. Published at $2.50; our price, 75c.

Our Journey to the Hebrides, by Joseph Pennell and Elisabeth Robbins Pennell. With illustrations and maps. Published at $1.25; our price, 50c.

Eleanor Ormerod, LL.D., Economic Entomologist, Autobiography and Correspondence. Edited by Robert Wallace. With portrait and illustrations. Published at $4; our price, $1.

With Flashlight and Rifle, Photographing the Wild Animal Life of Equatorial Africa by Night. By C. G. Schillings. Published at $2; our price, 50c.

Rambles in Normandy, by Francis Miltoun. With pictures by Blanche McManus. Published at $2.50; our price, $1.25.

The Marvellous Year. Introduction by Edwin Markham. Brief Glimpses of the lives of Poe, Chopin Lincoln, Holmes, Calvin, Johnson, Darwin, Tennyson, Kemble, Hayden, Gladstone, Fitzgerald, and others. Bound in boards. Published at $1; our price, 25c.

Life of Salmon P. Chase, by J. W. Schuckers. Bound in full sheep. Published at $3; our price, 75c.

Life and Art of Richard Mansfield, by William Winter. Fully illustrated; 2 volumes. Published at $6; our price, $2.50.

Bird Legend and Life, by Margaret C. Walker. With illustrations from photographs. Published at $1.50; our price, 35c.

Guarding a Great City, by William McAdoo, formerly Commissioner of Police of New York. Published at $2; our price, 50c.

Correspondence of John Lothrop Motley. Edited by George W. Curtis. In two volumes. Published at $6; our price, $2.

A Kipling Primer, including Biographical and Critical Chapters and an Index to Mr. Kipling's Principal Writings and Bibliographies. By Frederick L. Knowles. Bound in boards. Published at $1; our price, 25c.

Reindeer Dogs and Snow Shoes, a Journal of Siberian Travel and Exploration. By Richard J. Bush. With illustrations. Published at $2; our price, 75c.

Romantic Ireland, by M. F. and B. Mansfield. In two volumes. Illustrated with nearly 100 plates from original drawings. Published at $3; our price, $1.35.

Great English Painters, by Francis Downman. 32 illustrations. Hogarth, Reynolds, Gainsborough, Romney, Morland, Lawrence, Turner, and Constable. Published at $1.50; our price, 50c.

Italian Highways and Byways from a Motor Car, by Francis Miltoun. With illustrations. Published at $3; our price, $1.35.

The French Revolution and Modern French Socialism; A Comparative Study of Principles and Doctrines, by Jessica Peixotto. Published at $1.50; our price, 50c.

Memoirs of John A. Dix; Compiled by his Son, Morgan Dix. Illustrated; two volumes Published at $6; our price, $2.

A History of the City of Brooklyn and Kings County, by Stephen M. Ostrander. Two volumes. Illustrated. Published at $5; our price, $2.50.

The Romantic Settlement of Lord Selkirk's Colonists (The Pioneers of Manitoba), by George Bryce. Illustrated. Published at $1.50; our price, 50c.

English Spelling and Spelling Reform, by Thomas Lounsbury, Emeritus Professor of English in Yale. Published at $1.50; our price, 25c.

The Wonders of Science, or Young Humphrey Davy. The Life of a Wonderful Boy, written for boys, by Henry Mahew. Illustrated. Published at $1; our price, 25c.

Roman Holidays, by W. D. Howells. Illustrated. Published at $3; our price, 90c.

Talks of Napoleon at St. Helena, with General Baron Gourgaud, Together with the journal kept by Gourgaud on their journey from Waterloo to St. Helena. Translated and with notes by Elisabeth Wormly Latimer. Published at $2; our price, 50c.

Lowney's Cook Book. Illustrated in colors, prepared and revised by Marion Willett Howard. Published at $1; our price, 35c.

Some Salient Points in the Science of the Earth, by Sir J. W. Dawson, with 46 illustrations. Published at $1.50; our price, 50c.

Main Floor, Livingston Street.

END OF BANK RUN EXPECTED TO-DAY

President Trimble Looks for Money Now Withdrawn to Come Back Next Week.

PRIEST DOES GOOD WORK

Father Barry Calms the Fears of the Ignorant—Vincent Astor Offers Cash, but Is Told It Isn't Needed.

The withdrawals of money by ill-informed depositors which started on Thursday in the Bank for Savings, at Twenty-second Street and Fourth Avenue, continued yesterday, although from every side came positive proofs that the institution was in the soundest condition possible financially. But when the last depositor had been paid at 7:30 P. M. there were unmistakable signs that the run had spent itself. It was estimated that about $1,900,000 had been paid out in the two days.

"We have been so overworked by this mad and incredible run," said Lewis B. Gawtry, "that an accurate statement has not been compiled for the amount of withdrawals on Thursday. The entire force of bank clerks, tellers, and accountants has been kept at work continuously meeting the demands of those poor depositors who have been misled by the false rumors circulated concerning the bank. We have felt that the best policy to pursue would be to continue paying off the depositors until all these groundless and foolish fears were allayed. Our accountants and tellers estimate that on Thursday we paid off about 2,000 depositors, who closed their accounts. The withdrawals for Thursday amounted to approximately $801,000. To-day has been even heavier, and it is judged that between 2,500 and 3,000 depositors will have made withdrawals when the bank is finally closed for the day. It will be possible for the newspapers to form a proportionate estimate by comparing the withdrawals on Thursday with those of to-day as to the amount of money which we have paid out."

Police Again on Hand.

When the doors of the bank were besieged at the opening hour by 700 depositors, President Walter Trimble, with Robert Bacon, a Director of the United States Steel Corporation, and other members of the Board of Trustees, greeted the anxious depositors, assuring them that their fears were groundless, and that they were sacrificing their time needlessly by remaining in line. In order to insure proper protection the precautions taken on Thursday against possible thieves or pickpockets in the crowd were redoubled. Two uniformed policemen were stationed at the Fourth Avenue entrance of the bank, and they accosted every person in line for a glimpse of his or her pass book. Only those holding a book were admitted inside the building, where eight detectives saw to it that there was no jostling or pushing. Long rows of benches were ranged near the aisles for the convenience of women who were waiting to take their places in line and obtain their money.

On the sidewalks on both the Twenty-second and Fourth Avenue sides were bluecoats and detectives, who kept a sharp lookout for suspicious characters. Throughout the morning and afternoon bank attendants and volunteer workers distributed small printed cards to the depositors who were in line on the sidewalk. These cards bore the signature of the State Superintendent of Banking, and read as follows:

The Bank for Savings is in splendid condition. There is absolutely no cause for uneasiness on the part of the depositors, and this run is simply an occurrence which could not have been foreseen or avoided. I have been advised by my examiners that things could not be in better shape.

GEORGE C. VAN TUYL, JR.,
Superintendent of Banks.
State of New York.

Jan. 29, 1914.

Priest Allays Fears of Many.

In addition to the efforts of the employes of the bank to allay the anxiety of the depositors, the Rev. Father Thomas Barry, Pastor of St. Anne's Roman Catholic Chmurch, visited the bank and talked earnestly to members of his flock whom he found waiting in line on the sidewalk. Father Barry told all those who would listen to him that he would vouch for the safety of their money. He succeeded in convincing scores of his parishioners that their fears were without any foundation and they departed. Father Barry's good work was aided by a dozen settlement workers from the East Side, men and women who repeated his assurances and weeded out from the throng as many as they could convince of the real truth. Some of them pointed out that the foolish run on the bank was actually keeping away desirable men and women, who wanted to put money in and could not on account of the crowd of withdrawing depositors.

There was practically no excitement or hysteria among the depositors in line. Women were in the majority, many of them with babies in their arms, but they waited patiently and without complaint until they had been admitted to the bank and had received their money at the paying teller's window.

Shortly after noon, Mrs. Lizzie Boylan, 61 years old, who gave her address as 119 Christopher Street, collapsed in the crush of humanity within the bank. Two detectives forced their way into the jam and lifted her out to a clear space. She was treated by Dr. Farman, who was summoned from the New York Hospital, and later left for home.

At 1 o'clock President Trimble gave orders that the doors of the bank should be kept open until 6 o'clock, and that all in line at that hour should be admitted before the gates at the Fourth Avenue entrance were barred. When this news was circulated in the throng scores of men and women began to drop out of line and leave the vicinity of the bank. At 4 o'clock only 200 were waiting to get in.

Vincent Astor Offers any Amount.

Early in the afternoon Vincent Astor, accompanied by Nicholas Biddle, drew up in front of the doors in a limousine. They were immediately admitted, and went at once into President Trimble's private office.

"This thing is preposterous," said Mr. Astor, when he came out. "I told Mr. Trimble that he could call upon me for any amount, but he has told me that the bank's immediate cash resources are ample to take care of its depositors."

Mr. Gawtry added an amusing incident to the developments of the afternoon when he displayed to a group of newspaper reporters a wad of $700 in bills which was bulging in one of his coat pockets. He laughingly explained that the money belonged to his cook, who had withdrawn it without consulting him on Thursday, and had later requested him to redeposit it for her.

President Trimble related his experience with one male depositor who had sought him out for information regarding the condition of the bank.

"I told him that everything was in apple-pie order and that the depositors were the principal suffers if they persisted in withdrawing their savings. After I had talked to him for five minutes he rejoined: 'Well, as long as I'm here I'm going to get my money. You'd say the same thing even if the bank was in trouble.' That's the way with most of them."

Later, in alluding to the number of withdrawals, Mr. Trimble said:

"On Wednesday, when the first indications of unrest appeared, $354,915 was paid out. On Thursday the withdrawals reached a little more than $800,000, and to-day's withdrawals will exceed that amount by several hundred thousands. This might look serious in the case of a smaller bank, but when it is remembered that we have more than 155,000 depositors, we feel justified in the belief that this foolish run has simply demonstrated the confidence felt in us by 96 per cent. of our patrons.

Expects Run's End To-day.

"We intend to keep the bank open to-morrow as long as may be necessary after the regular Saturday closing hour of 1 P. M. to accommodate any depositors who still desire to withdraw their funds. I feel confident that to-morrow will witness the end of this remarkable experience. The depositors will have a chance to think things over calmly over Sunday, and next week will see them flocking here to return their money to our keeping."

A TIMES reporter, who accosted some of the depositors in the waiting lines yesterday in an effort to discover their reasons for joining in the run, was unable to obtain any excuse for their conduct except that they had "heard rumors" and became frightened.

Two women, who had just been paid off, expressed their regret at their hasty action.

"I got my money quickly and without a single question when I presented my pass book," said one of them. "Now I wish it were back. There is no savings bank open at this hour and I am afraid to take this money home with me."

Confirm Gorgas as Surgeon General.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Col. William C. Gorgas, who drove disease out of the Panama Canal Zone, was confirmed to-day by the Senate as Surgeon General of the Army to succeed the late Gen. George H. Torney. The nomination of Daniel F. Mooney of Ohio to be Minister to Paraguay was also confirmed.

CASSIDY MAY KNOW HIS FATE TO-NIGHT

Prosecution's Case All In Against Ex-Boss of Queens.

DEFENSE WILL BE BRIEF

Willett Will Be Sentenced To-day and There Is Little Expectation That He Will Turn Against Cassidy.

The State's case against Joseph Cassidy, ex-Democratic leader of Queens County, and Cassidy's confidential political aid, Louis Walter, Jr., was closed yesterday afternoon. The defense will put on its witnesses this morning, and Robert H. Elder and Robert M. Moore, counsel for the accused men, said they expected to rest their cases before the luncheon recess. If this proves true, the case will be in the hands of the jury to-night.

Only one witness was called yesterday, Marinus Willett, a brother of William Willett, who was convicted last week of buying the Supreme Court nomination for the selling of which Cassidy and Walter are now on trial. The morning session of the court was nearly all used up in the reading into the record of the testimony that Walter gave at the Scudder investigation in November, 1911, the year that Willett was nominated for the Supreme Court.

Marinus Willett's testimony yesterday was practically confined to the operations of the Automobile Building Company and the Cabinet Land Company of Long Island. It is claimed by the defense that a large sum of money that was paid to Walter by William Willett was for stock that Walter held in these companies. The State's contention is that Walter was the go-between for Willett and Cassidy in the alleged purchasing of one of the three Democratic nominations for the Supreme Court.

District Attorney Cropsey in his long examination of Marinus Willett tried to show that both the Cabinet Land Company and the Automobile Building Company were losing ventures, and that neither had ever paid a dividend up to the time of the alleged purchase of the Supreme Court nomination. This much was admitted by Marinus Willett, who also admitted that Walter had not paid any of the assessments levied on the stockholders of the Cabinet Land Company in 1910 and 1911.

After Willett left the stand, Mr. Cropsey announced that the State rested. The jury was then directed to leave the room while Mr. Elder argued for the expurgation of much of the testimony, which he said, did not show any criminal act, so far as Cassidy was concerned. Justice Jaycox denied the motion, and then Mr. Moore made a similar argument in behalf of Walter, which was also denied. Justice Jaycox announced that the case would have to go to the jury.

William Willett will be arraigned for sentence before Justice Jaycox at 10 o'clock this morning. Rumors still persist that he is on the point of confessing, and that he is negotiating with District Attorney Cropsey with that purpose in view. There is no good ground, however, to take the rumors seriously.

LEFT $5 TO DAUGHTER.

Van Riper Explains Bequest by Charging Lack of Affection.

The will of Eccles G. Van Riper, who died on Jan. 26, at his home 280 East 166th Street, was filed yesterday in the office of the Bronx County Surrogate. Van Riper bequeathed his entire estate, with the exception of $5, to his widow. A daughter, now Mrs. Alice Di Momberdeill of Newark, N. J., received a bequest of $5. Regarding the bequest to the daughter, the testator said:

"I give and bequeath to my daughter, Alice, wife of Count Di Momberdeill, the sum of $5. The reason for the smaliness of the bequest to my daughter is that said daughter has never cared to see me nor has she ever shown or manifested any filial affection toward me."

Van Riper had personal property valued at $3,500.

To Discuss Freight Rate Increase.

Justice Victor J. Dowling, President of the Manhattan Club, has arranged for a meeting at the club on next Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, for a discussion of the proposed 5 per cent. freight rate increase. Manufacturers and merchants who are members of the club and have their offices in the uptown district, will take part. J. Stevens Ulman of 27 Cedar Street is Chairman of the committee having the matter in charge.

ACCUSES GOMPERS OF DRUNKEN REVELS

Miners' Convention in Tumult When a Speaker Assails Habits of Federation Chief.

DELEGATES CHEER CHARGE

Gompers Replies by Calling Accuser a Liar and Slanderer—Moyer Joins in the Attack.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 30.—Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, was assailed as a drunkard in the convention of the United Mine Workers of America here to-day, and the row that followed was marked by scenes of general disorder. Duncan McDonald, Secretary-Treasurer of the Illinois miners, charged that Gompers got "gloriously drunk" during the Seattle convention and on other occasions. Gompers replied by calling McDonald a liar and a slanderer.

The incident resulted from the bitter feeling developing in the miners' organization against the American Federation of Labor and Charles H. Moyer, the miners' chief, added fuel to the flames by asserting that if the copper strike in Michigan were to fail it would be due to the lack of financial assistance from the American Federation of Labor.

The delegates showed little sympathy for Gompers and he insisted he was being tried "before a jury whose minds were already poisoned," but every point made by Moyer and McDonald was wildly applauded. After McDonald had concluded, the tumult was so great that Gompers, despairing of being heard, put on his overcoat and hat and started to leave the hall. The delegates were silenced, however, by an appeal from Moyer, and Gompers returned.

Gompers sat within four feet of McDonald when the miner assailed him as having been intoxicated at various conventions.

"Gompers had a snoot-full at Atlanta," asserted McDonald. "He has told you what a great friend he is of John Walker, our former President in Illinois. I saw Gompers in Atlanta after he had been celebrating and he tottered up to Delegate Groce Lawrence and threw his arms around his neck, saying: 'Johnny Walker, I love you like a brother.'

"Then again in the bar of a Chicago hotel, Gompers got lit up, called me all kinds of names and told his followers how he fixed me at Atlanta. Jim Lord, a delegate to this convention from Illinois, told me about that occasion."

In speaking further of the Seattle occasion, McDonald said:

"About the obscene language and maudlin song. I recognized the voice of Gompers, who seemed to be trying to sing a solo and keep time by pounding on the table with a beer bottle. Let me tell you they didn't have any glasses there, they had a tub, filled with bottled beer and cracked ice and on the table were half gallon decanters of whisky."

Then McDonald asked the delegates to hear what Gompers had to say.

"I resent the hypocritical plea of McDonald for a hearing for me," Gompers said, when the cheers had died down so that he could be heard. "The worse criminal in the land has a better show than I have here. He knows the charges which have been placed against him, but I am called here and the charges made without any time for me to obtain evidence to disprove them. It is unjust, vicious, and inhuman.

"The fact that I was permitted to occupy a pulpit in Seattle the Sunday night following the Sunday morning mentioned by McDonald, is sufficient refutation of the charge that I was drunk.

In concluding, Gompers reiterated the hope that John P. White, President of the miners, would accept the office of Vice President of the Federation, to which he was elected at the Seattle convention.

MRS. CLAUSSEN LOSES AGAIN

Her Attempt to Get Out of Matteawan Fails in Appellate Division.

Mrs. Ida Claussen's appeal from a Supreme Court order denying her a writ of habeas corpus to free her from the Matteawan State Hospital for the Insane was dismissed yesterday by the Appellate Division without opinion. Mrs. Claussen was committed to Matteawan after a hearing in General Sessions before Judge Malone. She was indicted for sending a threatening letter to Charles Strauss, an attorney and President of the Board of Water Supply. This letter, written from Europe, contained a threat to shoot Strauss unless he obtained a verdict of divorce in her favor, so that she might marry a wealthy European nobleman, she said. Strauss had never been her attorney.

Mrs. Claussen was arrested on her arrival in this country upon complaint of Mr. Strauss. She had previously been an inmate of the Bloomingdale Hospital for the Insane, but had won release by a jury trial after a sensational escape, in which she broke her ankle by leaping from an upper window. Mrs. Claussen won her first notoriety by charging that the United States Diplomatic Corps, inspired by President Roosevelt, had conspired to keep her from contracting a royal marriage by debarring her from presentation at various courts of Europe. Various alienists have pronounced her dangerously insane.

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to be held this day (Saturday), will offer exceptionally good values at the following attractive prices:

Men's English Raincoats of gabardine, with silk-lined yoke and sleeves; and Men's English Raincoats of fine gray cassimere, with collar and cuffs of black velvet, at $17.50

Men's English Raincoats, of double texture material in blue and the new shades of tan, at $12.00

Men's English Raincoats, of single texture material, in blue and several shades of tan, at $9.00

The above prices are fully one-third to one-half less than usual.

The Men's Furnishing Department is easily accessible from the main entrance to the store.

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A Special Offering for this day (Saturday) will consist of

Over 15,000 Yards of Desirable Dress Silks

comprising Silks for Afternoon and Evening, Silk Suitings, White Silks and Black Silks, at . . . per yard 48c. to $4.50

The above Silks are arranged in suitable lengths for Afternoon and Dinner Gowns, Dancing Frocks, Tailor-made Suits, House Dresses, Kimonos, Blouses and Petticoats.

Also 10,000 Yards of White Washable Habutai Silk

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200 Men's and Young Men's Fashionable Overcoats

Light, medium and heavy, for every need, rain, general utility or dress; styles and fabrics that are the latest and best—offered to close at the most attractive price savings.

DRESS COATS OF FINE VICUNA—All sizes.	*Regularly $35.00 and $38.00*	26.50
CONVERTIBLE COLLAR COATS—Sizes 33 to 37.	*Regularly $28.00 and $30.00*	17.50
SHAWL COLLAR COATS—Sizes 33 to 38.	*Regularly $28.00 and $30.00*	17.50
BUTTON THROUGH MODELS—(Young Men's)—Sizes 33 to 37.	*Regularly $28.00 to $32.00*	17.50
CRAVENETTE RAIN COATS—Standard, 52 inch, all sizes.	*Regularly $16.50 and $18.00*	12.75
CRAVENETTE COATS—Medium weights, all sizes.	*Regularly $27.00 to $32.00*	19.50

Women's 1914 Season Raincoats

RAINCOATS OF GABARDINE, cravenette, latest spring model; tan, navy, black.	*Regularly $14.50*	9.85	ROUGH WEATHER COATS of Priestley's cravenette English tweed. Balmaccan model.	*Regularly $20.00*	15.00
RAINCOATS OF SPUN SILK POPLIN—Rubberized English model.	*Regularly $9.00*	6.75	TYROLEAN CAPES, true Tyrolean model of cravenette Donegal tweed; ideal motor garment.	*Regularly $17.50*	12.75

Blouses

Very Latest Ideas at Most Attractive Prices

CHIFFON CLOTH BLOUSES Soft draping of lace.	*Regularly $19.75*	16.50
WHITE NET BLOUSES—embroidered long sleeves.	*Regularly $15.75*	12.75
CHIFFON BLOUSES—Fancy figured, over flesh colored lining.	*Regularly $12.50*	8.75
CHIFFON CLOTH BLOUSES Fancy under bodice and frills.	*Regularly $9.75*	7.50
SATIN BLOUSES—White and striped, satin and lace trimmed.	*Regularly $9.75*	6.50
CREAM NET BLOUSES—Black; net collar.	*Regularly $6.75*	4.85

Auto Hoods

FINE QUALITY PLUSH—Gray, black, finished chiffon veil corresponding color.	*Reg. $5.75*	4.95

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Imported models for women and misses, greatly below the regular prices.

Of Cashmere, Shetland and fine Hand Knit Sweaters — sport models, with belt; straight lines or cut away. Two toned and solid colors.

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5.75 to 15.00

Neckwear

For Women and Misses

GUIMPES — Fine net, Dutch neck, finished sailor collar.	*Regularly $3.75*	3.35
DUTCH COLLARS—Fine batiste, sailor shape.	*Regularly $1.15*	.95
ORGANDIE SETS—Dutch collar and cuffs; fine plaitings of net.	*Regularly $1.45*	1.15
YOKES—Fine net, high collar.	*Regularly 85c*	.65

Gowns and Pajamas

NIGHT GOWNS—Superior quality outing flannel; high neck or collarless.	*Regularly $1.50*	.95
PAJAMAS—Fine outing flannel; dainty stripes or white.	*Regularly $1.75 to $2.25*	1.00, 1.50

Veilings and Veils

NOVELTY VEILINGS—Fancy mesh and chenille dots; black, white and colors.	*Regularly 28c yard*	15c
MAGPIE VEILINGS—Various meshes with chenille dots.	*Regularly 75c yard*	45c
SHETLAND WOOL VEILS — White only.	*Regularly 95c each*	55c
SILK SHETLAND VEILS—Black or brown.	*Regularly $1.45 each*	95c
FRENCH LACE VEILS—Black, white and magpie.	*Regularly $3.75 each*	2.25

Women's Combinations

FINE NAINSOOK—German Val. Lace trim edge and insertion, embroidery yoke, ribbon and beading at waist.	*Value $2.50*	1.75
FINE NAINSOOK—Two models; Linen Lace edge tucks and hand French knots, or embroidery trim, beading and ribbon at waist.	*Value $2.75*	1.95
PRINCESS COMBINATIONS—Fine Lawn or Nainsook, three models, Cluny lace medallion and edge, German Val. insertion and edge.	*Value $5.00*	3.25

Umbrellas

WOMEN'S — Natural handles, Shepherd crooks and straights with long shanks. Excellent grade of taffeta on strong 8-rib frames.	*Regularly $3.00*	1.95
WOMEN'S — Novelty handles. All sterling silver trimmed with caps, bands and inlaid work. Good weight, pure silk.	*Regularly $4.50*	2.95

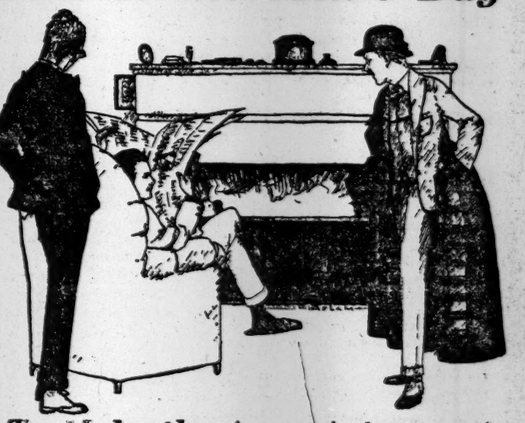
Kid Gloves

GLACE, 20 button length, best quality; white only.	*Value $4.50 pair*	3.45
GLACE, 16 button length, best quality; white, champagne and black.	*Value $3.50 pair*	2.85
DOESKIN, 12 button length, white only.	*Value $2.50 pair*	1.95

Broadway & 19th Street

GIMBELS

This Is the Men's Day



To Make the Acquaintance of

The February Sale of

FURNITURE

However much or little a man may have to do with the choosing of new Furniture, he is apt to have a good deal to say about it after it is sent home, if it does not suit his ideas of beauty and comfort.

As a matter of fact, we find that in at least 75 per cent. of cases the "man of the house" comes with some feminine member of his family at last to *look* at the Furniture, if not actually to buy it.

So today—a half-holiday in many businesses and professions—we set apart as a special day for men to visit the GIMBEL Furniture Sale, with their wives, sisters or daughters, and to make reservations, if they choose, before the Sale actually opens on Monday.

And the men will undoubtedly enjoy it, if they love beautiful things.

For, apart from all questions of selling and buying, it is a really beautiful exhibit of fine Furniture. In fact, as one furniture maker said to us yesterday:

"Have You the Show Place of the Town?"

But he did not mean by that that it was merely Furniture for *show*. For his experienced eye caught at a glance the QUALITY of the Furniture that makes up the remarkable display. It was rather a tribute to the unusual arrangement and comprehensiveness of the collection.

There is Furniture for the richest city or country house—

There is Furniture for the city apartment that must be furnished for a modern sum—

There is Furniture for the little bungalow: in which "the cellar and the attic are on the same floor."

There is Furniture for the bachelor apartment and for a man's office or study.

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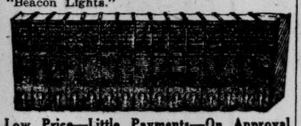

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AUTOGRAPH LETTERS

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P. F. MADIGAN

501 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

FAVOR REFERENDUM FOR BUILDING TAX

City Chamberlain Bruere Says Mayor Would Sign Such a Bill.

LEGISLATORS MEET HERE

Speakers Think Land Should Pay More and Homes Less—Gov. Glynn Sends Letter.

City Chamberlain Henry Bruere told 300 guests at the Lower Rents "dinner to the Governor and members of the Legislature" last night at the Hotel Brevoort that he and Mayor Mitchel were in favor of having the question of the reduction of the rate of taxation upon buildings as compared to that upon land submitted to the people, as provided by the Salant-Schaap bill, soon to be introduced in the Legislature.

"The Mayor told me," said Mr. Bruere, "that he would sign a bill for the referendum of this question to the people if it was submitted to him, and that one of his camapign promises had been to appoint a board of competent persons to investigate the tax question thoroughly.

"I have no confidence in the infallibility of the Legislature," continued Mr. Bruere, "and I would like to see this bill passed for the people to vote upon. I myself would vote at the polls tomorrow for lower rents and for any device which would put into use land at present unused. On the street where I live there are four vacant lots, the owner of which, I understand, lives in Paris because he can not stand the vulgar atmosphere of New York. I hold no brief against the landowners and I respect the men who have done so much toward developing the outlying sections of New York; but I am ready, and I think it is time, to consider a housing programme for New York that will be sufficient to her needs."

Although the dinner was scheduled as being to the Governor, Gov. Glynn was unable to attend and sent a letter of regret, in which he said that the Society to Lower Rents and Reduce Taxes on Homes recommended itself to every thinking man.

"One of the things which is occupying my attention at Albany," wrote Gov. Glynn, "is the problem of increasing the food supply of New York by placing more of New York's fertile fields under cultivation. This is the broad purpose underlying agricultural legislation, such as co-operative marketing and long-time agricultural loans. Lower rents and smaller grocery bills are both part of one large plan for the benefit of the body politic.

The dinner was given under the auspices of the Society to Lower Rents and Reduce Taxes on Homes, the New York Congestion Committee, and the Business Men's Association to Untax Industry. Register John J. Hopper presided and the speakers represented the Republican, Democratic, and Progressive parties. There were about twenty-five members of the Legislature present.

Frederic C. Leubuscher, President of the first-named society, said:

"The Astor estate owns about 500 acres of unimproved land in the Bronx, and it has a large sign there reading: 'Astor estate. Not for sale.'

"What does all this mean? Simply that these big estates and corporations are holding these lots until the increased population will allow them to unload at enormous profits. Untaxing buildings would start a great building boom."

SANITARIUM HEAD HELD.

Accused of Practice Without License—Investigating Boy's Death.

Arthur Boerner, who conducts a sanitarium at 7,108 Fourteenth Avenue, Bath Beach, was arrested early yesterday morning on a charge of practicing medicine without a license. In the Coney Island Court Magistrate McGuire held the prisoner in $2,500 bail for further examination. He pleaded not guilty.

The police had been trying to find Boerner since Jan. 16, when ten-year-old Irving Goldenberg, son of Herman Goldenberg of 16 East 117th Street, Manhattan, died in the Norwegian Hospital. The Goldenberg boy had been removed to the hospital from Boerner's sanitarium, where, the police allege, he was treated with herb tea by Boerner. The boy was taken to the sanitarium on Dec. 28. At the time his parents believed he was suffering from infantile paralysis, although there is no evidence to show that he suffered from this disease.

Miss Ray Tuckman of 15 East 101st Street, Manhattan, the boy's aunt, visited him at the sanitarium on Jan. 15. She found her nephew in such pain that she called in Dr. A. J. Molloy of 7,518 Fourteenth Avenue, Bath Beach. Dr. Molloy, she said, told her that Irving showed symptoms of morphine or opium poisoning. He advised her to send the boy to the hospital. This was done, and Irving died the following morning. The Coroner and the District Attorney's office are investigating the circumstances of the boy's death, and the contents of the stomach are being analyzed to determine the cause of death. Boerner left George Baer, an assistant, in charge of the sanitarium. Baer denied that he or any one had administered herb tea to the boy.

TO ALTER BISHOP DECREE.

Nathalie Bishop Decides She Wants to Live with Her Father.

A motion will be made before Justice Lehman of the Supreme Court next Friday for a modification of the decree of divorce obtained by Abigail Hancock Bishop against her husband, James Cunningham Bishop, so that Nathalie Bishop, the fifteen-year-old daughter, may live with her father. The motion will be made by Phoenix Ingraham, the child's legal guardian.

Justice Giegerich, in granting the divorce, gave the custody of the child to the mother, who sent her to a seminary in Winsted, Conn. It was said yesterday that Nathalie had decided to live with her father.

Form Medical Jurisprudence Society.

The American Association of Medical Jurisprudence, an organization dedicated to the study and advancement of the science of medical jurisprudence, has just been incorporated under the laws of this State. The members, limited in number to 200, are to be drawn from the ranks of the lawyers and doctors of the entire country. The first annual meeting for discussion will be held in this city on the first Saturday in May. The first President is Dr. Reynold Webb Wilcox, formerly President of the American Therapeutic Society.

CITY BREVITIES.

The addition to the Prince George Hotel, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street, which has just been completed, was formally opened to the public yesterday, with a reception in the afternoon and a supper and dance in the evening.

The Pennsylvania Railroad will open a new freight station at Pier 22, East River, foot of James Slip, to-morrow.

The Widowed Mothers' Fund Association, Mrs. William Einstein, President, is one of the ten charities that have been invited to be represented at the Woman's Industrial Exhibition at the Grand Central Palace Feb. 5 to 14, inclusive. The association will have a sale of paintings.

Allen Bröemith of counsel for the Travelers' Insurance Co., who is to retire next month, was entertained at dinner last night in Healy's Forty-second Street Grill by his friends and associates in the office. A loving cup was given to him.

Dr. Henry Moskowitz, President of the Civil Service Commission, will be entertained at dinner by friends and neighbors of the east side at Clinton Hall next Wednesday evening.

At the sixth Saturday luncheon of the City Club to-day at 55 West Forty-fourth Street Mayor Mitchel will discuss "What the Police Department Needs."

SEE NEW NICE DANCES.

Education Board and Clergy View Substitutes for the Tango.

An exhibition of new dances designed to take the place of the turkey trot and the tango was given before members of the Board of Education and other invited guests last night at Public School 41, in Greenwich Avenue. Several clergymen were present and applauded the exhibition in which professional exponents of modern ballroom dancing participated.

The dancing was suggested by Mrs. James A. Wright of 138 West Eleventh Street, head of the Greenwich Village Social Centre, who wished to persuade the members of the Board of Education and the clergy of the district that the one-step and the perigon should be permitted in public school buildings so that the young people would not be compelled to resort to dance halls or public restaurants in order to dance.

The objectionable tango was not danced.

At the request of Mrs. Schuyler Schieffelin, Mrs. I. N. Phelps Stokes, Mrs. Edward Ringwood Hewitt, Miss Grace Bigelow, Mrs. Charles W. Cooper, Miss Ida M. Tarbell, Miss Jeannette L. Gilder and other members of the Gramercy Neighborhood Association. Professional dancers gave an exhibition of modern dances at the Washington Irving High School last evening.

More than a thousand boys and girls went to see the dancing and Irving Place was crowded. Only 500 could be accommodated in the gymnasium and several policemen were needed to keep order.

FIGHT OVER RURAL CREDITS

60,000 Letters to be Sent to Farmers Throughtout the Country.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The establishment of the rural credit system is not to be accomplished without a determined fight in Congress. It developed to-day that an attack is to be made upon the bill introduced yesterday by Senator Fletcher which represents the conclusions of the United States Rural Credit Commission, named by President Wilson to make an investigation of the problem. The opponents of the farm credits plan believe that if they cannot kill the Fletcher bill they can as a last resort prevent any action at this session of Congress.

A vigorous effort is to be made to stimulate sentiment that will result in pressure upon Congress to indorse the proposition that the Government should go into the business of lending money to agriculturalists, despite the President's objections to the plan. As a starter, 60,000 letters are to be sent to farmers in all sections of the country urging support of the plan. They are to have the indorsement of officers of the National Grange.

Accompanying them will be a protest against the Fletcher bill, intended to appeal not alone to farmers, but also to bankers generally. Opponents of the bill contend that the section which exempts from all State or Federal taxation, including the income tax, all the assets of the new banks is nothing less than extreme class legislation.

BILL TO REPEAL PRESS LAW.

Moore Would Strike Out All but Advertisement Clause.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania has introduced a bill in the House of Representatives to repeal all the provisions of the so-called newspaper publicity law except that which requires periodical publications to mark as "advertisement" all news and editorial matter printed in consideration of money or anything of value.

"I have always contended that such a law is discriminatory and special legislation," he said. "No other corporation is required to furnish the public with information about the operation of its private affairs. It is therefore class legislation and should be repealed."

The part of the newspaper publicity law which Mr. Moore seeks to repeal requires that all publications shall furnish to the Post Office Department a sworn statement setting forth the names and addresses of responsible editors and other managers, and the names of the owners, or stockholders, bondholders, or other security holders, and shall publish this statement, and in the case of a daily newspaper, the statement to be sworn to and published must contain figures of the circulation of the newspaper. Magazines and weeklies are not required to disclose their circulation.

LAMAR HEARS ATTACKS.

In Senate Gallery When Referred to as an "Unsavory Party."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30. — David Lamar, referred to on the floor of the Senate yesterday "as the Wolf of Wall Street," listened from the Senate gallery to-day to further expression of opinions as to himself and his action in urging formal inquiries into alleged railroad rebates to the United States Steel Corporation. He was described by Senator Clark of Wyoming as "a most unsavory party, a notorious liar, self-confessed."

Other Senators read from the proceedings of the Interstate Commerce Committee testimony that Lamar made a request that the committee hear William H. Green of Nebraska on this alleged rebating, accompanying it with a demand that he be allowed to name counsel to conduct the hearing. Senator Clark charged that the stipulation was made for the personal gain of the man who made it, and said the committee acted properly in refusing to agree to it.

Debate continued to-day on Senator Lane's resolution to direct the Interstate Commerce Commission to take Green's testimony. An effort to send the whole matter to the commission and the Attorney General without any recommendation met with vigorous opposition. The debate will be resumed to-morrow.

HITS PHILIPPINE POLICY.

Promises of Independence Assailed by Representative Miller.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 30.—Representative Clarence Miller of Minnesota, speaking here to-night at the annual banquet of the Chandler Club, discussed "Our Duty to the Philippines." He criticised the policy of the Democratic Administration in extending promises of independence to the Filipinos.

"The splendid structure which Americans have spent years in constructing in the Philippines," he said, "has been tumbled to pieces like a house of blocks."

Other speakers were Representative Frank B. Willis of Ohio, and Senator Weeks of Massachusetts.

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TAKES POISON AND REPENTS

City College Graduate Thought Thus to Win Parents' Sympathy.

Samuel Kornbluth of 304 West 149th Street walked up to Patrolman Dunwoody at Lenox Avenue and 135th Street last night and told him he had just taken two bichloride of mercury tablets. Although a graduate of the City College he had been unable, he said, to find work for the last four months.

"I left home ten days ago," he said, "after a quarrel. When I found myself reduced to 55 cents I determined to do something to gain the sympathy of my parents. I bought the poison from a druggist for 50 cents. He let me have it because I signed my mother's name to a note. I invested the other nickel in milk. I swallowed two of the tablets in the shadow of the City College, and then washed them down with the milk. I do not want to die, but hope when my parents hear about me they will be sorry."

At the Harlem Hospital last night it was said the doctors could not tell whether Kornbluth would recover or not.

POPE'S GIFT A BEQUEST.

Mrs. Julia A. Downing Gives Gold Cross to Her Daughter.

In her will, filed for probate yesterday, Mrs. Julia A. Downing, who died at Hempstead, L. I., on Jan. 15, left to her daughter, Mrs. Madeleine T. Fiske, a cross of gold which had been given to her by Pope Pius X. in recognition of her work for the leper settlement on the Hawaiian island of Molokai.

Mrs. Downing about twenty years ago became interested in the leper settlement and Pope Leo XII. granted her an audience, at which she proposed establishing a society for the settlement's benefit. Upon her return to this country she founded the society and gave many entertainments in her Brooklyn home to raise money for it. The Bishop of Molokai wrote to Pope Pius of the work which Mrs. Downing had done, and four years ago Mrs. Downing received from the Pope a gold cross three inches long, inscribed with her name.

Besides the cross, Mrs. Downing left legacies of $5,750 to each of her four children.

BUYS INTO TYSON CO.

F. R. Comstock of the Shubert Interests Acquires Stock.

F. Ray Comstock, of the theatrical firm of Comstock & Gest, an organization closely affiliated with the Shuberts, bought an interest yesterday in the theatre ticket selling business of the Tyson Company. At the same time the Shuberts agreed to extend a certain amount of credit to the Tyson Company. A report that the Shuberts had bought the Tyson concern was denied last night by J. J. Shubert.

"An opportunity presented itself for me to buy some stock in the Tyson Company," said Mr. Comstock last night, "and I simply put a small amount of money into the company. The report that I am to assume the management of the Tyson Company is untrue. I will have no voice in the management."

The Tyson Company is not the same concern as Tyson & Co., which recently got into difficulties over the handling of opera tickets. George J. Bascom, founder of the Tyson Company, sold most of his stock two years ago to Newman Erb & Co. It was some of the Erb stock which Comstock bought.

HAMMERSTEIN APPEAL LOST

Constantino May Now Defend Injunction Suit.

The Appellate Division dismissed yesterday Oscar Hammerstein's appeal from a Supreme Court order reopening the default of Florencio Constantino in an injunction suit begun by Hammerstein to restrain Constantino from singing for the Boston Opera Company. Constantino was one of the singers whom Hammerstein claimed to have under contract for his opera in opposition to the Metropolitan. He failed to get in his answer to Hammerstein's suit before the return day specified by the court and Hammerstein got judgment by default.

Constantino had the default reopened, and then Hammerstein appealed. Hammerstein has been restrained by the State courts in this jurisdiction from giving opera, under a contract he made with the Metropolitan at the time he sold out his Manhattan Opera House interests. His efforts to have this injunction vacated have so far been unsuccessful.

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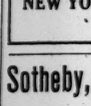

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Wants Congress to Pass Them Before Adjourning—More Hearings on Bills.

FOR UNIFORM ACCOUNTING

Brandeis Urges That Trade Board Regulate Corporation Bookkeeping—New Yorker to Testify.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee opened its hearings to-day on the proposed legislation for the creation of an Interstate Trade Commission and for empowering the Interstate Commerce Commission to superintend railway issues.

Louis D. Brandeis of Boston was the leading witness. While testifying in favor of the proposed trade commission he emphasized the importance of vesting that commission with power to standardize the accounting systems of interstate corporations and compel publicity.

The House Judiciary Committee also resumed its hearings on the other trust bills i nthe Administration programme, and again heard Representative Stanley of Kentucky. He contended that corporate forces had for more than a decade waged a campaign for the interpolation by construction into the Sherman law of the word "unreasonable," as applied to restraint of trade, and argued that Congress by express statute should wipe that construction out of the law.

Representative Jefferson M. Levy of New York will probably be heard by the Judiciary Committee to-morrow in advocacy of the various anti-trust bills he has introduced. On Tuesday the Judiciary Committee will hear Felix H. Levy of New York, who was one of the attorneys for the Government in the Tobacco Trust case. Next Wednesday Seth Low of New York will be heard by the same committee. Samuel Untermeyer of New York will also make his statement before the Judiciary Committee some time next week.

President Wilson is insistent upon the enactment of anti-trust legislation, even before an adjournment to give members an early start in the Congressional campaign, according to administration leaders in Congress to-day.

Mr. Underwood told his colleagues that the President desired the trust bills passed by all means, and that this had led to a general taking stock of pending legislation with a view to curtailing the programme as much as possible. The Democratic leaders are expecting the session to end on June 1, and want to complete by that time all appropriation bills, trust measures, and rural credit legislation, which the President wishes passed this session, and other matters that cannot go over until a later time.

Representative Underwood is to confer with the President on Monday on the legislative programme.

The Interstate Commerce Committee adjourned until Monday, and next week will hear testimony from the Commissioner of Corporations, Joseph E. Devies, and Secretary Redfield of the Department of Commerce.

In his argument before this committee Mr. Brandeis insisted that Federal regulation of corporate bookkeeping was vital. He though this should be done much along the lines now followed by the Interstate Commerce Commission with respect to the accounts of railroads. There should be uniform and accurate information, he said, regarding each interstate corporation's assets and liabilities, actual gross income, and actual expenses of operation. But Mr. Brandeis did not think Congress should perscribe the methods of bookkeeping to be adopted. That should be left to the Trade Commission.

Ae there were about 305,000 corporations in the country, Mr. Brandeis did not expect that the proposed commission could compel all corporations to adopt a uniform system of bookkeeping at once. Nor did he think that all corporations should have the same kind of books. The particular character of standardization that he sought would only require like methods of bookkeeping for like kinds of business and corporations. Mr. Brandeis thought it might take ten or fifteen years for the proposed commission to bring all corporations to a thoroughly satisfactory and uniform method of bookkeeping. It would, he said, be accomplished gradually.

PARTNERSHIPS ARE EXEMPT.

Surrogate Rules on the Inheritance Tax Law.

A decision, which may materially change the levying of the New York inheritance tax upon the estates of persons dying non-resident, was rendered yesterday by Surrogate Cohalan in connection with an appeal taken by the estate of Adolph Ludeke from the report of Transfer Tax Appraiser Garvin.

Mr. Ludeke, who was a resident of New Jersey, was, at the time of his death, Sept. 8, 1912, in partnership with his son, Henry Ludeke, under the firm name of A. Ludeke & Co., dealers in diamonds and precious stones, at 170 Broadway. His interest in this partnership was appraised in the inheritance tax report at $98,796.53, exclusive of the firm's good will, which was not taxed. Appraiser Garvin maintained that as the property in the partnership consisted of jewelry and other stock in trade it was tangible property, and, therefore, not exempt from taxation. An appeal was taken from this decision by the attorneys for the estate, Rabe & Keller, on the ground that a partnership is an entity in which there is no individual ownership or property. Surrogate Cohalan said:

"Upon the death of the decedent the legal title to the partnership property vested in the surviving partner for liquidation. None of the goods constituting the partnership passed directly to the legatees under the will of the decedent. But this equitable interest in the partnership property, which passed to the legatees after the liquidation, was not tangible property within the meaning of the tax law. The order fixing tax will, therefore, be reversed and the appraiser's report remitted to him for correction."

Members of the firm of Rabe & Keller point out that if this decision is upheld on appeal it will very possibly mean that any non-resident of the State who owns property in the State may escape the inheritance tax by forming a partnership for the holding of his property. In some cases this would mean a great saving to the estates of wealthy non-residents.

AID FOR LITTLE CRIPPLES.

Good Results Reported at Seaside Home in Care of 250 Children.

The second annual meeting of the corporation of the Seaside Home for Crippled Children at Arverne, L. I., was held yesterday afternoon in the Biltmore Hotel. Dr. Fred H. Albee spoke of the results accomplished by the home in the years of its existence.

Miss Evelyn M. Goldsmith, President of the corporation, who is a teacher of crippled children in Public School No. 27, in giving an account of the work of the past year, said that 250 children had been cared for, and that all had shown improvement, and some had been cured. The children were taken from the city hospitals and public schools. Mrs. William Grant Brown also addressed the meeting.

BRONX GRAND JURY'S WORK.

Recommendation of Detail of Deputy Police Commissioner to Borough

The first Grand Jury of Bronx County was discharged yesterday by Justice John J. Brady after completing its work for the month. The usual compliments were exchanged, Foreman George B. Cortelyou being spokesman for the Grand Jury.

Two recommendations were made by the jurors. The first urged that Mayor Mitchel detail for the Bronx a Deputy Police Commissioner. The second referred to the care of prisoners, and the Grand Jury recommends that the Department of Correction have the same power of supervision over the prisoners as in other counties.

HOLD BOYS FOR BURGLARY.

Street Quarrel Over Pawntickets Stirs Detectives' Suspicions.

Three boys who said they were Richard Willis, 18 years old, of 2,648 Eighth Avenue; Joseph Hosch, 17, of 2,860 Eighth Avenue, and Raymond Greene, 16, of 25 Bradhurst Avenue, were arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Levy in the Harlem Court accused of burglary. Greene was discharged, and the other two who pleaded guilty were held in $3,000 bail for General Sessions.

The complainants, Mary M. Fink of 227 West 148th Street, and Herman Weber of 2,548 Eighth Avenue, identified articles found in the possession of the boys at the time of their arrest. Detectives Stein and Curtayne of the Lenox Avenue Station arrested the boys at Eighth Avenue and 145th Street. Their suspicions were aroused when they observed the boys quarreling over some pawntickets.

DEMOCRATS HERE TO SETTLE ON JOBS

Glynn to Meet Leaders in Important Conferences on Places He Has to Fill.

W. C. OSBORN FOR CHAIRMAN

Five Commissionerships Said to be Murphy's Demand—Strong Influences Against Him.

An important conference of prominent Democrats which will have a direct bearing upon the future of the Democratic Party in the city and State will be held to-day at the Vanderbilt Hotel. Gov. Glynn will meet William Church Osborn and a number of other Democratic leaders and Mr. Osborn will be urged to accept the Chairmanship of the Democratic State Committee. Appointments which the Governor has yet to make will also be discussed.

The State Chairmanship will be the first matter considered. Pressure has been brought to bear from many well-known Democrats upon Mr. Osborn to take the place, but Mr. Osborn has so far held aloof. The present Chairman, George M. Palmer, is willing to resign, but he would like to get a good appointment from the Governor before he does so. The Chairmanship of the up-State Public Service Commission is most to his liking, and it was said last night that he might be appointed to something as an easy means of getting him out of the State committee.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, is very anxious to get some of the Governor's patronage, and extraordinary pressure is being used upon the Governor not to neglect the Tammany organization altogether. It was said last night that the Governor did not want to be too hard on Murphy, but the independent Democrats, who are anxious to get the control of the party away from Murphy, will plead with the Governor to ignore him entirely.

Among the plums that the Governor has to bestow are two up-State Public Service Commissioners, one Commissioner from the First District, a Supreme Court Justice to succeed Ambassador Gerard, two members of the Court of Appeals, and five Compensation Commissioners, one at $10,000 a year, and four at $7,500. Murphy would like to get all five of these Commissioners, and it is said that he has asked to keep his hands off the other appointments if he receives the five places. The Governor, it was said, had made up his mind to appoint men to the up-State Public Service Commission who are not affiliated with the Democratic organization, while with the Public Service Commission here he is willing to appoint an organization man if he can get one of high calibre.

The Governor can designate one member of the Court of Appeals and appoint another. Abram I. Elkus, defeated Democratic candidate for the Court of Appeals, is an active candidate for one of these places, and it was said last night that he stood a good chance of getting the appointment. Acting Lieut. Gov. Robert F. Wagner is working hard for Mr. Elkus's appointment, and he also has a candidate in Jeremiah F. Mahoney for Public Service Commissioner for the First District. If Mr. Elkus is selected for the Court of Appeals, it is unlikely that Mr. Mahoney will get the Public Service Commissionership.

Gov. Glynn may remain in the city until next Wednesday. If he does there will be a number of conferences. The National Administration, it was said, was watching the situation carefully and influence may be exerted from Washington to have Murphy frozen out entirely. With no patronage from up-State in sight the Independent Democrats feel that Murphy will not be able to hold on much longer. In the course of his stay in the city the Governor will also have a conference with Mayor Mitchel.

SIMMS A MAGISTRATE.

Named to Succeed G. M. S. Schulz —Term Has 9 1-2 Years to Run.

Mayor Mitchel yesterday appointed ex-Magistrate Charles E. Simms to fill out the unexpired term of Magistrate George M. S. Schulz of the Bronx, who was elected Surrogate of that Boro gh at the last election.

Magistrate Simms will have nine and a half years to serve, at a salary of $7,000 a year. He served as a Police Justice under Mayor Gilroy for two and a half years, and he was reappointed by Mayor Strong, serving four years. His term expired in 1899, and since then he has been practicing law. As a Deputy Assistant District Attorney under District Attorney Nicoll he helped to prepare the cases against Carlyle Harris and Ben Ali. He is an independent Democrat, and lives at 167 Alexander Avenue, the Bronx.

MORE NURSES NEEDED.

McAneny Committee Suggests City Training for Them.

The Hospital Investigating Committee, of which George McAneny, President of the Board of Aldermen, is Chairman, submitted to the Board of Estimate yesterday two more sections of its report concerning hospital conditions in the city. One section deals with the ratio of nurses to patients and the other with the helpers and minor employes of the municipal hospitals. The report says that a large proportion of these helpers are "periodic drunks," who are willing to work for salaries ranging from $120 to $480 a year and board and lodging. The report adds that they perform good service, and that there is little trouble in filling their places when they leave.

The relations between the hospital authorities and the nurse, the public and the nurse, and the physician and the nurse, continues the report, are in many respects unsatisfactory. It was found that the ratio of nurses employed in the various municipal hospitals varied greatly. The Metropolitan Hospital, general service, with about 700 beds and eight admissions yearly for each bed, employed one trained nurse for each twenty-four beds. The City Hospital, with 800 beds and eight admissions yearly for each bed, employed one trained nurse for each forty-two beds. The Kings County Hospital employed one trained nurse for each sixteen beds, and Bellevue Hospital, exclusive of special services, employed one nurse for each sixteen beds. The report recommends that a schedule be established calling for the employment of one nurse to four beds in the smaller hospitals having frequent admissions and of about one to five beds for the large hospitals, which care for the "longer-term" cases.

"Nursing associations," said the report, "are endeavoring to improve conditions and to meet the demand for nursing by educating a sufficient supply of well-trained, competent nurses. The supply, however, is by no means adequate to the needs, and it is an open question whether or not some form of training should be offered which would attract and equip a larger number of women for the nursing field, a form of training that would not encroach upon the field of the highly trained nurse."

NO CONTRACT FOR SHEEHAN

Estimate Board Ignores "Gentlemen's Agreement" with Gaynor.

The Board of Estimate refused yesterday to recognize "a gentlemen's agreement" which William F. Sheehan, ex-Lieutenant Governor, said he had with the late Mayor Gaynor. Mr. Sheehan said the agreement had to do with the city buying 3,000,000 gallons of water daily from the Citizens' Water Supply Company of Queens for two years and he wanted the agreement made a matter of legal contract. The company had been supplying the city with water for several years and last year, Mr. Sheehan said, Mayor Gaynor told him that the city would continue to take 3,000,000 gallons a day for two years more.

Controller Prendergast said the Finance Department had not been a party to any such agreement between Mr. Sheehan and the Mayor and that therefore no such agreement could hold. Deputy Water Commissioner Bennett said that the city did not need the water, as there was at present an excess of 80,000,000 gallons a day which, he said, was a fair margin of safety. President McAneny also said that inasmuch as Mayor Gaynor had not consulted with the other members of the Board of Estimate the "gentlemen's agreement" was not binding.

FRIEDMAN ACCUSED ON OTHER CHECKS

District Attorneys of New York and Brooklyn Had Complaints Against Ex-Assemblyman.

HE BLAMES "POLITICIANS"

Will Have Startling Disclosures to Make, He Says—To Waive Extradition.

Ex-Assemblyman Harold J. Friedman, who joined the insurgents in the Legislature in February, 1911, aiding in the defeat of William F. Sheehan for United States Senator, and who was arrested in Bayonne, N. J., on the charge of presenting a worthless check to a Brooklyn business man was, transwerred to the jail in Jersey City yesterday to await the legal formalities of extradition. There he was seen by his father, Henry C. Friedman, and an attorney. Late yesterday an attorney named Butler, who said he represented Friedman, telephoned to District Attorney Gropsey in Brooklyn announcing that his client would waive extradition proceedings and go to Brooklyn to face the charge.

Frank Walker, the complainant against Friedman, said last night that Friedman came to his place of business at 608 Broadway, Williamsburg, with an introduction from a friend and bought jewelry, for which he gave his check for $116, drawn on the Terminal Branch of the Corn Exchange Bank.

"Another Assemblyman happened to see Friedman with me and warned me against him," said Walker. "But I had already accepted his check. I called up the bank and they told me to hold him and get a policeman. But Friedman had gone. I found that Friedman had $2.50 in the bank. His father, who is evidently a good man, called yesterday and offered me a diamond ring of greater value than the articles sold to his son to make good my loss, but as the arrest had been made I could not accept the security or interfere in the case."

Another jeweler complained at the District Attorney's office in Brooklyn yesterday against Friedman. He said the latter had bought a jewel for $99, and the check had some back marked "No funds." According to this complainant Freidman represented to him that the gem was a birthday present for his grandmother. The jeweler said he had since discovered that Friedman's grandmother died five years ago.

At District Attorney Whitman's office it was said that complaints had been received against Friedman for a year, and it was supposed they had been settled in some way, as the complainants had never sought to prosecute him.

In his cell last night Friedman said: "My arrest is all a mistake. When I am released, which will be in a few days, I will have some startling disclosures to make concerning the politicians who are behind this matter. I deny that I have gotten money on checks to the amount of $5,000. I also deny that I bought jewelry and lavished it on my friends. I left New York fourteen months ago at the order of a physician. After leaving a sanitarium, I went to Bayonne on the advice of a physician."

JEANNE MAUBOURG SUES.

Opera Singer Asks Separation from Claude Bede.

Came yesterday before Justice Newburger in the Supreme Court Mrs. Jeanne Elizabeth Bede and asked for a separation from her husband, Claude Bede, on two grounds—he hated Americans, and was brutal to her because she loved them. Mrs. Bede sings contralto in the Metropolitan Opera House, where she is known to music lovers as Madame Jeanne Maubourg. Her husband sings in the Opera Comique in Paris. Madame asks for no alimony. All she wants is to be rid of that husband.

"He is so useless," said Madame. "I want him to retire, so I can live in peace among the good Americans who have been so very kind to me."

The court told Madame that if she got a separation she could not marry again. Madame shrugged her shoulders.

"That makes no difference," she said. "Only to be free of that man so whenever he bothers me I can call for my attorney and have him taken off to jail."

Asked for more particulars, Madame gave them through an interpreter, to whom she talked volubly, and waited impatiently for him to translate her words into English so that she could tell him some more. She said that she was married in New Jersey on Nov. 1, 1911, and for three months she lived in blissful ignorance that her husband hated all Americans. Then at a luncheon in a French café in Thirty-ninth Street Claude said to her that all American men were brutes and that American women were not much better.

"I got up from the table and started out of the café," the witness said. "Claude tried to prevent me from getting my wraps. He shook me and told me to return to the table, for he wanted to abuse the Americans some more. I told him to beware, because there were some very athletic Americans present, and that he might get what I was not strong enough to give him."

Claude finally sailed away from America to France, after telling her that he might conclude to return and kill her. As he sailed away he waved his hand at her and said these American words to her in French:

"Paddle your own canoe."

Justice Newburger reserved decision.

BRAVES FIRE IN RESCUES.

Policeman Saves Tenants in a Williamsburg Blaze.

Henry Detloff and his wife, Helen, were severely burned in a fire early yesterday in a six-family tenement at 363 Evergreen Avenue, Williamsburg. Policeman Conk of the Hamburg Avenue Station, attracted by the shouting of frightened tenants, moved an ash can from the sidewalk to the suspended ladder of a front fire escape and climbed to the second floor.

There he found Mrs. Elizabeth Scheck, overcome by smoke. Conk carried her to the roof.

The policeman made his way back through fire and smoke and came upon Detloff and his wife. Conk took them to the roof, but was painfully burned. Detloff was taken to the German Hospital. His wife was cared for by neighbors. The fire caused damage of $5,000.

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PLANS MADE FOR TANKS

Oil-Bearing Lands Under Investigation — Also Wants Navy to Do Its Own Refining.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The need of obtaining an adequate supply of oil fuel for the navy was emphasized by Secretary Daniels in testimony to-day before the House Committee on Naval Affairs. With only a portion of the fleet thus far equipped to burn fuel oil, he added, the navy was using 30,000,000 gallons of fuel oil this year, and he thought the time would soon come when the annual quantity of fuel oil needed would be around 125,000,000 gallons.

Mr. Daniels said the navy had worked out a plan for the establishment of oil-fuel tanks at various ports and strategical points, and these tanks would be built well ahead of the time they would be needed. But he was anxious that the navy should have an adequate supply of oil, and was now waiting on a report from a special board he had appointed to investigate the oil from lands of the Osage Indians in Oklahoma.

The navy had been counting on obtaining much of its fuel oil supply, Mr. Daniels said, from lands withdrawn by Executive order of President Taft in Southern California. But these lands were now in litigation, and Mr. Daniels said there was no telling when the case would be settled. It was for this reason, he explained, that the navy was now considering the advisability of obtaining its oil fuel supply from the Osage lands in Oklahoma.

Secretary Daniels said he hoped that by the time the Panama Canal was completed the navy would be able to obtain part of its fuel oil supply from the petroleum reserves in the Elk Hills and the Buenavista fields in California, and that the Government would by that time have its own refinery in operation.

Mr. Daniels strongly advocated the enactment of legislation to enable the navy to refine its own oil from its own oil wells and thus relieve itself of the need of purchasing oil at rapidly increasing prices. On account of the demand for naval fuel oil, he said, its price had doubled.

Secretary Daniels also intimated that it had been decided to leave the land defense of the Panama Canal wholly to the army. The project for the erection of permanent barracks on the Canal Zone to quarter marines, for which $400,000 had been appropriated, Mr. Daniels said, had been abandoned.

Mr. Daniels was asked if the submarine boats of the Lake type, which were unfinished through financial difficulties encountered in their construction, were to be completed. Mr. Daniels said he thought the makers should have every reasonable opportunity to make good in the hope that competition might be established with the Electric Boat Company.

ENVOY CRITICISED AUSTRIA.

Bryan Ordered Vopica to Balkan Post After Speech at Prague.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—A strange story of diplomatic indiscretion was told to-day at the expense of Charles J. Vopica of Chicago, newly appointed Minister to the Balkan States. Mr. Vopica is a native of Bohemia, and on his way to the Balkans he stopped at Prague to renew associations with his countrymen. According to a story told to-day, a dinner was given in his honor, and in the course of a speech Mr. Vopica sharply criticised the Imperial Government of Austria, presumably in regard to its course in the Balkans.

The American Consul at Prague, it is said, was so amazed at the visiting Minister's remarks that he cabled to the State Department. As a result Mr. Vopica, it is understood, received peremptory orders from Washington to proceed to his post without further loss of time.

POLICE BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mayor Mitchel's Measures Are Offered by Senator Bussey.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—Because of Senator Pollock's absence to-day Senator Bussey introduced the New York Police bills, framed by Mayor Mitchel, with the hope of obtaining the services of Col. George W. Goethals as Police Commissioner.

"Mayor Mitchel's police bills," according to a statement made by Senator Pollock, "are designed to make police discipline a positive and not a negative thing. They aim to inspire a new desire for efficiency and satisfactory service on the part of the force. We believe these bills will make possible a great advance in our police administration and we intend to do all in our power to secure their passage."

Money Orders Payable Anywhere.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Postal money orders will be payable at any Post Office, instead of only at the office on which they are drawn, under a bill passed to-day by the Senate. It has already passed the House.

CLAIMS CANAL JUNK WORTH $2,000,000

Chicago Wrecking Concern Contracted to Buy Old Material for $215,000.

WANTS ALL FRENCH LEFT

Many Barges, Dredges, Tugs, Scows, Cars, and Engines Have Been Used in Construction Work.

PANAMA, Jan. 30.—Out of the sale to a Chicago house wrecking company of the old junk taken over by the Isthmian Canal Commission under its purchase of the property of the French Canal Company has arisen one of the largest claims against the canal government.

The wrecking company, which in 1911 bought the scrap, has filed with Col. George W. Goethals, Chairman of the Panama Canal Commission, a claim for about 200,000 tons of scrap material which it declares should rightfully be delivered to it. The market value of the scrap is estimated at nearly $2,000,000.

Hearings in an effort to effect an equitable settlement of the claim have been begun by H. A. A. Smith, examiner of accounts of the Canal Commission, who is attempting to determine what scrap it was contemplated to sell under the terms of the contract with the wrecking company. The company declares that it is not only entitled to all the scrap on which it based its bid of $215,000, but also to all the material which originally belonged to the French Canal Company and which has since been abandoned as junk by the Canal Commission. The company insists that this junk includes many French barges, dredges, tugs, scows, launches, dump cars, and engines which the commission repaired and placed in service in the construction of the canal.

The sale to the company was authorized in September, 1911, after the company had made the highest bid, which was based, the commission says, on scrap which was shown to the company's representative. The officials of the commission declare that it was intended to sell all the abandoned French material not actually in use at the time the sale was made, though the contract states "or had not been credited to the French material account or taken up on the property account of the commission."

It is under this clause that the wrecking company is making claim to old French machinery, much of which is being daily used in the canal work.

Col. Goethals said to-day that he expected the courts would be called upon to settle the controversy because the contract was loosely worded and ambiguous.

WON'T APPOINT HICKEY.

Surrogate Denies Applicantion to Change Hilton Children's Guardian.

Surrogate Fowler yesterday denied the application of James H. Hickey to be appointed special guardian of Albert B. Hilton, Jr., and Vincent Hilton, grandsons of the late Judge Henry Hilton, in the place of the Bankers' Trust Company. Guy Richards, Assistant Secretary of the Bankers' Trust Company, opposed Mr. Hickey's motion on the ground that no reasons for a change of guardianship were shown in the petition and, furthermore, that Mr. Hickey was counsel for Albert Hilton, the father of the children, whose interests were adverse to the interests of the children.

Vincent Hilton is 17 years old and Albert B. Hilton, Jr., is 18. Under the will of Judge Henry Hilton his residuary estate was divided into twelve parts. Four parts were left in trust for Albert B. Hilton, the income to be used for his own support and for the support of his wife and three children. The three children were Albert, Jr., Vincent, and Helen Hilton Story Forde. An accounting of the estate showed that the interest accrued on this trust fund amounted to $91,081.

Gets $5,000 for Boy's Death.

Edward Perry Romer, 11 years old, was killed by a freight train of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad on Dec. 27, 1911. He was riding on the train and one of the trainmen threw a piece of coal at him. He jumped and fell under the wheels. His father sued the company for $50,000 damages, and yesterday a jury in the Supreme Court gave him a verdict of $5,000.

Adamson Appoints T. M. Stitt.

Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson announced yesterday that he had appointed as his secretary Theodor M. Stitt of 1,122 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, a reporter for The Brooklyn Standard-Union. Mr. Stitt is to begin his duties on Feb. 1. He was admitted to the bar two years ago. His salary is $3,800 a year.

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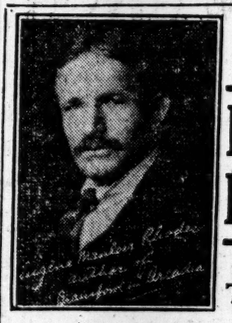

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BASEBALL MEN CONFER ON CONTRACTS---POMERANIAN DOG SHOW AT WALDORF---AUTO NEWS

BASEBALL RESERVE CLAUSE IS LEGAL

John C. Bell's Opinion Expressed at National League Conference Here.

The first move in the legal warfare, which is likely to take place between organized baseball authorities and the Federal League, was made by the National League yesterday, when an important meeting was held in this city to discuss the legal status of the players' contracts. At the meeting were John C. Bell, Attorney General of Pennsylvania; Attorney John C. Toole, counsel for the National League; Roy Reeves, Secretary to Gov. Tener, and John A. Heydler, Secretary and Treasurer of the league.

After a lengthy conference at National League headquarters, Secretary Reeves stated that Attorney Bell was of the opinion that the reserve clause of the player's contract was legal, and he believed that it would be upheld by the courts. It is on this reserve clause that the National League will base its fight when it seeks injunctions to prevent the contract jumpers from playing with the Federal League.

Attorney Bell acted as Gov. Tener's personal counsel in the matter. Bell was a prominent athlete at the University of Pennsylvania in his college days, and for years was a member of the Football Rules Committee. Attorney Toole is the lawyer who two years ago drew up the new reserve clause as it is now included in the contract. The contracts provide that 25 per cent. of the salary which the player receives is in payment for the right to reserve him for the following season.

Attorney Toole discussed the reserve clause with Gov. Tener's counsel for a long time and every angle of the contract was considered. Attorney Bell considered the contract sound, and he does not believe the major leagues will have any trouble in obtaining injunctions to restrain players from playing with the outlaws next Spring.

The National League will make its legal fight on the Killifer, Brennan, and Kirkpatrick cases. Killifer and Kirkpatrick both signed Federal contracts, received advance money, and then went back to organized ball and signed three-year contracts with their clubs.

Secretary Reeves said yesterday that the Post Office authorities in Philadelphia still have the $500 advance money which President Gilmore of the Federals advanced to Killifer, who returned the check to Gilmore, but he refused to accept it. It was returned and both Killifer and President Baker of the Phillies refused to open the letter.

The Federal League is lining up its legal forces in Chicago and is prepared for the fight. Their contention is that the reserve clause in the contract will not hold, as it imposes "involuntary employment" upon the player. The Federals claim that they have strong legal cases against the players who have signed their contracts, received money, and then have thrown them down to go back to the National League. They maintain that their contracts will hold because of being negotiated prior to the major league contracts.

The high-salaried players of the major leagues will be hard hit by the income tax. Secretary John B. Foster of the Giants has sent for the new forms and will send them to members of the club. Every regular member of the Giants will probably be liable for the tax. Unmarried men are taxable if their net income is more than $3,000, and married men are taxable if their net income is over $4,000. Counting regular salary, world's series receipts, money earned in business ventures during the Winter months, and all other means of revenue which ball players have, the Giants will soon have to be watching out for the revenue collector.

Mathewson will have to pay the biggest tax of any of the players. With his big salary the revenue he receives from newspaper work, life insurance and dividends on his investments, Matty probably has the biggest income of any player in the game.

Two members of the Giants will be exempt from the tax. They are Chief Meyers and Jim Thorpe. Being Indians, they are exempt from taxation. The other players can picture Meyers, who is very thrifty, on his alfalfa ranch in California, smiling when he thinks of the other players having to "whack up" with the tax collector.

The four Giant catchers, Meyers, McLean, Wilson, and Johnson, have been ordered to report at Marlin with the first squad on Feb. 28. This means that the catchers will have more work to do this year than ever before, on account of the absence of Wilbert Robinson, who for a number of seasons has shouldered the work of breaking in the new pitchers. Manager McGraw believes that working with the young twirlers will put the regular catchers in shape sooner. Milton Stock, the Giants' infielder, yesterday signed a contract covering the seasons of 1915-1916. He signed his 1914 contract a few days ago.

Manager Frank Chance of the Yankees has bought an interest in the Los Angeles Club of the Pacific Coast League. Advices from the Coast say that he has invested $60,000 in the team. Chance plans to develop many of his recruits on the Coast until they are ready for the big league.

Yesterday, President Farrell announced that Outfielder Harry Wolter had been released to the Los Angeles Club. Wolter was slated to go to Indianapolis, but this deal was cancelled as soon as Chance became interested in the Los Angeles Club.

Wolter's home is on the Coast, and as the player is a close friend of Chance, it would not be surprising if he was in line for the managership of the Coast club. The Yankees yesterday released Pitcher Cooney to the Lincoln (Neb.) Club. Cooney was drafted by the Yankees from Jersey City last year.

It is almost certain that if an International League Club is not placed in Brooklyn the coming season, 1915 will see a club playing at Ebbets Field when the Dodgers are not at home. The Brooklyn baseball officials realize the fact that the Federal League, while it will not make an invasion of New York this year, is sure to continue the fight next year, and break into this vicinity. President Ebbets and the McKeever brothers are willing to let the International League come into their territory as a war measure to keep the Federals out. They would not object to the Jersey City Club being transferred to Brooklyn. They feel that the surest way to head off outlaw invasion is to let Brooklyn fans have baseball every day in the season.

EBBETS BOWS TO TINKER.

Offers Player $7,500 to Play in Brooklyn, but Joe Won't Accept.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Joseph Tinker, the Cincinnati shortstop who was traded to the Brooklyn club and who was offered a salary of $5,000 a year and a bonus of $10,000 for signing a contract to play with the Superbas, to-day received a contract from President Ebbets, which was increased to $7,500, the amount Tinker demanded before he jumped to the Chicago club of the Federal League. While the Brooklyn club has acceded to all the demands made by Tinker before he became allied with the "outlaw" forces, it is believed here that his requests were only granted for the purpose of making the Brooklyn club's case stronger in the event that it takes the matter into court to determine the rights to the services of Tinker.

Tinker has acknowledged the receipt of the contract, which came in a registered letter, but he declared to-day that Mr. Ebbets's offer came too late, as he has renounced the major leagues and will carry out his three years' contract with the Federal League. Mr. Ebbets's communication to Tinker completely ignored the fact that the player had contracted to serve with the new league.

Charles H. Ebbets, President of the Brooklyn Baseball Club, said last night that his club never had refused to accede to Joseph Tinker's demands and in sending the contract which Tinker received yesterday had taken the last step necessary for the legal protection of its claims.

"A contract," said Ebbets, "is a document of negotiations between the parties interested. We had the right under the contract which Mr. Tinker signed with the Cincinnati club, that contract being legally assigned to the Brooklyn club, to negotiate with Mr. Tinker up to the end of January.

"We offered Mr. Tinker the same salary he received while a member of the Chicago champion club. Mr. Tinker came back asking our representative, Manager Robinson, for a salary of $7,500 for a term of three years. Since then we have had the matter of Mr. Tinker's demands under consideration and finally the Board of Directors of the Brooklyn club agreed to accede to his demands. Thereupon we sent him a contract and letter stating that we accepted his terms. We registered his contract and letter on the 27th day of January, that giving us four days' leeway. The action was taken after very careful consideration. We at no time refused to accede to his demands, the negotiations being open until his claims were accepted or refused. We never rejected his terms. We are advised this action will protect us fully and legally. The fact that Mr. Tinker acknowledges receipt of the contract is entirely satisfactory to us. We hope and expect that he will play with the Brooklyn club."

POOR DAY FOR FEDERAL.

Chicago Clubs Land Three Players Outlaws Expected to Sign.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Organized baseball had an inning to-day in the contest with the "outlaw" Federal League. Jimmy Johnstone, who established a stolen-base record on the Pacific Coast last Summer, was induced to sign a Chicago National contract, and Jacques Fournier and Russell Blackburn have agreed to accept the terms offered by the Chicago Americans. All three of the players were sought by the Federals, it was reported.

A telegram from Chattanooga brought the news that Umpire Henry O'Day, acting as emissary for the Chicago Nationals, had induced Johnstone to sign, and Manager Tinker of the Chicago Federals said the agreement had been made just in time for the Cubs, because he expected to make an offer Johnstone could hardly refuse.

The local Federal League club has lined up the needed number of property owners to offset a petition circulated by others asking that the city prevent the establishment of a baseball plant on the North Side site selected. This was announced to-night by Charles Weeghman, President of the club, who said that by this time next week 200 men would be at work on the new plant.

The Chicago Nationals, with Johnstone in the fold, have signed practically all their players except Al Bridwell, shortstop, who is still holding out. Manager Brown of the St. Louis Federals recently made an offer to Bridwell, and the latter is wavering between his two chances, it is understood.

Five Cleveland Players Sign.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 30.—Cleveland Club officials to-day received word that Ivan Olson, Nap utility man, had affixed his signature to an American League contract at Folsom, Cal., where he is Wintering. Owner Somers also announced that he had signed Jack Knight, former New York American first baseman. First Baseman Johnston signed to-night. Willie Mitchell, pitcher, and Fred Carisch, catcher, signed with Cleveland last night. Somers has sent Buddy Ryan, former Cleveland outfielder, to Portland, Ore. Ryan was originally sent to Toledo, but threatened to jump to the Federals if not allowed to play in Portland.

BASEBALL NEWS IN BRIEF.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30—William Haslip and Eddie Burns, pitcher and catcher, respectively, have notified the Philadelphia National League Club that their contracts for the coming season had been signed and that the club officials would receive them by mail in a day or two. Word was also received from Pitcher Mayer that the terms offered by the Philadelphia Phillies were satisfactory, and that he would forward his signed contract shortly.

BLUFFTON, Ind., Jan. 30.—Everett Scott, an infielder, has signed a contract to play with the Boston American League Club next season at a salary of $2,500, after refusing an offer of $4,000 to join the Indianapolis Federal League team. The Indianapolis Club offered Scott a three-year contract and $1,000 bonus for signing; officials of that team admitted several days ago. Scott, who first was offered $2,100 by Boston, refused to sign at that salary.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—James Johnston of the San Francisco team of the Pacific Coast League, drafted by the Chicago Nationals, accepted terms with the Cubs to-day. He led the Pacific Coast League in base stealing last year.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 30.—The Kansas City Federal League players will report here March 10. George Stovall, manager, has been ordered to report here next month to start building up the club.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—The signed contracts of Charles L. Boardman, a pitcher, of Waterbury, Conn., and W. Willis, an outfielder, of the Beaumont (Texas) team, were received to-day by Connie Mack, manager of the Philadelphia Americans.

ORANGE FAVORED FOR POMERANIANS

Victory of Young Gold Spec at Waldorf-Astoria Show Sets Seal on Color.

In selecting Mrs. Henry Smyth's orange-colored Young Gold Spec as the best dog in the fourth annual show of the American Pomeranian Club yesterday at the Waldorf-Astoria, Midgley Marsden, the British judge, established the popular color of society's favorite breed for one year at least. Not only was an orange dog placed ahead of the other 173 entries, but the second best award, that of the best of the opposite sex, was also of a pronounced orange color, while as if to further emphasize the popularity of the prevailing color, the judge said he was unable to speak too highly of the orange classes. He admitted that he had passed upon the qualities of the best Pomeranians in England, the home of the breed, but he said it was doubtful if he had seen more than three dogs as good as those shown in the ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria. "As near perfection as character, type, and coat can make a Pomeranian," was Judge Marsden's criticism of the orange-colored dogs at the show.

Never had dogs of high degree more elaborate surroundings, and the $150,000 worth of society's pet beauties were benched in pens of white, violet, and gold, while the upholstery work in the curtains and cushions excelled the famous gold and brocade furniture of the hotel. Everything was conducted on a magnitude that was in perfect keeping with the high-priced animals, and many leaders of society were on hand to superintend the duties of the white-aproned maids, who prepared the entries for the show ring. Prominent among the patronesses were:

Mrs. G. M. Carnochan, Mrs. Lawrence D. Alexander, Jr., Miss Elsie Blum, Mrs. Hartley Williamson, Miss Anna Sands, Mrs. W. C. Wiedersheim, Miss E. G. Hydon, Mrs. Frank Smyth, Mrs. Aces Rhodes, Mrs. C. Mandy, Miss De Ruyter M. Hollins, Mrs. Ralph Stewart, Mrs. M. E. Harby, Miss M. Bullock, Mrs. F. F. Chambers, Mrs. R. M. Dunlevy, Mrs. Charles T. Burnell, Mrs. Edward M. Chapin, Mrs. T. W. Dougherty, Mrs. H. H. Butler, Mrs. John Dunbar Adams, Mrs. F. C. Armstrong, Mrs. E. S. Allard, Mrs. E. S. Ayres, Mrs. Leo Cohn, Mrs. F. D. Jenkins, Mrs. Adolph Retz, Mrs. S. Beswick, Mrs. Mary Cunningham Bishop, Mrs. A. R. Conkling, Miss Jessie Coogan, Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Cook, Mrs. R. Curry, Mrs. Harry Hollins, Miss Lida R. Patton, Mrs. Samuel Doran, Mrs. Henry Jarrett, Miss Mildred Holmes, Mrs. W. D. M. Perine, Mrs. Horace Pettit, Mrs. Albert Van Lawrence, Mrs. C. B. Jennings, Mrs. M. Johnson, Mrs. A. M. Eagan, Miss May Elmes, A. W. Freeth, George H. Ford, Jules Ferond, Miss Pauline Guye, Miss Eleanor Goodall, Mrs. James Gleason, Mrs. W. Lockwood Gibbs, Miss Izora Hunter, Miss Erwin Lewis, Mrs. Walton Oakley, Theodore Offerman, Mrs. T. L. Pultz, Mrs. M. J. Shane ward, Mrs. Thomas Hoyles, Mrs. John Neilson, Walker J. Morgan, Mrs. Ogden Mills, Miss Fannie King McLane, Miss E. Marbury, Miss M. Keerlin, Mrs. H. W. Kirkland, Miss Olive Hoffman, Miss Ethel King, Miss Z. Harper, Miss M. Kennedy, Mrs. A. H. Haworth, Mrs. W. Hawhurst, Mrs. Leonard D. Hill, Mrs. F. D. Holder, Miss Mildred Holmes.

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The show was remarkable in many ways. It was the largest from an entry standpoint in the history of the club, a total of 174 dogs passing the critical inspection of the British Judge, who set a type that will prevail for some time. Mr. Marsden's edict on the type of Pomeranian, which is endorsed by nearly all the fanciers, is a short, cobby, smart stationed dog, with fox-like ears and head, carried high on the skull. Heretofore judges have pronounced in favor of the "blocky" type which carries with height a heavy bone, and a chow-like formation of muzzle.

From a general standpoint the dogs were very even in type, with that perky character and sweet expression so essential in that breed. Competition played on the losers voted Mr. Marsden the most consistent and careful Judge yet imported. The way he handled the classes showed hi mto be to the manner born.

Mrs. Harriet Smythe, owner of the Swiss Mountain Kennels, who made an entry of sixty dogs, again furnished the surprise of the show as she did last year, winning the championship with an unknown orange dog to the American Kennel world—a wonderful orange named Young Gold Spec, which beat the old favorites Pomeria Wash and Parneuk Black Thorn, Miss Marion Kennedy's pair of champions and many other noted winners. Mrs. Smythe, after twenty years unceasing effort, has at last succeeded in making the orange the popular color.

In the bitches classes another surprise sprung when Miss Theodora Wilbour introduced an exceedingly smart débutante named Mossley Orange Girl, which went right through her class to winners, beating many champions, and winding up in the honor list by winning the Imperial Pomeranian trophy for the best bitch in the show. Here, again, Miss Marion Kennedy furnished the reserve next best entry in Harwich Beauty, a sound brown, and Forester's Mite of Delight, a very good black, which won from everything in her class.

A new exhibitor named Miss Nora C. Hanlon added to the list of surprises in the class for any other color bitches with Mousie, a beautiful shaded wolf sable, which showed to perfection, winning four firsts and numerous specials, and scored the best victories of the day.

Mrs. Otto W. Lehman of Chicago, with an American-bred dog, Normahcot Peter Pan beat practically everything in its class, including Miss Theodora Wilbour's Hartfield Young Gold, for which its owner paid $1,250 after winning at a British show. This was a pronounced victory for domestic-bred dogs, of which the Orange was unusually successful. Mrs. E. S. Allard, with Pomland Prince Orson was another noted winner in the American-bred classes.

The children's classes proved popular, and the youngsters, scarcely out of their teens, showed unusual aptitude in handling their charges in the ring. The victory of Little Clayton Green was largely due to the handling of her owner, Miss Dorothy Luton.

In commenting upon the exhibition, Mr. Marsden said with two exceptions the black dogs were only moderate, but the bitches of the same color were somewhat superior. The winning chocolate dog was of good sound color, but a bit low in front. There was an absence of shadings. The chocolate bitches were of a beautiful type and sound in color. The sable dogs were a big disappointment to him, as he had been led to expect to judge some wonderful specimens. It was not a classical section in either sex. He said he could not speak too highly of the orange colored dogs, which he was loth to send out of the ring, as he was so pleased to watch them. This was the best section, and as he had no preconceived notions on color the honors rightfully went to orange colored entries.

HOCKEY STARS ON ICE.

Yale to Tackle Famous Princeton Seven at St. Nicholas Rink To-night.

Another of the big 'Varsity hockey games for the intercollegiate championship between Yale and Princeton will be played to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink. This game will bring together two of the strongest teams that has ever played for 'Varsity championship honors, and that they are evenly matched was shown by the thrilling contest they played at New Haven on last Wednesday night, when Princeton just barely succeeded in winning after two extra periods that were necessary to break the tie.

The Yale team has developed into a marvelous playing aggregation under Tom Howard's coaching. Almost all of last year's team was lost by graduation and Howard had little more than a lot of raw material to work on, but he has succeeded in developing a team which compares favorably with any that has ever worn the blue. Schiller, the new goal tender, who began his hockey career at St. Paul's, has shown splendid form, and he and Walter Heron, Gore, and Sweeney are easily the stars of the team. They are all fast skaters and the play will be to hold Hobey Baker, Princeton's sensational goal getter. The latter, however, is playing faster than ever, and with Kuhn and Gillmor forms an incomparable trio of skilled experts. This will be Baker's last year at Princeton and he is anxious to add another hockey championship to his long list of athletic achievements.

WESLEYAN BEATS PENN.

Middletown Collegians Victors in Overtime Game, 24 to 21.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Jan. 30.—Wesleyan won from Pennsylvania at basket ball here to-night 24 to 21 in an overtime game. Pennsylvania maintained a lead until the last two minutes, when two long shots by Winchester tied the score. Another goal and a foul shot by the same player ended the game. Frequent fouling slowed up the contest. Bloom of the visitors tallied eleven points for his team on five shots. Crane did some clever shooting for Pennsylvania. The line-up:

Wesleyan.	Position.	Pennsylvania.
Eaton	Right forward	Bullett
Winchester	Left forward	Crane
Allison	Centre	Bloom
Trevithick	Right guard	Freed
Westcott	Left guard	Hardwick

Goals from floor—Eaton, (2,) Winchester, (5,) Westcott, Crane, (4,) Wallace. Goals from fouls—Eaton, (6,) Winchester, (4,) Bloom, (11,) Substitutes—Craig for Eaton, Eustis for Allison, Winslow for Trevithick, Wallace for Freed. Referee—Mr. Benson of Columbia. Timer—Mr. Hart of Yale. Time of game—Periods of 20 minutes.

Other Basket Ball Results.

The first and second teams of Poly Prep School of Brooklyn were victorious in their games with Hamilton Institute played yesterday afternoon on the former's court in Brooklyn. In the contest between the first teams Poly Prep won by the score of 29 to 15, while in the second team game the Brooklyn quintet won by the score of 25 to 5.

The Xavier High School quintet defeated the Adelphi Academy five on the latter's court yesterday afternon by the score of 32 to 17.

In a close game at Hackensack, N. J., yesterday afternoon the Columbia Grammar five defeated the Newman School representatives on the latter's court by the score of 20 to 15.

Newark Quits Basket Ball League.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 30.—Newark has withdrawn as a member of the New York State Basket Ball League, according to the announcement made here last night by the local management of the team. Newark played its final game last night against the Syracuse team. Lack of patronage is ascribed as the reason for the withdrawal. One of the crack players on the Newark team was Jim Strausser, formerly played on the Varsity five of the College of the City of New York and later at New York University.

Rhode Island Tennis Men Win.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 30.—Rhode Island carried off to-day's honors in the men's doubles final of the fourth annual midwinter tennis championship in one of the most brilliants contests of a notable event. The score was 8—6, 7—5, 6—2, and a victory for J. D. E. Jones and H. A. MacKinney, the Rhode Island champion and the former title holder over Lawrence Cowing of Cincinnati and L. Balfe of Brooklyn.

Mr. MacKinney, playing with Mrs. C. F. Hagel of Lancaster, Penn., won the mixed doubles from Mr. Jones and Mrs. Guy Metcalf of Providence.

In women's singles Miss Eleanor Cohen of Philadelphia defeated Mrs. Hagel.

Survivors for to-morrow's final in women's doubles are Mrs. MacKinney and Mrs. Hagel, who play Miss Lucille Shuite of New York and Miss Agnes Blancke of Essex Fells, N. J.

Newark Players for Federal League.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 30.—Harry Swacina, Newark's first sacker, generally considered the best man at the position in the International League, is believed to have jumped to the Baltimore Federal League. Charles H. Ebbets, Jr., President of the local club, emphasized that belief when he made public a statement to-day in which he said that he did not care whether Swacina played with the Newark team next season.

Intimation is also strong that Cy. Barger, the twirler, has also jumped to the Federals. Barger was one of the most valuable members of the local pitching staff and he will be missed. No confirmation of the report, however, has been received here.

The signed contracts of Ducky Holmes, the veteran pitcher; "Beanie" Hall, another twirler, and Hi Myers, the outfielder, were announced as having been received to-day by Manager Harry Smith.

NAVAL DISPLAY AT MOTOR BOAT SHOW

Assistant Secretary of Navy Roosevelt to Open Exhibition in Garden To-day.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt will formally open the tenth annual Motor Boat Show at Madison Square Garden this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The Assistant Secretary will be accompanied by his aid, several representatives from the Navy Department at Washington and from the Brooklyn Navy Yard, prominent yachtsmen and flag officers of the leading yacht clubs, and the Show Committee of the National Association of Engine and Boat Manufacturers, under whose auspices the show is held. Before coming to the Garden Mr. Roosevelt and his staff will be entertained at luncheon at the Hotel Vanderbilt. Luncheon will be served in the Della Robbia room at 1 o'clock, following a reception in a private suite. About 150 are expected to attend.

Commander C. O. Brinkerhoff of the Second Naval Battalion, Brooklyn, has detailed a company to do honor to the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, and he will be received at the Garden in the same way as if he were boarding a battleship in the harbor. The battalion company will be made up of 125 men, and they will line up at the northern side of the Madison Avenue entrance to the Garden at 3 o'clock. The musicians will follow the same programme as is used for receptions to high officers on board ship. A salute of fifteen guns will be fired when Mr. Roosevelt is leaving the Garden.

The interior of the big amphitheatre has been transformed into Venetian scenes, and presents a most attractive appearance. Seven interesting scenes from the Italian city have been arranged in the balcony. In all 38,000 square feet of canvas are used in the decorations. Separating the main floor and the balcony is a Venetian wall, fourteen feet in height, with vines, roses, fish nets, and other realistic features. From the room are suspended thousands of Venetian lanterns. A staff of Italian artists has been in charge of this work, and the elaborate colors of the wonderful city have been faithfully depicted.

The main floor of the Garden will be devoted to motor boats and engines, about fifty boats being on exhibition. These represent all types, including the open launch, the runabout, the express, the day cruiser, and the cabin cruiser. There will be a few high-speed boats, but the fad this year is for boats of the safer model, as the Power Boat Association is encouraging the use of boats of the less dangerous type. The boats on exhibition range all the way from twelve to sixty feet in length and the motor engines up to 18,000 pounds. In the balcony the small motors and various accessories will be on display. In the restaurant will be motors, boats, and flying boats. One of the noveltics is a flying boat which has a real boat hull, a two-step hydroplane, which can be detached from the wings and used for a boat.

The Educational Bureau will hold forth in the concert hall. Here a staff of experts will be on hand to explain everything in connection with the motor and the running of a boat. Charts of all waterways offering trips for craft as small as twenty-footers will be shown. In fact, everything that a person cares to know about motor boating can be learned at the Educational Bureau. Lectures will be given during the week by men prominent in the yachting world.

Penn State Football Schedule.

STATE COLLEGE, Penn., Jan. 30.—There are marked changes in the 1914 football schedule of Penn State, as announced by Graduate Manager Ray Smith. The annual game with the University of Pennsylvania, which has been a fixture for eighteen years, is omitted. Penn dropped Penn State from its 1914 list, giving the reason that its schedule must be lightened. The schedule follows:

Sept. 26—Westminster College, at home; Oct. 3, Muhlenberg College, at home; Oct. 10, Gettysburg College, at home; Oct. 17, Ursinus College, at home; Oct. 24, Harvard, at Cambridge; Oct. 31, Lafayette, at Easton; Nov. 7, Lehigh, at South Bethlehem; Nov. 13, Michigan Agricultural College, at home; Nov. 26, University of Pittsburgh, at Pittsburgh.

Barringer's Football Captain.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 30.—Ray Mausert was last night elected Captain of the Barringer High School's football eleven for next season at a dinner tendered to the players of the team. Mausert is a tackle. He won in the contest against two opponents—Fitts, the centre, and Noble, the guard. Andrew Dempsey, the retiring Captain, was awarded the football cup donated annually by Wilson Clark to the most proficient member of the team.

Defender's Sail-Carrying Power.

BRISTOL, R. I., Jan. 30.—Efforts of the builders to concentrate as much weight as possible far down in the hull of the boat indicates that the cup-defense aspirant being built here for the so-called flag officers' syndicate will have great sail-carrying power. The floor plates, which were placed over the keel to-day, are equal in thickness and weight to those on the Columbia, which was fifteen feet longer on the water line than the new yacht. It was said at the builders' yard to-day that advices from England were that the Shamrock IV. will also be able to spread a large area of canvas.

Heavyweights at National S. C.

Heavyweights will be the attraction at the National Sporting Club on Monday night, when Porky Flynn and Jack Geyer of Denver will box in the main event of ten rounds. Geyer has been coming to the front very fast, having disposed of "One-Round" Davis in a round at Buffalo last week. He has decisions over Carl Morris, Frank Moran, Boer Rodel, and Gunboat Smith. The latter he knocked out in nine rounds about a year ago. Geyer intends remaining in this city to box any of the aspirants who care for his game.

CHICAGO CAPTAIN BARRED.

Advanced So Rapidly in Studies He Made Himself Ineligible in Athletics.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Charles Parker, Captain of the University of Chicago track team last year, has advanced so to-day declared him ineligible to participate further in athletics.

His case is unique in Western collegiate athletics, and in pronouncing rapidly in his studies that the Faculty him ineligible the Faculty acted on a clause in the conference agreement which heretofore has not been enforced, and even its existence has been known to few.

Parker is taking a six-year course leading to a degree of Doctor of Law. Conference rules state that a student who has received a bachelor's degree can no longer compete in athletics. Parker believed he could put off the studies which would give him his bachelor's degree until he had participated in athletics for three years. But in other studies Parker has been credited with thirty-six majors, and a student who has received this number of credits automatically earns his bachelor's degree.

In ruling, the Faculty invoked a clause in the graduate rule to the effect that a student is not eligible to athletics who prolongs his undergraduate course for the purpose of extending his period of eligibility. This clause was not known to Parker or to Coach Stagg.

KLINE BEATS ALLEN.

Newark Bantam Easily Outpoints Danny Foy's Substitute.

Patsy Kline of Newark outpointed Joe Allen in the main ten-round bout at the New Polo A. C. last night, taking the lead after the third round and jarring his opponent in every session with hard left jabs and right hooks. Danny Foy, the Irish bantam, was to have been Kline's opponent, but his physician refused to allow him to box.

Allen was brought in at short notice and gave Kline a lot of trouble for the first three rounds, when the boxing was about even. In the fourth, Kline was the aggressor and carried the action to his man all the way. Kline landed several hard lefts and hooks on the jaw, but was unable to put him away. Allen tried to stall several times, but these tricks did not fool Kline, and he kept right after him to the end.

Terry Young knocked out Billy Dawson in the fifth round. Young went at Billy with a rush in the first round and split a cut in his nose with a hard right. He hammered continuously for four rounds, and in the fifth a right to the jaw sent Dawson down for the count.

In the other ten-round bout two Boston colored boxers, Mark Spencer and Terry Martin, put up a fast bout, Spencer outpointing his opponent in the end. Spencer injured his right wrist early in the fray, but his left worked hard, and in the tenth he had Martin groggy.

FAKE RACE IN COURT.

To Ask for Injunction in Kiviat-Kolehmainen Affair.

The Board of Governors of the Irish American Athletic Club has retained the legal services of John T. Doeling to look after the interests of Abel R. Kiviat and Hannes Kolehmainen, the members of the Winged Fist organization who were suspended pending an investigation into their alleged fake race last Saturday night at the Thirteenth Regiment Armory.

With the trial slated for next Wednesday night at the rooms of the St. Barthholomew's Club in East Forty-second Street, a vast amount of interest has been evidenced over the probable outcome and close followers of sport are divided as to what the probable penalty will be.

In the event of the suspension being continued against the men as the result of the inquiry it is stated that Mr. Doeling will appear before some court and ask for an injunction restraining the Metropolitan Association from putting the clause into effect.

A similar action was taken some years ago by the Irish-American A. C., in the cases of John J. Joyce and Frank Castleman, who had been "set down" by the governing body for infringements of the rules, but the Winged Fist Club refused to be bound by the action and invoked the aid of the courts and secured an injunction against the Amateur Athletic Union.

St. Elmo Bull Terrier Show.

Entries already received point to a successful bull terrier show at the St. Elmo Hotel, Far Rockaway, this evening. Charles G. Hopton, who has judged many of the biggest shows in this country and in England, has not done bull terriers since his engagement at the A.-Terrier Show in Toronto, and this will call many owners to enter their dogs, as new blood in bull terrier judging has been a scarce article of late. There promises to be hot competition in the puppy classes, especially, and Scott L. Libby of East Williston has put in two young "white ones" that look like coming champions.

Want Wrestling as Olympic Game.

James E. Sullivan, Secretary-Treasurer of the A. A. U., yesterday received a letter from Percy Longhurst, the Honorable Secretary of the National Amateur Wrestling Association of Surrey, England, asking the support of the United States to the recommendation that the catch-as-catch-can style of wrestling be included in all future Olympic games. Mr. Sullivan, in reply, assured Mr. Longhurst that the National Amateur Wrestling Association could certainly count on the support of the United States in favor of his request.

American Stallions for Austria.

Special to The New York Times.

GOSHEN, N. Y., Jan. 30.—Ira Ryerson has returned from Washington, Ill., where he purchased of A. H. Danforth the trotting stallion Ed Custer, 2:10. The horse was purchased for stock purposes, and will be shipped to Vienna, Austria, with Mr. Ryerson's five-year-old stallion Mason Matthews, 2:13¾. Mr. Ryerson will return to Austria and drive there this year.

De Palma in Vanderbilt Race.

Among the contenders for the Vanderbilt Cup over the Santa Monica course in California on Feb. 21 will be Ralph De Palma, who is to pilot Edward J. Schroeder's Mercedes. This is the same combination of car and driver which won the last Vanderbilt Cup race in 1912 and the Elgin race of the same year.

MOTORISTS SAFE WITH 1913 PLATES

License Year Ends To-day, but New Number Plates Have Been Delayed.

Motorists need not fear trouble with the police in this State if they have been unable to obtain their 1914 number plates and so cannot attach them to their cars to-morrow, when the law requires that they be shown. According to an Albany dispatch Chiefs of Police of all cities of the State were requested last night by Mitchell May, Secretary of State, not to interfere until further notice with the operation of automobiles displaying 1913 number plates. The motor car license year expires to-day, but Mr. May explained that the manufacturers had failed to supply a sufficient number of plates to fill the applications now on file at his office. Registration certificates, however, will be issued promptly, and the Secretary suggested that these be carried by owners and operators until the regular number plates could be supplied.

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The Directors of the Automobile Club of New Haven have decided against the plan of the Connecticut Automobile Association to lower motoring costs by securing discounts on insurance, supplies, and other items in relation to upkeep, announced by the State body shortly after its withdrawal from the American Automobile Association. The New Haven body, apparently, feels that this would be too commercial a step. At any rate the Directors, at a recent meeting, passed a resolution to the effect "that trade or other discounts are not germane to the purposes of this club and that this club will devote itself as heretofore to the improvement of motoring conditions generally."

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Two thousand six-foot elm trees have been donated to State representatives of the Lincoln Highway Association by Charles Curler of De Kalb, Ill. The trees are to be planted on the route of the proposed Lincoln Highway on Arbor Day, and plans are on foot which include the co-operation of both women's clubs and school children. E. A. Stevens, Commissioner of Public Roads of New Jersey, has drawn up a resolution to be presented to the Legislature designating the route of the highway through that State and providing that it be properly marked. The resolution names the highway from Jersey City, through Newark, New York, as the "Lincoln Way," and provides for the expense of marking from the State road fund.

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Arrangements have been perfected by the C. T. Silver Motor Company, Peerless and Overland distributors, by which the representation of those cars in New Jersey will be taken over by the C. L. FitzGerald Motor Company, which has been formed for that purpose. In the new company, which will also take over Mr. Silver's Newark branch, will be C. L. FitzGerald, Herbert H. De Wilde, and William J. McAvoy. The Diamond-Warren Motor Company of 2,002 Broadway have been appointed Eastern distributors for the Stearns-Knight Four. F. Moskevics, while acting as commercial manager for the Marmon, will retain his interest in the Jones Electric Starter Company. Len Ormsby has joined the force of the Druet & Page Company, distributors of the Palmer-Singer and Regal. Walter Shulman has joined the Joseph Dixon Crucible Company.

Collins Wins Night Road Race.

M. Collins of the Union Settlement A. C. led a pack of eighteen runners to the finish in the road run of the Dominican Lyceum A. C. last night. He was closely followed by H. Jacobson of the Sheridan A. C. The winner's time was 25:02. The run was over the club's three-and-a-half-mile course, between Sixtieth Street and Eightieth Street. The first ten men to finish were: M. Collins, Union Settlement, 25:02; H. Jacobson, Sheridan A. C., 25:05; W. Cleary, Glencoe A. C., 25:10; S. Devine, Ozanama A. C., 25:35; F. Thorley, Ozanama A. C., 27:30; J. Kenny, St. James's Boys' Club, 27:35; D. Dichman, Marlin A. C., 27:56; E. Sabino, unattached, 28:32, E. Ledonne, unattached, 30:50; George Nelson, unattached, 30:54.

Winners with the Cue.

George Sutton won both his exhibition games yesterday at Daly's Academy with Dameresit. In the afternoon Sutton defeated Dameresit by the score of 300 to 148 in eight innings. Sutton made a high run of 173 and averaged 32 4-8. Dameresit's high run was 143, with an average of 18 4-8. In the evening Sutton was returned the winner by the score of 400 to 339 in ten innings, making an average of 40 points, with a high run of 152. Dameresit's best effort was 130, with an average of 36 6-9.

Albert G. Cutler defeated Sam Garfunkle last night in his exhibition match at Dunn's Academy, 90th Street and Westchester Avenue, by the score of 150 to 96 in fifteen innings. Cutler made high runs of 30, 24, and 20, and averaged 10 points. Garfunkle's highest run was 22.

In last night's game of the amateur handicap 18.2 balk line tournament at the Washington Heights Academy, 181st Street and Broadway, C. S. Chapman, 1330 points, defeated R. E. Shepherd, 100 points, by the score of 135 to 64 in sixty-four innings. The winner made a high run of 14 and an average of 2 10-64.

Frank W. Boyd displayed excellent form in his game with Charles Matthews last night in the amateur Class C 18.2 balk line tournament at Keeney's in Brooklyn. He won by the score of 200 to 157 in fifty-six innings. Boyd led throughout, and made high runs of 25, 23, and 12, with an average of 3 32-56. Matthews's highest runs were 16, 14, and 12, and he averaged 2 43-57.

In the

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PRACTICAL PEACE WORK.

When Mr. BRYAN entered the State Department there were a score of arbitration treaties that had expired, or were about to expire, for the renewal of which it was desirable that the ratification of the Senate should be obtained. The new treaties were in leisurely fashion completed, and have been before the Senate for some six months. They were, however, taken up in the "clearing-house meeting" of the President with the Foreign Affairs Committees of the two houses on Tuesday last, and it is understood that they will be pressed to ratification.

It is high time. The treaties are practical means for the avoidance of contention with other nations. They were carefully drawn, under the watchful eye of Mr. ROOT when he was Secretary of State. Each of them provides for arbitration of differences of a legal or interpretive nature which "do not affect the vital interests, the "independence, or the honor of the "two contracting States, and do not "concern the interests of third par-"ties." It is not easy to see reasonable ground for opposition to such conservative agreements. At one time Senator O'GORMAN of this State was reported to object to the ratification of the treaty with Great Britain, partly because he was unwilling that the difference regarding the favor shown to American vessels as to Panama Canal tolls should be arbitrated. Doubtless that would have been awkward, first, because we are obviously in the wrong, and, second, because arbitration might bring in the matter of "taking Panama," in which we were as obviously and more scandalously in the wrong. But it is now pretty well determined that the obnoxious provision as to tolls is to be put in the way of abolition and that some decent adjustment of the claim of Colombia will be reached.

As to Great Britain, there is special reason why our treaty of arbitration should promptly be ratified. That country has a treaty with Japan providing for concerted action in case either party is involved in war with a third Power, but Great Britain has sought and obtained exemption from the obligations of that agreement in case of war with any country with which she has a treaty of arbitration—the exemption having regard particularly to the United States. Certainly the prospect of any serious dispute with Japan is sufficiently remote, but it is a matter that is more or less talked of from time to time in both countries. It would be absurdly careless on our part not to take the needed steps to secure the advantage that Great Britain went to the trouble to make available to us. It is to be hoped, therefore, that the whole bunch of the treaties will be ratified with the least possible delay.

BUSINESS AND THE MERIT SYSTEM.

There is no more encouraging sign for the future of moral hygiene in the republic than the promptness and earnestness with which the business organizations of the country bring their influence to bear in serious matters to hold the Government to the practical support of right standards of conduct in cases which are reasonably clear.

When the amendment to the Post Office Appropriation bill was under consideration, exempting some 2,400 Assistant Postmasters from competitive tests of fitness, the Merchants' Association of this city sent to all the Representatives in Congress from New York an emphatic dispatch urging them to resist the amendment. The association took firm and broad ground. It said in this dispatch:

> This association believes that the classified service should be maintained in its entirety and wherever possible enlarged. Particularly at this time, when the operation of the new parcel post has created a tremendous burden upon the Post Offices of the country, the removal of Assistant Postmasters from the classified service and the opening of those places to inexperienced and unexpert men would be a great detriment to the Postal Service, from which the industrial and mercantile elements in the country would severely suffer.

In the same spirit the association addressed itself to the President as to the exemption from competitive tests of the employés of the Federal Reserve Board under the currency law. It called to the attention of Mr. WILSON the authority he possesses to extend the classified service so as to embrace these employés and urged him to use that authority. We are confident that the President will listen to this sound advice. It is a matter that directly involves important interests as well as an important principle. Nothing is more urgent than that every possible chance for the intrusion of politics into the new banking system should be eliminated. Such chance will exist unless the merit system is faithfully applied.

THE FOOTBALL TYPE OF MAN.

In his letter to THE TIMES discussing physical changes in Yale students, Dr. FRANK J. BORN, Medical Examiner of Yale University, remarked upon the fact that boys in the senior year, although belonging to a younger age group, are greatly superior in height, weight, breadth, and chest expansion to the healthy army volunteers from New England during the civil war. Dr. BORN concurs in the opinion of Dr. MINOT, who has gathered the statistics on this point, that the "younger gen-"eration of to-day tends to surpass "its parents in physical development." This may be due to the better health of the mothers, but also, Dr. BORN thinks, to the present increased facilities for physical development. The fact that the Yale seniors weigh 6.6 pounds more than the average boy of the same age strengthens his opinion. But there is a sub-division among the college students, the football men, of a type distinct from their fellows in college, and about whom Dr. BORN referred in a recent statistical report.

These are the supermen. Even as freshmen they weigh 33 pounds more than the average senior—45 pounds more than the average New England volunteer of the civil war who was 25 years old, as compared with the footballers' 18, and over 39 pounds heavier than the average young man of 22. Their breadth and girths of body and limbs, also, are proportionately greater. These men gain largely in strength and lung capacity while in college, but very little in physical proportions. Dr. BORN says:

> We have concluded that the football type represents a group of young men of superior physical endowment and vitality, who reach that point where the growth power practically disappears much earlier than the average, usually during their preparatory school course. In such cases there is an inherent tendency to a more rapid development, supplemented by an extraordinary capacity for physical work.

Probably, if the history of these young supermen were studied it would be found that the same reasons which account for the general superiority of the younger generation over its parents apply more strongly in their cases. It would be worth while finding out whether their rapid development was due to an inherent tendency, or whether they have had extraordinarily favorable advantages of nutrition and outdoor training.

INVESTMENT AND TRADE.

The returns to the Treasury under the Controller's call for reports of the condition of the national banks disclose the same surfeit of funds as that now transforming the foreign security markets. In this city the reserves are 27.81 per cent., against 25.89 a year ago. In San Francisco the figures are 28.55 against 26.70; in Chicago, 26.52 against 25.10; in Pittsburgh, 26.39 against 24.84; in St. Louis, 25.78 against 23.94; in Philadelphia, 27.60 against 25.21. States whose reserves were ranging around 15 per cent. are now around 16 per cent., and those which were ranging around 16 are around 17. There are exceptions, and the exact figures for the country are not yet known. Nevertheless it is practically established that the banks generally have improved their condition.

Bankers have accomplished these changes by restricting their credits and accumulating their reserves. The condition of the domestic exchanges and the receipts of cash by the New York banks show the piling up of cash which is characteristic when people with money show a preference of interest over dividends. The sale of $51,000,000 of New York bonds twice in two days is an incident of the same sort as the almost unprecedented rise of consols. The London cablegram in THE TIMES on Wednesday put the rise in consols at £17,000,000 in five weeks. The general rise in securities on the London market has been £48,000,000 within a month. It is well known that there has been a similar rise here, and for similar reasons, but there has been no such exact calculation of the total.

The interpretation is the same in both cases. England has never known such prosperity of trade as that within the period when consols have been falling from 114 to near 70. The money was taken from consols and put into trade, because the profits of trade were larger than interest, and the outlook ahead seemed clear. Now the security of interest is greater than the allurement of speculative profits in either the security markets or in commerce. Accordingly, the current is reversed, and the money which is being withdrawn from trade is heaping up in the banks or is available for investment, that is, for the purchase of income rather than for ventures in business. Consols are rising, but steamship shares are falling. Bankers' money absorbs New York State bonds at the same time that short time money is asking for borrowers in vain. It is bonds that the world wants now, and only the best bonds at this stage.

This is simply the natural antagonism between investment and speculation. Conditions are unusual if not abnormal if both are strong together. The business man's difficulty is the investor's opportunity. The turn of the business borrower will come again when investors have absorbed the bonds on offer. By degrees the demand will sink through States to cities, from cities to high class commercial bonds, from them to commercial paper. Merchants cannot use the money now seeking employment for a double reason. The rates are too high for the profits to pay them, and the chance of profits does not seem good enough to induce the taking of the chance at such rates. It never is long before the plethora of reserves makes lenders eager to put their idle funds at work at constantly greater chances as the choicer bonds disappear.

The interval now promises to be shorter than usual through the operation of the new banking law. It reduces the requirement of reserves at a time when reserves already are redundant. It is true of a Government, according to the immortal remark, that a surplus is easier to handle than a deficit. But that is not so true of a bank. When a bank's reserves are plethoric there is a temptation toward easy credits, which are demoralizing to borrowers and threatening to banks. This is trite moralizing, and sufficiently cautionary. It does not obscure the fact that lack of money, or lack of the basis of credit, no longer obscures the outlook, but disappears as a factor in the financial situation. "Good" times are here for the investor. "Good" times for men of business are on the way.

FOOLISH BANK RUNS.

It is very hard to understand the state of mind of savings bank depositors who begin a run on their own bank. There are no sounder and safer fiduciary institutions in the world than the savings banks in the State of New York. In many long years not one depositor in these savings banks has lost a dollar through the fault of the bank. The banks belong to the depositors, absolutely. There are no stockholders. Nobody gets a cent out of the savings banks save the depositors and the necessary staff of paid officers. And yet the depositors receive without any charge whatever the services of an unpaid Board of Trustees, made up of bankers and men of experience and knowledge in financial matters, who invest the depositors' funds in securities of a character prescribed by law. It is the aim of the Trustees to secure on these investments the highest return compatible with entire safety. These Trustees are busy men, their time is valuable, yet they freely put their knowledge and experience at the service of the depositors.

Enjoying all these advantages, depositors are sometimes foolish enough to take fright at nothing and begin withdrawing their savings. Some ignorant person starts a rumor, it is spread in whispers, and when the run begins it spreads like an infection. It is an utterly mindless performance, for it would seem that anybody capable of understanding the most common facts would be reassured and would dismiss all fears when the run is met, as the run upon the Bank for Savings was met, by an offer of unlimited millions from other banks. Why should a depositor be afraid to trust his hundreds to the bank when bankers who know a great deal more about the situation than he can possibly know are willing to trust their millions?

The statement of the condition of the Bank for Savings made by its officers was an exceedingly strong one; it showed that the money of the depositors was entirely safe. Superintendent VAN TUYL of the State Banking Department said: "The Bank for Savings is "in splendid condition. There is ab-"solutely no cause for uneasiness on "the part of the depositors." And as we have said, other banks, some of the biggest in the city, offered unlimited cash to enable the Bank for Savings to meet the run. These offers were declined because the bank had ample cash of its own.

The Bank for Savings was established nearly a hundred years ago. It has passed through many panic years, it has a very high reputation for safe and conservative management. Yet not even all these things sufficed to reassure some of the depositors, although the run is evidently nearing its end. There is no explaining these witless demonstrations of timidity.

CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES

The Dominion Commons rejected the free food amendment to the speech from the throne on Thursday by a majority of forty-five, and with cheers as the owner of a leading paper voted with the minority and against his party. The Canadian dispatches say that this makes it certain that the next general election will turn on closer trade relations with the United States. In that case Sir WILFRID'S recent defeat for unworthy reasons should give him an easier victory.

The debate on the speech from the throne abounds with points bearing upon American affairs. Sir WILFRID LAURIER made what the Opposition calls a "blue ruin" speech, in which he remarked upon the idleness of 100,000 men and the difficulty of getting food owing to the high cost of living. His complaint was that the Government does not "by a stroke "of the pen give to the producers of "wheat the American market." This seems rather cryptic when contrasted with Sir WILFRID'S attribution of the cost of living to the inability of farmers to get cultivators, and to the fact that American buying has raised prices in the Canadian market. The explanation is simple. Canada, by the rejection of reciprocity, has given us access to her market, but denies herself access to our market. She is willing to buy from us, but penalizes our sales to her consumers. Under the proposed reciprocity arrangement Canadians would have been able to eat bread made from grain bought near where it grows, without a buttering of freight cost resulting from the policy of artificially forcing commerce to flow east and west instead of north and south.

On this side the border we do not know what passed at the interview between Premier BORDEN and President WILSON. Canadian newspapers approve the surmise that the Premier proved too much, and that he received a suggestion that Canada would consult her own interests by reducing her tariffs on our products before asking for further reduction of our tariffs, and by accepting the old—or it may be possible to say the pending—reciprocity arrangement before asking for another.

The Opposition advanced further interesting views upon the reciprocity arrangement between the Dominion and the British West Indies. They asked what became of the proposal for a preference to West Indian sugar in the Canadian market when our tariff gave immediate reduction with free admission in the near future. The same criticism was made of Canadian reciprocity with Australia. The Canadian preference on wool is futile in comparison with free wool in the American tariff. The value of the American market appears from the sale by Canada under our new tariff of 100,000 cattle and 20,000,000 bushels of oats. Why did the Government protect the farmers who were exporting their product on such a great and profitable scale? Why does not the Dominion Government consult the farmers as well as the manufacturers in framing the tariff? Is the discrimination due to the fact that Canadian food is sold more cheaply in the Motherland than in the Dominion? Some of these questions can be answered, but the answers involve inconsistencies such as promise no easy times for the Dominion Premier.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Precautions Taken Uselessly.

While the sinking of the Old Dominion steamer Monroe by the Nantucket of the Merchants and Miners Line will not rank among the great maritime disasters, the fatalities were still sufficiently numerous to be impressive, especially as the escape of the survivors was by the narrowest of margins.

The startling feature of the accident is to be found in the fact that the Monroe was not only a large and comparatively new boat, but it was of the most approved construction. It was equipped, too, with all the modern safeguards, including six bulkheads, wireless telegraphy with two operators for its constant operation, submarine signaling apparatus, and enough lifeboats and rafts to carry all its passengers and crew. Yet, when rammed amidships by the smaller ship, it sank within a time so short that practically every one of the rescues was made from the water, and had the sea been high probably there would have been no rescues at all.

In other words, none of the many precautions taken was of any use. The Monroe was not made slow-sinking by its division into seven nominally watertight compartments, and the two steamers came together in the fog in exactly the same way and with exactly the same results as they would have done in the days when dominion over the sea was admittedly much less nearly complete than it is supposed to be now.

For a full explanation of this seeming failure on the part of modern science as applied to shipbuilding and navigation we will have to wait for the official investigations that will doubtless be made. At present it can only be said that the Monroe was struck at exactly the point where the most water would be let into her hold, which is also the point most difficult adequately to guard, as well as necessarily the weakest, and that the blow somehow rendered impossible in the few available moments the closing of the bulkhead doors.

That the Captain and all the other officers except one were saved is a peculiarity of the accident that in the circumstances will not arouse the usual criticism. There was nothing for anybody to do except instantly to jump overboard, and the officers naturally went with all the others who were not caught below when the collision occurred. So quickly did the ship go down that for those so imprisoned there was no escape. They were the victims of fog, the greatest of sea dangers, now as always.

A Puzzle Truly Chinese.

So difficult is it for Western minds to see in Confucianism as expounded by its more intelligent votaries anything except an embodiment of the morality common to all the world, that its establishment as the national "religion" of China seems hardly calculated to cause there the excited controversy which preceded this action. Apparently its selection for official recognition leaves a fairly free field for all the other cults, yet the representatives of them all seem to have opposed the choice. In many cases, presumably, this antagonism was due to a desire to receive the same recognition, and to receive it exclusively.

CONFUCIUS himself laid no claim to divinity, and was a philosopher rather than a prophet. He taught what has come to be called "ancestor worship," but as formalized by him it was little if anything more than reverence and respect for the dead, with simple rites not differing essentially from those to which mourning relatives everywhere naturally resort as expressions of sorrow and remembrance. Indeed, educated Chinese, like educated Japanese, deny that they "worship" their ancestors in the Occidental sense of the word, and it is evident from the dispatches that they are, or plausibly pretend to be, in doubt as to just what the Government has done. They ask if it has or has not decided that CONFUCIUS was a god, and the meaning of the order that the new republic's high officials shall "worship heaven" as the Emperors did.

The vast mass of Chinese superstitions has little or nothing to do with Confucianism, and CONFUCIUS inclined strongly to the view that human duties were confined to the present life. As to the other world, he asserted as little as he denied. His is no system to exercise restraint of the police sort on China's lower millions, and they have made numberless additions to it in the shape of big and little gods, good and bad, for whom the sage would have had neither faith nor commendation.

Collegiate Expenses Considered.

Most men whose college memories date well back into the nineteenth century could tell the boys who are now calling $700 a year barely enough to meet absolutely necessary expenses that they are mistaken. At any rate they can prove that they themselves spent nothing like that amount, for the excellent reason that they didn't have and couldn't get it, and yet managed to secure as undergraduates not a few joys besides those, so calm and cold, derived from study and recitation.

Sport was neither systematized nor expensive in those days, but there was a good deal of it, and it gave the "savor to life" which was as much demanded then as now. So far was it possible for any boy to get along on less than $700 a year that he who spent much more than half that sum was a rare exception, very likely to be viewed askance as a wild fellow, unfortunate in having parents with more money than sense. Quite commonly the contributions from home had to be supplemented by teaching school in the Winter—the miserable and degrading expedient of tip-hunting at Summer hotels not having been then invented—and there is no need to say that the money thus earned was spent with some care.

Not all of the cheap amusements were as innocent as they might have been, but the worst of them might have been worse, and most of the facultorial punishments were inflicted for sins purely artificial—mala prohibita, not mala in se. As now, the students learned much or little, about as they chose, but many of them did somehow acquire a knowledge of and liking for books that seem to be lacking from the typical graduate of to-day.

Income Tax Questions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Answers to the following queries relating to the income tax would be of interest to several readers of THE TIMES:

1. Are the incomes of charitable institutions, religious institutions, or churches specifically exempted? If not, can they claim exemption and on what grounds?

2. Is the allowance made a son by his father exempt, assuming that the father has already paid a tax on this allowance as part of his own income? It is, of course, assumed that the allowance exceeds the amount for which the son may claim exemption and his age may exceed 21 years.

3. Can a person claim exemption on an allowance made to him by any member of his family other than a parent or when made by a relative not a member of his immediate family or even by a friend not a relative?

4. Should presents of money, such as Christmas or birthday presents, be included in a statement of income, and, if so, can exemption be claimed on such amounts on the ground that in effect they represent a present to the recipient of whatever he buys with the money, the present being given in this way, rather than directly, as a matter of convenience?

This reasoning, in fact, seems to apply also to an allowance, which differs from Christmas or birthday presents merely in the fact that it comes at regular intervals of a month or week, as the case may be, instead of once or twice a year. I am making the perhaps unwarranted assumption that the value of presents other than money need not be included in a statement of income. D. B.

Montclair, N. J., Jan. 16, 1914.

Domestic Work Shunned.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

At a meeting of the unemployed held at Cooper Union recently one woman in the audience got up to say: "Why do so many women suffer when they can have comfortable homes and $20 per month in wages?" "There must be some very good reason why the girls all prefer to work in factories or shops under the worst conditions, rather than go into people's homes to work," answered the Chairman.

This is very true, but does any man or woman deserve sympathy or aid who prefers to starve rather than to accept respectable employment which may not be altogether congenial? E. J. K.

New York, Jan. 29, 1914.

A Schedule for Col. Goethals.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Why not adopt a rational programme, as follows: Let Col. Goethals spend the year 1914 in overcoming the Cucuracha slides, the year 1915 in perfecting the operating organization for the canal, the year 1916 in recreation and travel, with incidentally an interview with the Kaiser about municipal methods in Germany, and the year 1917 in a vigorous campaign for the Mayoralty of New York? Platform: "Honest and efficient administration." SQUARE DEAL.

New York, Jan. 30, 1914.

Wireless from Aeroplanes.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is stated in your issue of Jan. 25 that Louis Brequet of Paris, France, has invented and is using a method of signaling from aeroplanes by means of dots and dashes of the Morse code produced by soot. Will you permit me to say that that is my invention, French patent No. 402,885? Mr. Brequet is using it under license from me.

Boston, Jan. 30, 1914. JAMES MEANS.

HAPPINESS ENOW.

Your fare may be plain and your clothes
plainer still,
Of worries you may have your share,
The present hold griefs and denials so
grim,
The future seem darkened by care;
But when you start out, though it's
facing hard work,
Your spirits grow buoyant as cork;
You're grateful that Fate has apportioned for you
A sunny day here in New York!

But yesterday, fog hid the sky from
your sight,
The smoke settled grimy and dense,
The rush and the clang and the whistles and roar
Seemed deadening to soul and to
sense.
To-day comes a salt breath from river
and bay—
As proud as a monarch you stalk,
Convinced man's best fortune is just to
enjoy
A sunny day here in New York!

A few hours before, all you thought of
was debts,
The high cost of living, big bills.
To-day, the small jingling of coins in
your purse
Your spirit with fresh courage fills.
You envy not those who glide by in big
cars;
Contentedly, gladly, you walk.
To exorcise blue devils, nothing can
beat
A sunny day here in New York!

ELLA A. FANNING.

MORE SCHOOLING.

Assemblyman Sufrin Asks That It Be Centred on Fewer Subjects.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to the need of investigating the course of study in the elementary schools, I wish to state that the law of this State now requires children to attend school till they have reached 14 years of age. Most children leave as soon as the law permits them, therefore our concern should be mainly with them. Now, the question is, do they derive the greatest benefit from a course in the essentials or from one that attempts to give them a smattering of the sciences and the arts as our present course does in the last few years?

Business men generally believe that a thorough training in essentials inculcates habits of accuracy and efficiency, and a little thorough knowledge is a better basis for future advancement than the false idea with which our public school graduates are now imbued—that they are legitimate amateurs in the sciences and mechanical arts.

Let the public school system consist of six years of thorough drill in essentials. Why not omit the attempt to teach science, foreign languages, algebra, higher arithmetic, technical grammar, mechanical drawing, English history, and different literary masterpieces? It seems to me the province of such work is in a high school department, where there are children who can afford to remain beyond the compulsory age in school. Cannot the Board of Education divide the system into (a) six years in public schools—the child will then be 12 years old—and, (b,) an intermediate high school course, trade course, or commercial course that may have two or four years?

The child of poor parents compelled to attend this high school course until he reaches his fourteenth year would in the last two years get some preparation for trade, business, or manufacturing. This should be a distinct aim, as it applies to a vast percentage of the children who are now thrown on their own resources when they leave public school, and are neither scholars, artists, nor mechanics, nor have they been given a start in any of those directions.

Those children who are preparing for higher education are obliged to spend eight years in public schools, four years in high school, four years in collegiate work. How old are they when they are graduated as professionals? Twenty-six or 27 or more. It is rather late to begin a professional, social, or family career. Here, briefly, is the remedy:

Essentials in the first six years.

Trade and vocational subjects for two years more for those who will leave at 14 years.

Academic subjects from sixth to eighth school year for those who will take up advanced studies.

One hour added to the school day.

More hours added to the school life by shortening vacations—two weeks at the beginning of the Summer and two weeks additional in Fall, and one week saved during the year.

Now, what danger can there be to the children's health when the variety of subjects will allow pedagogical change of interest as at present; when physical training and games will be given as at present; when recess from 12 to 1:30 would allow play time sufficient to recuperate for afternoon session of three hours, and when children even now gladly go to Summer schools? During Summer months the majority of children in cities would be removed from banal street influence and actual personal danger.

SOLOMON SUFRIN.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 29, 1914.

APPROVE SUBWAY CONTRACT.

Board of Estimate Adopts the Times Square Plans.

The Board of Estimate yesterday approved the contract for the construction of the section of the Seventh Avenue Subway from Thirtieth Street to Forty-third. This has been awarded to the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company, a subsidiary of the Interborough, which will operate the line when it is completed.

This section contains two express stations, one to serve the Pennsylvania Station, the other running from Forty-second to Fortieth Street, with entrances at Fortieth and Forty-second Streets and exits at Forty-first Street. It will connect by underground passage with the Steinway Tunnel terminus and the platforms for the proposed shuttle service to the Grand Central Station, which will occupy, it is expected, the present Times Square station, and it will also have a sub-grade connection with the northwest corner of Forty-second Street and Seventh Avenue.

The Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate went yesterday afternoon to the offices of the Public Service Commission to talk over the two great Forty-second Street questions—the connection at the Grand Central Station and the Times Square express station. They had before them the models of the rival plans of Henry G. Opdycke and Alfred Craven, chief engineer of the commission. No decision was reached, and the conference will be resumed next week.

FOR THE COMMERCE BOARD.

W. M. Daniels of New Jersey and H. C. Hall of Colorado Selected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The contest over the appointment of Interstate Commissioners ended to-day, when Senators who called at the White House were told that President Wilson had selected Winthrop More Daniels of Princeton, N. J., and Henry Clay Hall of Colorado Springs, Col., to fill the vacancies caused by the resignation of Charles A. Prouty of Vermont and the death of John H. Marble of California. The nominations of Mr. Daniels and Mr. Hall will be sent to the Senate to-morrow.

Mr. Daniels is Chairman of the Public Utilities Commission of New Jersey. He was serving as Professor of Political Economy at Princeton University in 1911 when President Wilson, then Governor, appointed him to the Board of Public Utility Commissioners of New Jersey for a term of six years. He had held the chair of Political Economy at Princeton since 1892. Mr. Daniels was born in Dayton, Ohio, in 1867.

Mr. Hall is President of the Bar Association of Colorado. He was born in New York in 1860. After practicing in New York for two years he went to Paris in 1885, where he continued his law practice and was counsel to the United States Legation. In 1892 he left France for Colorado Springs on account of his health. He has been an active practicing lawyer in Colorado and has been counsel for railroads and many corporations.

O'GORMAN QUITS COMMITTEE

Gives Place on Banking and Currency to Blair Lee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30. — Senator O'Gorman of New York resigned as a member of the Banking and Currency Committee to-day to give his place to Senator Blair Lee, the new Senator from Maryland.

Mr. O'Gorman will have more than enough committee work left with the promised activity of the Inter-Oceanic Canals Committee, of which he is Chairman, on the question of exempting American coastwise ships from Panama Canal tolls, and as a member of the Committee on Foreign Relations, Immigration, Judiciary, Manufactures, Naval Affairs, and Rules.

ART NOTES.

Chester Beach's Sculpture on Exhibition at Macbeth Galleries.

At the Macbeth Galleries Chester Beach is holding an exhibition of his sculpture in which are pieces of quite extraordinary beauty. One is a relief called the "Snow Dance," a couple of draped figures, turning in a dance that suggests wreaths of snow caught and swirled by the wind. The conception is delicately fanciful, but the figures are so full of life and the composition shows so vivid a sense of style that the touch of symbolism counts for little except to prove to the unimaginative how artists think in terms of movement and color, and swirling snow may be dancing maidens, or circling birds, or curling wave-crests, or anything that answers in the mind to that call of the moving line. In spite of the beautiful rhythms there is something monumental in the treatment which is due to the economy of "holes."

There is really only one hole in the composition which in a way forms a centre and ties the parts together instead of separating them. The rest is simple and compact and conveys both the sense of dignity and the sense of energy and freedom in a remarkable manner. There is also a freshness in the execution that comes in part, no doubt, from the fact that the sculptor followed the great precedent of Michael Angelo and attacked the stone directly with his chisel, leaving the surface vivacious in its irregularities, and eloquent of brain-guided handiwork. On the back of the slab of marble the curious may see an unfinished sketch which Mr. Beach abandoned, and may infer from it the very personal method by which the design is worked out in the stubborn marble, showing in its final triumph over the rebellions of the material an athletic beauty denied to the design thought out in terms of clay or wax.

The "Mist Figure" is another fine relief in which the gradations of the planes are effectively suited to the design, just as an ancient and logical Greek would have made them. The spirited quality gained by the different degrees of salience and the sharp, clever accents is refreshing after the dullness of conventional relief work. The exhibition lasts until Feb. 16.

In the inner gallery are a number of pictures by Charles H. Davis, Daniel Garber, Richard E. Miller, Chauncey F. Ryder, and Gardner Symons. Mr. Davis places before us three aspects of Summer—the first promises in May, the later fulfillment, and the passing. All are painted with his scrupulous attention to reality and his sympathy with the various moods of nature. Mr. Garber is decorative in his study of a wild grapevine, and hardly less so in his "Little Hillside Farm," which misses in intimacy what it gains in typical quality. The tree is finely drawn, and the shadows on the front of the house are quite bewitching in pattern. If the title told us that this was a set for "The Old Homestead" we should, no doubt, find it without a taint of theatre, but the title it has puts us on the lookout for something tender and reminiscent and personal, which we fail to get. Titles are a nuisance.

Mr. Symons catches the peculiar lilt of morning light on a homely landscape, and one feels the strong features of the ground under its mask of snow in his Winter scene. Mr. Ryder makes just enough and not too much of the human interest in his farm scene, and Richard E. Miller contributes two figure subjects that take the fancy with details. You are tempted, that is, to itemize your pleasures thus: Flowers, window, youth, a lovely hand. You see the picture not quite as a whole, because every bit of it is treated with such deference. It is almost a comfort to find the eyelashes of the girl putting something odd in her tea much too strongly accented. It is a beautiful picture in spite of this.

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The Marsden Hartley exhibition at the Photo-Secession Gallery has proved such a success, either on account of or in spite of its scenario, several thousand visitors having been attracted to the Little Gallery, that it will remain open until Feb. 12.

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It is announced that the forthcoming annual exhibition of the pastellists will be held in the galleries of the National Arts Club from Feb. 5 to Feb. 21. The opening reception will be on Wednesday evening, Feb. 4, and the press view on Wednesday, from 10 to 6 o'clock.

From all indications this promises to be one of the most interesting exhibitions held by this society so far. A representative showing of the work of the foremost pastellists is assured, as well as a number of characteristic water colors by such individual exponents of aquarelle as John Marin and Maurice Prendergast. Leon Dabo, Jerome Meyers, Elmer MacRae, Edward A. Kramer, Marion Beckett, Arthur B. Davies, William J. Glackens, Everett Shinn, Alden Weir, George Bellows, Childe Hassam, George Luks, Thel Meyers, Nathaniel Dolinsky, Vernon Ellis, Walter Pach, Walt Kuhn, Carl Sprinchorn, and Albert Sterner will be represented by groups of their most recent work.

WANTS RESERVE BANK JOB.

S. D. Scudder Defends Open Candidacy Despite Wilson's Objection.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The statement made at the White House the other day that President Wilson would not appoint any active candidate to membership on the new Federal Reserve Board has caused S. D. Scudder of New York to issue a circular letter from here addressed "To my friends all over the United States" defending his efforts to be appointed to the board.

Mr. Scudder has been an active banker. He was associated with John Skelton Williams, the new Controller of the Currency, in the banking business in Richmond, and later became connected with the Jefferson Bank in New York. At the recent bankers' conference in Boston, when the Currency bill was severely criticised, Mr. Scudder came to the Administration's defense.

"Some one has intimated to President Wilson and to his Secretary, J. P. Tumulty," writes Mr. Scudder, "that a great many of the recommendations recently forwarded to the White House in connection with openings on the Federal Reserve Board were manufactured and not spontaneous.'

"Never having held a position under the Government, and not knowing how to seek such a place, I may have gone about it in an unusual manner, and thus subjected myself to criticism from those who are adept in such things. But there seemed no more natural, democratic way than to frankly let my friends throughout the country know what I wanted, and, if they approved, to strive for it by a manly, direct method.

"Hundreds of the best people on this continent, representing the leading American citizenship from a large majority of the States, have answered so promptly and so cordially that I cannot believe they consider their recommendations to President Wilson simply in the light of a formal courtesy to me."

BAR WOULD CHANGE INSANITY VERDICTS

State Association Suggests "Guilty, but Insane" for Cases Like Thaw's.

HITS AT SHERIFF'S JURIES

Ex-Judge Cullen Speaks on "The Decline of Personal Liberty in America."

The thirty-seventh annual meeting of the New York State Bar Association was opened in this city yesterday. Sessions at the Bar Association and at Carnegie Hall were followed in the evening by a reception at the Hotel Astor to ex-Judge Cullen, former Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, who was elected an honorary member of the association by unanimous vote on the motion of Henry W. Taft.

At the night session in Carnegie Hall ex-Chief Judge Edgar M. Cullen, who retired from the Court of Appeals bench the first of the year, spoke on "The Decline of Personal Liberty in America." Judge Cullen said in part:

"To-day, according to the notion of many if not most people, liberty is the right of part of the people to compel the other part to do what the first part thinks the latter ought to do for its own benefit.

Liberty of the Press.

"Liberty of the press as defined by Alexander Hamilton, whose definition was approved by Chancellor Kent, writing for the Supreme Court of this State, of which he was then a member, consists 'in the right to publish with impunity truth with good motives and for justifiable ends, whether it respects Government, magistrates, or individuals.' The Constitution of Minnesota ordains: 'The liberty of the press shall forever remain inviolate, and all persons may freely speak, write, and publish their sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of such right.'

"The Legislature of that State enacted a statute in relation to the execution of capital sentences, which prescribed: 'No account of the details of such execution beyond the statement of the fact that such convict was on the day in question duly executed according to law, shall be published in any newspaper.'

"In the case of State vs. Pioneer Press Company (100 Minn., 173) the defendant was indicted and convicted of publishing an account of an execution. In answer to the appellant's argument that there were no constitutional limitations upon the press unless the subject matter be blasphemous, obscene, seditious, or scandalous in its character, the learned court said:

"'This is altogether too restricted a view. The principle is the same, whether the subject matter of the publication is distinctly blasphemous, seditious, or scandalous, or of such character as naturally tends to excite the public mind and thus indirectly affect the public good.'

"I believe that on many subjects it is right that the public mind should be excited, despite of whatever disadvantage may come from that condition, and I had supposed that it was the inalienable right of the press to excite the public on the subject of any wrong, so that that wrong might be redressed. How can redress against misgovernment be effectually obtained except by exciting the public mind?

Eugenics in Wisconsin.

"Looking in the dictionaries of recent years we find a new word, 'Eugenics,' defined as the science of improving the human race by securing better offspring. The professors of the new science * * * not satisfied to advance their cause by argument have sought and obtained legislation, in at least two States, which forbids marriage without the certificate of a physician to the physical well-being of the parties. Restraints on marriage are not new in the world. The only result has been, where such restraints have prevailed, that men and women have formed unions without the sanction of either law or religions, and to the credit of human nature, they have, as a rule, been as constant to the obligations of those unions as if there had been legal marriage. If the legislation spoken of had this result it would be wicked as well as silly, but as it is so easily evaded by going to another State to perform the marriage ceremony, I have characterized it only as silly."

Judge Cullen also criticized the invocation of the criminal law against those who favored the use of Christian Science and other treatment not favored by orthodox medical men and attacked the continual use of military forces in industrial disputes, and other emergencies. He said:

"It is becoming the common practice, in the case of any great disaster, such as fire or flood, to call out the military. If it be true that in this country order cannot be maintained and the law enforced by the civil authorities, but we must constantly resort to military force, our boast of freedom is but idle and, at least, we should refrain from the expression of indignation in which we have recently been indulging at the invasion of the rights of civilians by the army in Germany."

Change in Insanity Verdicts.

The day sessions were held at the rooms of the Association of the Bar, 42 West Forty-fourth Street. The Committee on the Commitment and Discharge of the Criminal Insane made a report in which they branded as an "exploded theory" the assumed inability of an insane man to distinguish between right and wrong. The committee recommended that juries be allowed instead of returning a verdict of "not guilty on the ground of insanity," to return one of "guilty but insane," under which in capital cases the defendant might be sent for life to an asylum for the criminal insane, with the privilege of asking commitment to a prison after becoming competent at some future time.

Alton B. Parker, President of the association, in his opening address referred to members of the bar associations as tribunes of the people, and opposed the recall of Judges and of judicial decisions as steps to undermine Constitutional Government.

The report of the Committee on Law Reform of the association made an attack on the present exemptions from jury duty. The committee said that all exemptions, except those of State officers and Judges, lawyers regularly employed in practice, physicians and surgeons, not following any other calling; policemen and paid firemen, and engineers, assistant engineers, and firem

E. C. CONVERSE, 64, WEDS MISS DUNSHEE

Retired Banker's Marriage to Sister of His Brother's Widow a Surprise.

HIS BRIDE IS AGED 48

Leave City Hall with Marriage License for St. Thomas's Church—His Daughter at Ceremony.

Edmund C. Converse, retired banker and financier, of New York and Greenwich, Conn., was married yesterday to Miss Mary Edith Dunshee of 375 Park Avenue. Mr. Converse is 64 and his bride, who is 48, is a sister of his brother's widow, the late Mrs. J. B. Converse. The ceremony was performed at noon in the chapel of St. Thomas's Church, the rector, the Rev. Dr. Ernest B. Stires, officiating.

No formal announcement had been made of the wedding, and it was a big surprise to Mr. Converse's friends, who did not know that he contemplated matrimony. The first intimation of his marriage was when he visited the City Hall, shortly before noon, with Miss Dunshee, where they took out a marriage license.

They were driven directly to St. Thomas's, where Mr. Converse's son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Strong, Jr., of 903 Park Avenue, and Mrs. Stanley Gardner, a sister of the bride, awaited them. The bride wore a traveling costume, and was unattended. There was no bridal breakfast, Mr. and Mrs. Converse going to the Hotel Biltmore to remain until today, when they expect to sail for Europe on an extended trip.

Mr. Converse's first wife died on Sept. 4, 1912, at Conyers Manor, their estate at Greenwich, Conn., leaving an estate of $1,000,000. Two days later his sister-in-law, Mrs. J. B. Converse, who had a residence on his estate, died, and it was said then that her death was hastened by Mrs. Edmund C. Converse's death. Miss Dunshee made her home with her sister, Mrs. J. B. Converse, up to the time of her death, when she came to New York and took an apartment, visiting the Converse place at Greenwich from time to time.

Mr. Converse has two daughters, Mrs. Benjamin Strong, Jr., Baroness von Romberg of Wiesbaden, and a son, Edmund C. Converse, Jr., of Santa Paula, Cal. His first wife was Miss Jessie Macdonough Green, who was related to the Macdonough and Van Nyce families of Long Island. Miss Dunshee's sister left an estate of about $500,000, of which she received a share. She is the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William Dunshee, and was born in McKeesport, Penn.

For many years Mr. Converse was one of the most prominent figures in the financial district of New York. His father, the late James C. Converse of Boston, was the first President of the National Tube Works, continuing as such until his death in 1893. Until his retirement this month, Mr. Converse had been President of the Bankers' Trust Company since its organization in 1903.

He was President of the Astor Trust Company, Director of the Liberty National Bank, and the Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, on the Executive Board of the Steel Trust, and a Director in many other corporations. He began to withdraw from his industrial and corporation capacities the first of the year. He is a member of the Metropolitan, Union League, New York Athletic, New York Yacht, Knollwood Country, City, Midday, Sleepy Hollow Country and Jekyl Country Clubs and the Automobile Club of America.

Several years ago Mr. Converse acquired a famous painting by Thomas Gainsborough, R. A., a bust portrait of Count Rumford, (Sir Benjamin Thompson,) from whom he is a descendant on his mother's side of the author-traveler honored with knighthood in England, and afterward made a Count of the Holy Roman Empire. Mr. Converse is understood to have paid about $75,000 for the portrait.

HONOR LEGION FORMED.

New York Police Organization Takes Out State Papers.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—The Honor Legion of the Police Department of New York City was incorporated to-day. Its objects are to afford an opportunity for the honor men to meet in social intercourse on a footing of absolute equality; to bind them together more closely, irrespective of rank, and to foster and inspire a spirit of honor, bravery, self-sacrifice, and devotion.

The principal office is in Queens Borough, and the Directors are John W. Fraser, Edward H. Ayres, Max F. Schmitzberger, William F. Day, George Griffin, and Rush A. Webster.

GIVE DANCE AT BILTMORE.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Vander Poel Entertain—Supper at Midnight.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Halsted Vander Poel of 830 Park Avenue entertained last night with a dance in the new ballroom of the Biltmore. A midnight supper was served. This was the first large entertainment Mr. and Mrs. Vander Poel had given since their marriage several years ago. Mrs. Vander Poel was Miss Billings, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. K. G. Billings.

The guests who accepted invitations included Mr. and Mrs. Nelson B. Burr, Mr. and Mrs. Edward W. C. Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Barclay, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Boocock, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Fincke, Mr. and Mrs. Harold McL. Turner, Mr. and Mrs. Adrian Iselin, 2d, Mr. and Mrs. Roger M. Minton, Mr. and Mrs. John Reid, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Lynford Dickinson, Mr. and Mrs. Duncan A. Holmes, Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kobbe.

Also, the Misses Anne K. Eastman, Ella and Constance McCall, Mildred Harbeck, Margaret French, Dorothy Anderton, Madeleine O'Brien, Elizabeth Almy, Mary V. Pyle, Marjorie Motley, Hopeton Atterbury, Martha Kobbe.

Also Fahys Cook, Hazelton Carstairs, Howard M. Peck, Albert N. Billings, Levitt J. Hunt, Raymond Chauncey, Dr. Henry James, Geoffry Dodge, David T. Stuart, F. L. Plummer, Theron D. Strong, Dr. Walter P. Anderton, George Wagstaff, Frank Outerbridge, Webster Stetson, John Vander Poel, R. H. Halsted, Esmond O'Brien, Hubert Litchfield, Morgan Goetchius, Bowers Lee, G. Elton Park, Lewis Albro, Cornelius Fox, Sinclair Richardson, Frederick Almy, Jr., and C. Arthur Comstock.

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MORRIS KINNEY GIVES DANCE

Entertains for Mr. and Mrs. Harry La Montagne at Sherry's.

Morris Kinney was the host last night at a dance at Sherry's for his sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Harry La Montagne, who recently arrived from Paris and are making their temporary home at the Ritz-Carlton. Mrs. La Montagne was Miss Beatrice Kinney.

The dance was in the large ballroom, and Mr. Kinney received the guests in the adjoining reception room, assisted by Mrs. La Montagne and his sister-in-law, Mrs. Warren Kinney. The decorations were pink and green. Palms were used and baskets of pink azaleas were hung on the ballroom walls. The supper at midnight was served from small tables in the large reception room. There were between 300 and 400 guests.

Among those who accepted invitations to the dance were Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Aspinwall, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Barney, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Beadleston, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick O. Beach, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Mr.; Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Benkard, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Benkard, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Knox Bell, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence C. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. Phillips Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Gifford A. Cochran, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Cornfelt, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Cowdin, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Cushing, Mr. and Mrs. F. Y. Dalziel, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Prime Delafield, Count and Countess del Sera, Count and Countess de Viel Castel, Mr. and Mrs. William B. Dinsmore, Mr. and Mrs. Howard C. Dickinson, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. George Rathbone Dyer, Mr. and Mrs. John G. de Saulles, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald de Koven, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Drexel, Jr.; Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Edey, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Magee Ellsworth.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Horace Gallatin, Mr. and Mrs. Langdon Geer, Mr. and Mrs. Robert D. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Rowland Hazard, Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Hare, Mr. and Mrs. Charles D. Halsey, Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. Archer Huntington, Mr. and Mrs. G. Maurice Heckscher, Mr. and Mrs. A. Duer Irving, Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Knapp, Mr. and Mrs. William Rulof Kip, Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Reech, Mr. and Mrs. Montaigu La Montagne, Mr. and Mrs. Montaign La Montagne, Mr. Mrs. Harris Lindabery, and Mr. and Mrs. Stowe Phelps.

Also the Misses Isabelle Amy, Margaret Andrews, Edith Bouvier, Sarah Schuyler Butler, Florence Burton, Fanny Cottenet, Beatrice and Gertrude de Coppett, Louise Edey, Marie Emmet, Clara Fargo, Helena Fish, Hilda Holmes, Marion Hollins, Helen Leigh Hunt, Dorothea Kane, Elise Ladew, Margaret L. Lee, Luisita Leland, and Margaret Mackay.

Also Réné, Philip, and Morgan La Montagne, Harvey Ladew, Wadsworth R. Lewis, Nathan H. Lord, Emlen Littell, Foxhall Keene, Alexander Keogh, Marshall Kernochan, Louis Keller, Henry Spies Kip, Percival Kirkland, Shipley Jones, D. Percy Morgan, Herbert Neal, Darragh Park, G. L. Perkins, J. D. Pell, J. A. Rawlins, Paul Renshaw, Charles E. Sands, Robert Sedgwick, Jr., Thomas Slidell, Freeman Smith, Seth Sprague, Walden Pell, and Ernest V. Amy.

MRS. HASKELL ENTERTAINS.

Gives Theatre Party, Supper, and Dance for Her Daughter.

Mrs. J. Amory Haskell was the hostess last night at a theatre party, followed by a supper and dancing at Sherry's, for her daughter, Miss Mary Riker Haskell. After the play the guests were taken in 'buses to Sherry's and after supper there was dancing in one of the private rooms.

Mr. and Mrs. Haskell chaperoned the party, and among those who accepted invitations were the Misses Margaret and Charlotte Strong, Lois Hall, Louise Chappell, Dorothy Manice, Katharine Sands, Elizabeth Russell, Vieva Fisher, Louise Flint, Betty Carson, Julia Gilbert, Augusta Dixon, Constance Williams, Frances Henry, Cornelia Chapin, Rebecca Lloyd, Betty Kirkpatrick, Hazen Symington, Lily Robertson, Elizabeth Thompson, Elise Francke, and Helen Bois.

Also Charles Brenton, and Lindsay Welling, Teodor von Gräesse, Réné Hoguet, George Bramwell, Francis Murray, Edward Jones, J. Horton Ijams, Throop and Francis Gerr, Livingston Short, William Symington, J. Henry Harper, Jr., Winslow Williams, Frederick Wooley, Rudolph Kunhardt, Charles J. Nourse, Reginald Francklyn, Thornton Brown, Stuart Peck, Henry Stearns, Charles Kimball, Gavin Hadden, Oliver Wagstaff, Harvey Graham, Theodore Averys, William Flagg, Maitland Belknap, Arthur Du Bois, Rupert Anderson, Dr. Lawrence Dowd, and Amory L. Haskell.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Eleven Steamships.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of their passengers are:

GEORGE WASHINGTON, (Bremen)—Mrs. John Astor, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Bliss, Walter Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Copell, Mrs. Marcus Daly, Mrs. C. R. Dugue, Mrs. R. E. Ellis, Oscar Gottlieb, J. J. Hayden, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Hoff, Mrs. E. J. Irwin, E. Kennedy, Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Miller, Mrs. A. G. Olney, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Pomeroy, H. D. Seaman, Andrew Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Jacques Valentine, Miss C. White, and Miss Elizabeth Willis.

CARONIA, (Alexandria)—F. W. Anderson, Mrs. J. Aymar, Mr. and Mrs. A. Chester Beatty, Mrs. H. C. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Blossom, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel D. Dodge, Mrs. E. Tiffany Dyer, Mr. and Mrs. F. de P. Foster, H. H. Homer, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Ives, Mrs. E. A. Low, Mr. and Mrs. W. Rockwell, J. W. Patterson, Mrs. W. Post, Mrs. R. R. Rogers, Mrs. M. W. Taggart, Mrs. C. H. Woodworth, and W. E. Wooley.

ORUBA (Southampton via West Indies)—Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Beardsley, Clinton Baker, Dr. and Mrs. A. S. Crittenden, Miss Crittenden, H. A. Holmes, H. O. Kenyon, Dr. G. Park, H. R. Powell, R. H. Tatcher, BERTIN (Havre)—Mr. and Mrs. J. Adams, Mrs. F. O. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Brooks, G. W. Cole, Miss H. Ely, Miss A. C. Fraser, Mrs. J. S. Gaylord, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Gordon, Miss S. E. Hanley, Mrs. J. P. Howell, Mrs. Jesse Hoyt, Baron Oscar Korff, Miss E. E. Lyons, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Moorhead, Miss Anna Palmer, Louis C. Tiffany, Miss Dorothy T. Tiffany.

CALIFORNIA (Glasgow)—Donald Camison, Col. W. C. Douglas, D. S. O.; Miss M. Ellen Douglas, Miss Jane Paton, S. C. Thomas, Mrs. J. H. Wilson, A. T. Adam, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hill.

ARCADIAN (Bermuda)—Mrs. H. D. Cabot, the Rev. and Mrs. R. F. Campbell, Mrs. Talbot R. Chambers, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Coleman, Mrs. H. M. Davis, Mrs. J. C. Dunlop, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Halstead, Miss D. Hyde, Dr. and Mrs. J. Kelsey, Richard McCurdy, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Thompson, Miss Godfrey Thompson

GERA—WALDERSEE (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. Otto Buam, George Gunner, Mrs. G. C. Harkness, Miss K. C. Harkness, Mrs Veronia Lang.

MINNETONKA (London)—F. Archdale, E. M. Greeve, Miss C. M. Hinkin, E. B. Harris, W. J. Jennings, W. C. Martin, Mrs. F. Sharpe, Mrs. M. D. Sedgwick.

ROCHAMBEAU (Havre)—Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Browne, Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Congdon, Mrs. M. P. Lambert, Mr. W. O. Maden, J. H. Pearce, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Strickland, J. M. Tracey, C. D. Tenney, Mrs. G. W. Wright.

TENADORES (South America via Colon)—Mr. and Mrs. John D. Williams, L. F. Valentine, A. C. Barrett, Gordon Hull, F. C. Patton, E. C. Bartlett.

LAURENTIC (Colon)—Mrs. P. G. Becker, C. W. Bingham, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Brown, E. G. Bing, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Craighead, J. S. Francis, Mrs. C. G. Gates, Mrs. E. B. Hopwood, Mrs. Crawford Moore, Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Southworth, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Tyson, Mr. and Mrs. Howell L. Williams.

MUSIC NOTES.

The fourth public rehearsal by students of the Music School Settlement, 55 East Third Street, will occur to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. The rehearsal is open to the public.

The Manhattan Ladies' Quartet will give a concert on the afternoon of Feb. 7 at the Hotel Martha Washington.

The third private subscription concert of the Society of the Friends of Music will be given to-morrow afternoon at the Ritz-Carlton. Paul Reimers will be the soloist. The organization announces that the numbers of its programme will be given for the first time in this country. They are the Piano Quintet by Florent Schmitt and songs by Blair Fairchild, Hue and Courtlandt Palmer.

The 100th organ recital in the popular series under the direction of Dr. William C. Carl will be given Monday evening in the Old First Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Twelfth Street, by Harry Oliver Hirt.

William A. Luyster will give a free lecture on sight-singing at the school, 64 East Thirty-fourth Street, on Tuesday at 4 o'clock.

HIS WIFE ATTACKED, HE MAIMS ASSAILANT

Physician Returns Home Unexpectedly in Time to Rescue Her, He Says.

RESEMBLES CUDAHY CASE

Dr. M. E. Griffith of Monessen, Pa., Tells of Vengeance on Pittsburgh Music Teacher.

Special to The New York Times.

MONESSEN, Penn., Jan. 30.—Returning unexpectedly to his home yesterday, Dr. Martin E. Griffith, according to his own statement, felled with his fist A. M. Robertson, a music teacher, of Pittsburgh, whom, he says, he discovered in the house scuffling with Mrs. Griffith, and then mutilated him. Next he summoned an ambulance and had Robertson taken to the Charleroi-Monessen Hospital. The wounded man is in a serious condition, but, according to the hospital authorities, will recover. The affair parallels in many respects the famous Cudahy case in Kansas City a few years ago.

"Yes, I did it," declared the doctor, squaring his shoulders when asked what had occurred. "I have nothing to hide. I am sorry it happened, but I am glad that it is as it is. It is a wonder it was not worse.

"Robertson was at my house to give a vocal lesson to Mrs. Griffith. He had taught my son to play the cornet. I was taken back to my house in McKee Street unexpectedly. I wanted a wrench for my automobile. I went around the side of the house, and entered the basement through the outside door. I heard a scuffling upstairs, but at first did not thing anything of it. You know the room was right above the basement, and I could hear the scuffling quite plainly.

"I started up the back stairs, still not quite realizing what it all meant. The stairs led up to the butler's pantry, and from there I went to the front room. There I found this man scuffling with Mrs. Griffith."

No arrests have been made in the case, and Chief of Police John Wheatley of Monessen declared there would be none made until Robertson either gets well enough to make one or to express his desire to have some person in authority make one. "There is no danger of Dr. Griffith running away," declared the police chief.

Dr. Griffith is a well set-up man, not over tall, and in spite of a slight limp walks very straight. He is about 50 years old. Mrs Griffith is five years his junior. They have some grown-up children, one of whom is Jesse, 20 years old, a student in the University of Pittsburgh. Robertson is said to be 55 years of age.

THEIR GUESTS IN COSTUMES.

Mr. and Mrs. John Aspegren Give Dinner and Dance at Home.

Mr. and Mrs. John Aspegren entertained last night at their town house, 4 East Eighty-sixth Street, with a dinner, followed by dancing. The guests were asked to come in costume, and the black and white of Pierrots and Pierrettes were in evidence. There were twenty-five guests for dinner, and perhaps seventy-five came afterward for dancing.

Those who accepted included Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. Lyttleton Fox, Mr and Mrs. Griswold Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Deering, Count and Countess del Sera, Mr. and Mrs. A. Stewart Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Theron S. Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. J. Norrish Thorne, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Van Rensselaer, Dr. Preston Satterwhite and Mrs. Satterwhite, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford V. Brokaw, Dr. Albert H. Ely and Mrs. Ely, Mrs. Tailer Smith, Mrs. Flake Manning, the Misses Lucile Thornton, Mai Watson, Gertude, and Violet Hamilton, Mercedes Crimmins, and Mary Duke.

Also Whitewright Watson, Henry Spies Kip, H. C. Emmet, Jr., Frederick Mills, Francis Roche, Walbridge Taft, Etienne de Markowski, H. Stetson Stetson, Charles Fallis, Austen Sands, Brinton Buckwalter, Dudley Carleton, Robert McKee, and Dr. Baumann.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The St. Christopher League held one of its dances last night in the Plaza ballroom. Mrs. John S. Baird, Mrs. Ashton Crosby Clarkson, and Mrs. Woodford received. The next dance will take place on Feb. 20. Mrs. Cornelius Du Bois, Mrs. Oliver Bridgman, and others gave dinners before the dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert van de Velde (Miss Margaret Blanchet) have purchased a farm at Beverly, Mass. They purpose living there when in America.

The Friday Evening Club had its second dance last night in the Della Robbia room at the Vanderbilt.

The wedding of Miss Sarah Harriett White, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William Howard White of New York, and Dick Dey Martin, son of the late John Laurie Martin of New York, will take place in Cambridge, Mass., to-day.

Mrs. Douglas Robinson gave a dinner last night for her sister-in-law, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt.

The new series of Saturday evening dances under the patronage of Mrs. Joseph Harriman, Mrs. Stuart Duncan, Mrs. Sydney J. Colford, and others will have its initial gathering this evening in the Winter garden of the Astor.

Mrs. William S. Edgar of 127 East Seventieth Street entertained last night with a dinner for Mrs. John Meiggs, who in the afternoon gave a talk on "The Boy" at the residence of Mrs. Patrick A. Valentine.

Mrs. William Lee Ward and Miss Virginia Center Ward had receiving with them yesterday at their reception Mrs. J. E. C. Leavitt, Mrs. W. L. Dawburn, and Miss Annie Budd.

J. Hornblower De Witt will give a dance to-night at his residence, 40 West Fifty-first Street, for his niece, Miss Margaretta De Witt Homans.

The marriage of Miss Helen Bradley Johnson and Harold Rumsey Green will take place at noon to-day at the Edge Hill Presbyterian Church, Spuyten Duyvil.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Seligman will leave town on Wednesday for Palm Beach, where they purpose spending a month or more.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Amory Haskell and their daughter, Miss Mary Haskell, and her cousin, Miss Margaret Strong, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Rensen Strong, plan to sail about June 1 to spend several months abroad.

Mrs. Jesse Hoyt and Miss Isabel Hoyt are sailing to-day for Algiers and the Riviera, accompanied by Miss Elizabeth Jackson of Boston.

Mrs. Frank Briggs Carpenter, Chairman of Entertainment of the New York Chapter United Daughters of the Confederacy, is giving a tea party at the Hotel Claridge on Feb. 5 for the committee which is in charge of the annual ball to be given on Feb. 17 at the Astor.

Mr. and Mrs. William Ruloff Kip (Miss Mildred F. Corwin) are booked to sail to-day en route for Egypt.

Col. and Mrs. Frank D. Whitehead have left town for Washington, D. C., to remain until early in April.

Marquis de Trevelec of Cambridge, England, is spending a few days at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Lispenard Stewart is sailing to-day on the Arcadian for the West Indies.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Macy Willets are at the New Greenbrier Hotel at White Sulphur Springs, West Va. Mr. and Mrs. Middleton S. Burrill and Mr. and Mrs. George Crawford Clark plan to go there for the Spring season.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter E. Ives of 480 Park Avenue, who are sailing on the Caronia to-day, will spend two months in France and Algiers.

THE NEW YORK SYMPHONY.

Sibelius's Second Symphony and Paderewski's Concerto Heard.

The concert of the New York Symphony Society, given yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall, was devoted wholly to modern music, and the selection was for the most part fortunate. The symphony was the second of Jean Sibelius, in D major, which was played here by the Boston Symphony Orchestra three seasons ago. The strange impression left by the Finnish composer's fourth symphony, which Mr. Damrosch played last season, will not yet have been forgotten. This second symphony, if not so venturesome as the later one, is nevertheless a strongly original and individual work.

It is dominated by austere and gloomy imagination; the imagination of one who thinks for himself and works in his own way. There is the rugged character of the North in it; probably also the suggestion of the folk-song of Finland. Yet the composer has apparently not sought for sharply defined local color. There is not much following of conventional formularies in this symphony; but the music, though it has much that is rhapsodic, turbulent, impulsive, is finely shaped by a strong hand that understood the meaning and necessity of musical structure. Nor was Sibelius, when he wrote this symphony, afraid to be melodious, and he could be so without imitation and without failing into the easy and obvious. He owes little of his inspiration to any other man; if there are suggestions of Tschaikowsky in certain places they are faint and fleeting.

There is nothing in it to please the ear as many wish it to be pleased; not even in the orchestration, which is often sombre and even harsh. There is that in this symphony which sounds chaotic and disordered, even fragmentary, lacking continuity; but it is evident to a listener who can take a larger measure of it that it is all definitely related, the coherent expression of consistent ideas. This second symphony seems now, as it did when it was first heard three years ago, one of the strongest compositions of its kind recently heard here.

The other orchestral number on the programme, Armas Järnefelt's "Prelude," is the work of another Finnish composer, but there is apparently less of the spirit of national music in it; a not very important work, but with a marked rhythm and agreeable melody.

There were two soloists, Jacques Renard, first 'cellist of the orchestra, who played a new "Sapphic Poem" for violoncello and orchestra, by Granville Bantock—a piece of considerable difficulty in certain passages whose musical value hardly repays the trouble of mastering these passages, and whose sensuous quality is apparently not all the composer aimed to make it, and Miss Katharine Goodson, pianist, who played Paderewski's concerto for piano and orchestra. It is an interesting, and, in the first two movements at least, captivating work, if not a very profound one, that pianists, in the dearth of new concertos for their instrument, might do worse than to play oftener. Mr. Paderewski himself played it in New York at his first appearance in America, now twenty-three years ago; and there have been few who have played it since.

The music that is alive, intensely and vigorously. In the last movement this life is somewhat boisterous and borders closely on the commonplace; and this movement gives the impression of having been written chiefly for the purpose of closing with a brilliant display. There is plenty of display in the other two; but it is subordinated and put at the service of really musical ideas, in which there is a vein of poetical imagination and something more than a suggestion of the music of the composer's native land.

Miss Goodson played the concerto with great brilliancy and fire, and at the same time with an appreciation of its deeper musical quality.

Luncheon for Miss Anderton.

Mrs. John C. Juhring entertained yesterday at her residence, 375 Park Avenue, with a luncheon for Miss Dorothy Anderton, the débutante daughter of Mrs. William B. Anderton. The guests included the Misses Margaret Seton Porter, Barbara Shedd, Celine Ingersoll, Dorothy Keene Taylor, Evelyn Scott, Margaret Clarkson Hendersen, Vera Cravath, Constance Peabody, Penelope Sears, Charlotte Strong, and Esther Bockman of Philadelphia.

Yale Men to Give Three Plays.

The Yale University Dramatic Association players will reach New York on Saturday, Feb. 14, after a tour of 2,415 miles. The college men will give two performances, matinée and evening, in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria, presenting three one-act plays, "Shades of Night," by Capt. Robert Marshall; "Gringolre," by Theodore de Banville, and "Fritzchen," by Hermann Sudermann.

The Yale Dramatic Association expects to have its own theatre in New Haven in a few years. It already has a site in addition to a building fund of $20,000, and is having preliminary plans for the university playhouse prepared.

Caruso Sings In "La Boheme."

Puccini's "La Bohème" was given at the Metropolitan Opera House last night with a combination of singers somewhat different from that which usually prevails. Caruso appeared for the first time this season as Rodolfo. Mme. Alda was the Mimi and Dinh Gilly the Marcello, while Bella Alten, as usual, was the Musetta. Mme. Didur was the Schaunard, and the others were Messrs. Ananian, Audisio, Rothier, Pini-Corsi, and Reschiglian. Mr. Polacco conducted. There was a large audience, and it was treated to a splendid performance.

New Plays at Princess To-night.

Five new one-act plays will be presented at the Princess Theatre to-night. The plays are "The Neglected Lady," from the French of Max Mourey by Rol Cooper Megrue; "The Hard Man," by Campbell MacCulloch; "The Kiss in the Dark," by Maurice Level; "The Fountain," by C. M. S. McClellan, and "It Can't Be Done," by Lawrence Rising.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The Lotos Club held a reception at its clubrooms yesterday afternoon from 3 until 5 to meet Miss Laurette Taylor (Mrs. J. Hartley Manners) and J. Hartley Manners, star and author, respectively, of the comedy, "Peg o' My Heart," now in its second year at the Cort Theatre.

Miss Desmond Kelly was engaged yesterday by Oliver Morosco for an important part in his production of Jack Lait's drama, "Help Wanted," which will be presented at a Broadway theatre on Monday night, Feb. 9.

The Shuberts will produce on March 23, in Chicago, "Father and Son," a three-act comedy, with incidental music by Gustav Bauer and Henri Cramer. The Shuberts yesterday engaged Julius Steger to play one of the leading roles.

Alice Dovey introduced a new song, "Whistle," in the first act of "The Queen of the Movies" at the Globe Theatre last night.

Miss Marguerite Leslie, who plays Henriette Durand in "The Secret," entertained yesterday at her home at 200 West Fifty-eighth Street in honor of Mrs. Louis Duveen. Among the guests were Mrs. Henry Fleming, Mrs. Keyler, Miss Dorothy Ely, Miss Grace Carlisle, Mrs. Frank A. Parker, Miss Bertha Rhinehart, and Mrs. Edgar Fisher. Mrs. Duveen sails next Wednesday for Europe.

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By W. B. MAXWELL

The new year will be growing old before a better novel appears. —*New York Globe*

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THE BOBBS MERRILL CO., Publishers

MRS. H. SELIGMAN, HOSTESS

Gives a Dinner and Dance at Her Home—The Guests.

Mrs. Henry Seligman was the hostess last night at her residence, 25 West Fifty-sixth Street, at a large dinner followed by informal dancing. The table decorations were lilacs and white roses. There were fifty-two guests at dinner, and afterward a few others came.

Those for the dinner included District Attorney Charles S. Whitman and Mrs. Whitman, Gen. Howard Carroll and Mrs. Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. Fairfax Landstreet, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Edey, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kernan, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Sherrill, Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Vos, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Sheehan, Mr. and Mrs. Jules Bache, Mr. and Mrs. Fosten Milliken, Gen. H. L. Burnett and Mrs. Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. T. Charles Farrelly, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Lewisohn, Dr. Robert Black and Mrs. Black, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Benjamin, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Damrosch, Mrs. Arthur Murray Dodge, Mrs. J. L. Bartlett, Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright, Miss Sybil Gray Wilson, Philip Lydig, Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, T. Sandford Beatty, Stephen Peabody, F. A. Muller-Ury, Charles R. Miller, Elliott Pemberton, and Harry Remskon.

Among those who came in after dinner were Dr. A. H. Ely and Mrs. Ely, Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. H. Pierrepont Perry, Mr. and Mrs. William Rice, Col. Downey and Mrs. Downey, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Scheftel, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Sands Willard, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Greppo, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hough; also the Misses Wasserman, Galdys Stout, Caramai Carroll, Julia Edey, Audrey Osborn, Madeleine and Rosalie O'Brien, and Margaret Seligman.

Also Frederick P. Moore, Brinton Buckwalter, Albert Hoffman, Lauren Carroll, Edward Seidenberg, Baron von Schroeder, Dr. John Freeland, Jules and Brette Glaenzer, Preston Gibson, Walter Phillips, Walter Williams, Walter Richard, and Russell Dougherty.

S. B. CAPEN DIES IN CHINA.

President of Trustees of Wellesley College and Foreign Missions Head.

Samuel Billings Capen, President of the Board of Trustees of Wellesley College, and President of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, died yesterday in Shanghai, China, according to a cable dispatch received in Boston. Mr. Capen was making a tour of the missions in the Orient, over which the board of which he was President had supervision. He was accompanied by his wife and daughter, when he became ill with pneumonia on Jan. 26. Mr. Capen was a carpet dealer of Boston.

He was born in Boston on Dec. 12, 1842, and was graduated from the English High School of Boston in 1858, and received the honorary degrees of A. M. from Dartmouth in 1883, and D. D. from Oberlin and Middlebury in 1900.

Mr. Capen was President of the Congregationalist Sunday School and Publication Society, 1882-1899, and Vice President of the American Congregationalist Association since 1902. He was a Director of the Boston City Missionary Society, and a Trustee of the United Society of Christian Endeavor. He was President of the Boston Municipal League, 1894-99, and President of the Board of Trustees of Wellesley College since 1905. He was Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Laymen's Missionary Movement of the United States and Canada since 1906, and was a member of the Board of Managers of the North American Civic League for Immigrants. Mr. Capen was a member of the Society of Mayflower Descendents, having been Governor General from 1903 to 1906, the Chamber of Commerce of Boston, and in addition was President of the Massachusetts Peace Society.

LIONEL E. LAWRENCE DEAD.

Actor and Stage Director Was Married Eleven Times.

Lionel E. Lawrence, actor and stage director, died on Thursday night in St. Mark's Hospital of apoplexy at the age of 51 years. Mr. Lawrence was married eleven times. He made his first matrimonial venture in 1881, his wife being a Miss Cummings. His second wife was Miss Dorothy Drew, and his third Miss Jessie Darnell. Miss Drew obtained a divorce and Miss Barnes had her marriage annulled. Wife No. 4 was Miss Marguerite Le Vyne, who divorced him two months later, and while the suit was being heard another woman appeared on the scene and said he had married her.

His eighth wife was Miss Edith ("Dixie") Kingston, and this marriage lasted twenty months before she, too, obtained a divorce. In August, 1901, he married Myrtle Cassady, actress. This marriage lasted three years. Mrs. Lawrence No. 10 was Lillian Bond, who was named as co-respondent in Miss Canady's suit. His eleventh wife was Miss Ernestine May Doyenhert, whom he married on Aug. 13, 1912.

Mr. Lawrence was a graduate of the United States Naval Academy and formerly lived at 78 West Thirty-sixth Street. He is survived by two brothers, Walter N. Lawrence, the theatrical manager, and Percy N. Lawrence, a merchant.

Capt. John Van Brunt.

Capt. John Van Brunt, who served as life saver for thirty-two years, died yesterday at the Monmouth (N. J.) Memorial Hospital from blood poisoning. He was 68 years old and had taken part in many rescues from wrecks. He was a member of the crew which rescued all hands from the Spanish brig Augustine on Feb. 3, 1890, for which the rescuers received gold medals from the Government. He also did heroic work at the wrecks of the Wells City, in March, 1893; St. Paul, on Jan. 25, 1898; the Thomas Havens, on Jan. 20, 1893, and the Emily Johnson in 1898.

Oldest Woman in New Jersey Dead.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Jan. 30.—Mrs. Princilla Ayres Inslee, widow of John D. Inslee, said to be the oldest woman in the State, who celebrated her 102d birthday anniversary ten days ago, died to-day at her home, 305 George Street. Mrs. Inslee was born near Woodbridge, and had lived here for more than seventy-five years. Her husband died twenty-five years ago. Mrs. Inslee joined the First Baptist Church in 1837. One son, Ayres D. Inslee, survives her.

Obituary Notes.

OTTO HAUSCHILD, former bandmaster at West Point Academy, died at his home, 1247 Jessup Street, Philadelphia, yesterday. Mr. Hauschild was born in Germany sixty-two years ago.

ROBERT RUDDICK, 71 years old, who took an active part in the organization of the Jersey City Orangemen's Lodge, died on Thursday at his home, 101 Claremont Avenue, Jersey City. He had been employed by Colgate & Co., soap manufacturers in Jersey City, for fifty years.

THOMAS ERB, hotel proprietor at Branchville, N. J., died there Thursday night at the age of 72 years. He managed the Continental Hotel at Newark for three years and the American House at Belvidere from 1903 to 1906.

ROBERT PICKFORD, retired member of the shipping firm of Pickford & Black of Halifax, N. S., is dead in Nice, France.

OLIVER GRAY HALL, who retired three years ago after twenty-one years' service as Superior Court Judge, died in Augusta, Me., yesterday, aged 80 years.

JOSEPH CUKOR, 73 years old, retired, who lived at 222 East Sixty-eighth Street, died suddenly at his home last night. He was the father of Morris Cukor, a lawyer.

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LOS ANGELES PACIFIC COMPANY
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds.
Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article Fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the Union Trust Company of San Francisco, Trustee, dated January 3, 1910, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $5,000 to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the holders, to the amount of $5,294.53 in the Sinking Fund.
Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the 11th day of February, 1914, at 12 o'clock, noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Los Angeles Pacific Company First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."
PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Dated Los Angeles, Cal., January 14, 1914.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Vigorous Upturn in Stocks—Investment Buying of Bonds on Large Scale.

A more aggressive forward movement than any which had been seen earlier in the month wiped out yesterday the reaction of the previous three days and carried a number of stocks to new high figures. This was accomplished on a somewhat smaller total of transactions than the maximum of recent weeks and the number of issues traded in was not quite as large as on some earlier days of January. These two facts fitted in with the belief that a demonstration against the short interest in the market which had increased during recent days forced a good deal of covering and helped to explain the abruptness of the advance which gained much momentum in the final hour of trading.

Even after making all necessary allowances on this score, the fact remained that the market showed absorbing power and aggressiveness which were surprising to many. It was less surprising, however, when considered in the light of the really remarkable showing which continues to be made in the investment market and of the improvement in fundamental conditions which has been reflected abroad in recent days in the lowering of discount rates and in the broad demand developing there for investment issues. Discounts fell further following the lowering of the French and English official rates on Thursday, public offerings of securities were over-subscribed, and as a natural enough sequel to these occurrences Europe was a buyer of stocks on a substantial scale in the American market.

The drift of events in the investment world was reflected in our own market by the demand for the $10,000,000 St. Paul 4½ per cent. general mortgage bonds, which were offered on about a 4.35 per cent. basis. An hour of business sufficed to place all of these bonds and every indication pointed to the probability that a considerably larger issue could have been sold very easily. Nor was this news an exception to the general rule. The bond market as a whole, after having shown some hesitation on Thursday, again broadened and new high prices were made in many issues. New York State 4½s sold up to 108¼, a full point above the price at which they were offered to the public; New York City 4½s again moved up to 105¼, and many other issues reflected the confident investment buying which stands out as the noteworthy feature of this month's record in the security market. Bankers for corporations have in some instances been regretting lately that proposed security issues were not ready for immediate offer so as to profit by the better conditions prevailing, but the fact has been that so far delay, instead of impairing the chances of favorable placement of new issues, has improved the situation almost daily.

The rapid advance which has taken place in bonds has fortunately not been due to what might prove over-enthusiastic accumulation by bond dealers, but rather to a great wave of investment demand which has come from many quarters. Even a casual survey of the advices from abroad indicates that this investment movement has not been confined to the American market, but has benefited with few, if any, exceptions, all the financial markets. Arguments which apply to the bond market do not in all ways apply with equal force to the stock market, but in that department we are seeing the reversal of the depression in prices and in sentiment which last year had its origin in a too little hopeful view in respect to the working out of the problems with which the markets were then dealing. Some of the most important of those problems have in recent weeks been undergoing solution to an extent and in a manner which not only have belied the fears of last year, but have even exceeded the expectations of those who counted on a change for the better with the coming of the new year.

If the impression formed in Stock Exchange circles yesterday in respect to the extent to which short covering contributed to the afternoon's rise, the strength of the market's technical position was thereby reduced, but short covering might well be regarded in a broad view of the day's happenings as an incident rather than as the mainspring of the improvement which occurred. Whatever may be said of the stock market there can be no doubt that the investment situation afforded grounds for a most hopeful view of the outlook.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1¾	2	1¾
A year ago	3	2½	2¾	3
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period, 1913	5	2¼	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2½@2¾	3@3¼	3½@3¾
Commercial paper (prime bills)	....	4	4¼@4½

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$338,058.98	$20,432,110
Sub-Treasury credit balance	..	584,670
Banks lost this week, $5,284,000.		

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
Berlin	3	4½	20 m 46 pf
Paris	3½	3½	25 f 18¼ c
London	2	2¼@2½	1¼@1½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High	Low	Last
Yesterday	$4.8585	$4.8575	$4.8580
A year ago	4.8740	4.8720	4.8720
Since Jan. 1	4.8690	4.8530	....
Same period 1913	4.8780	4.8570	....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8580	$4.8605
Paris	5.18⅛–3-64	5.18⅛+1-64
Berlin	.94 15-16+1-64	95+1-64
Switzerland	5.18⅜–1-32	5.18⅜+1-32
Holland	40.27	40.32
Belgium	5.21¼–1-64	5.21¼+3-64

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.84	$4.83
Paris	5.21¼	5.22½–1-16
Berlin	94½	94¼

Commercial Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.8350	$4.8275
Berlin	94 5-16	94 1-16
Paris	5.21¼–1-16	5.23¼
Amsterdam	39.90	39.75

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	25c	San Francisco	50c
St. Louis	10c	Montreal	31¼c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	15c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26 7-16d per ounce, off ⅛d; New York, 57¼c, off ¼c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Jan. 29.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,106,314	$21,733,105	$180,341,088
In. rev., ord.	798,190	22,402,316	188,503,346
Corp. tax	11,556	295,602	3,104,209
Miscellaneous	111,234	5,420,346	31,071,972
Total rects.	2,027,295	49,851,330	401,020,611
Expenditures	1,587,208	56,668,690	421,193,318
Surplus	440,087	....	....
Deficit	....	6,817,360	20,172,707

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Sensitive Nerve.

Savings banks deal very largely with a class of depositors who are not informed on financial matters and who give more weight to a vague rumor than to a sworn statement by one who knows. Ignorant depositors have been thrown into a panic without cause, time and again, in the history of banking, and, starting a run, have influenced more conservative persons to join the long line waiting to sacrifice accumulated interest to satisfy their bump of caution. It requires constant vigilance on the part of bank officials to avoid spreading wholly unfounded rumors. A depositor's wife, trying to draw the money credited on the husband's book, has been known to run back to her neighborhood crying that the bank would not pay its depositors, through her failure to understand that since the account was not a joint one no one but her husband could authorize a payment. A foreigner, understanding little English and less of the ways of business, appeared at the doors of one savings institution a minute after closing time. The guardian shook his head and called out, "No more money to-day; come to-morrow." The foreigner appeared the next day bright and early, and with him came every other depositor whom he had been able to reach during the night. It required prompt work on the part of the paying tellers to head off the run that man had unwittingly begun.

***

Steel Corporation to Build in Canada.

The extensive plans of the United States Steel Corporation for a plant across the Canadian border have not been given up, according to officials of the company, although a report has evidently gained wide circulation in the Dominion that the plant will never be built. When it was announced that the Steel Corporation had in mind the expenditure of upward of $20,000,000 for mills at Ojibway a spirited boom in real estate was started in that locality. The reaction has given rise to stories that the proposed furnaces will not be erected.

***

A Brisk Market.

In the post mortems that were held in the corridor of the Stock Exchange and in other places where brokers are wont to pause for an exchange of views, it appeared to be the unanimous belief on Thursday that the market should be shaken down further, and that there was still easy money in short sales judiciously placed. That kind of talk is not infrequently heard on the eve of a big advance. Perhaps the traders distrust their own judgment to the extent of buying when they think the market is going down, and selling when they expect a rise. That is technically known as "coppering information." When a speculator gets a tip that he considered was handed him a little too eagerly, he sometimes plays the reverse with profit.

***

One Day's Gains.

On the surface there was not enough in yesterday's news to indicate that stock quotations were too low, but buying orders from abroad, where the success of the Prussian loan and the advance in consols had greatly stimulated the investment demand, served to start an upward movement in Canadian Pacific and Amalgamated Copper, and these leaders quickly influenced the rest of the list. The twenty-five leading railroad issues gained 1.14 points, and the twenty-five industrials slightly more, making the average gain for fifty active stocks 1.16 points. That is the largest single day's gain scored so far this year. There were sales totaling 548,000 shares for the day, the size of the total being largely determined by dealings in the final hour. The sudden spurt of activity between 2 o'clock and 3 o'clock added 220,000 shares to the moderate total made in the first four hours, and resulted in a rapid advance in prices.

***

Another Dip in Rumely.

If the course of the plan for effecting a readjustment of the financial position of the M. Rumely Company was correctly charted by the action of the company's stocks in the past few days, a crisis in the corporation's affairs was reached around 11 o'clock yesterday, and improvement which set in made rapid progress throughout the rest of the day. Both the common and preferred issues made new low levels on Thursday at 11⅞ and 28½, respectively. The decline was continued at the opening yesterday and the common continued on its downward way to 9, the preferred sinking to 26½. At the close both issues had recovered all of their loss for the first hour, and showed gains, the preferred issue being noticeably strong with a net advance of 2¼.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper..5	Mar.15,'14	100¼	100⅜	4.35
Am. Locomo..5	July 1915	100½	100¾	4.80
Austrian Gov.4½	July'14-15	99½	100⅛	4.35
B. & Ohio....5	July, 1914	100½	100⅝	3.40
Boston & Me.5	Feb. 3,'14	94	99¼	..
Boston & Me.6	June 2,'14	92	96	17.00
B'klyn R. T..5	Oct., 1918	93¾	99¼	5.10
Chat. R. & L.5	June, 1915	96	97⅜	7.00
Ches. & Ohio.4½	June, 1914	100	100¼	3.70
Chi. & W. I..5	Sep. 1915	99¼	99⅝	5.15
Chi. Eli. Rys..5	July, 1914	97½	100	10.60
Con. Gas Co..6	Feb.25,'14	100	100¼	3.00
C. P. (M.)..6	May, 1917	95	97	7.00
Erie R. R.....6	Apr. 8, '14	100¼	100⅜	3.25
Erie R. R.....5	Oct., 1914	99⅝	100⅜	4.00
Erie R. R.....5	Apr. 1915	99⅜	100	5.00
Gen. Elec....	April16,'14	3.75%	3.00%	
Gen. Motors..6	Oct., 1915	99⅜	100	6.00
Gen. Rubber..4½	July, 1915	98¾	99	5.25
Hock. Valley..5	Nov., 1914	100¼	100½	4.10
Ill. Central..4½	July, 1914	100½	100⅝	3.65
Int. & Gt. N.5	Aug., 1914	95½	98½	11.75
Intl. Harvest.5	Feb.15,'14	100¼	100½	4.55
Lack. Steel...5	Mar., 1915	99¼	99¾	5.00
L. S. & M. S.4½	Mar.15,'14	100	100⅛	3.00
Mich. Cent...4½	Mar., 1914	100	100⅛	3.00
Min. & St. L.6	Feb., 1914	99⅜	100	6.00
Mo., K. & T.5	May, 1915	96¼	97	7.85
Mo. Pacific..5	June, 1914	96⅞	97¼	13.75
M. T. & P....6	Apr., 1915	98½	100	6.00
N.Y.C. & H.R.4½	Mar., 1914	100	100⅛	3.00
N.Y.C. Steel...5	Mar. 21,'14	100¼	100⅜	3.00
N.Y.C.& H.R.5	Sep. 15,'14	100⅛	100⅜	3.75
N.Y.C.&H.R..5	Nov.,5,'14	100½	100⅝	3.90
N.Y.C.& H.R.4½	May, 1915	99¼	99⅜	4.70
N.Y.N.H.& H..4	May 15,'14	99¼	99⅝	6.45
Nor. Pacific..6	July 9, '14	100⅞	101¼	4.80
Pac. G. & E..6	June25,'14	100	100½	4.80
Seaboard A.L.5	Mar., 1916	99¾	100	5.00
So. Pacific..5	June 15,'14	100⅛	100⅜	3.35
So. Railway..5	Feb., 1916	100	100¼	4.95
Sulz. & Cons.6	June, 1916	99½	100	6.00
State of Tenn.5	July, 1914	100¼	100½	3.90
U.S.R.R.&M...5	Aug., 1914	99½	100¼	4.50
Union Typew.5	Jan. 15,'16	97	98	6.06
United Fruit..6	May, 1917	101¾	102½	5.20
Utah Co.....6	Apr., 1917	99½	100½	5.85
West. E. & M.5	Aug., 1914	101	101¾	5.05
Western Md..5	July, 1915	95	98¼	6.15
West. Power.6	July, 1915	97	98½	7.00

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

B. & O. eq. tr..4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.50%	4.40%
C.&N.W.eq.tr..4½	July, 1914-23	4.53%	4.40%
Erie eq. tr....5	Jan., 1914-23	5.05%	4.90%
H. Val. eq. tr.5	Aug., 1914-23	5.00%	4.60%
Ill. C. eq. tr...4½	Aug., 1914-23	4.50%	4.40%
N.Y.C.L.eq.tr..4½	Jan., 1914-28	4.75%	4.65%
Penn. eq. tr...4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.50%	4.35%
S. A. L. eq. tr.5	Feb.15,'14-23	5.05%	4.90%
So. Pac. eq. tr.4½	Mar., 1914-23	4.50%	4.40%

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, March, 1963	105¾	105¾	104¾	104¾
4½s, May, 1957	105⅛	105⅜	105	105⅛
4½s, Nov., 1957	105⅛	105⅜	105	105¼
4½s, May, 1917	101¼	102	101¼	102¼
4½s, Nov. 1917	101¼	102	101⅛	102¼
4½s, March, 1930-60	100⅜	101¼	101	101⅜
4½s, March, 1962	100⅜	100¼	100¼	100¾
4½s, Sept., 1960	100¼	100¾	100¼	100¾
4s, May, 1958	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
4s, Nov., 1958	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜	97⅝
4s, May, 1957	97⅜	97⅝	97⅜	97⅝
4s, Nov., 1956	96¾	96¾	95¼	96¼
4s, Nov., 1955	95¼	96¼	95¼	96¼
4s, Nov., 1936	96	....	96	....
4s, 1918-1919	98½	100	98½	100
3½s, Nov. 1954-5	85½	86	85⅝	86
3½s, May, 1954	85½	86	85⅝	86
3½s, 1950-1954	84¾	85⅝	84⅝	85¾

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Oil Group Strong, with Some Specially Sharp Advances in Certain Issues.

The oil stocks were the special feature of the outside security market, and while the group was strong as a whole, there were particularly sharp advances in certain issues. Standard Oil of Kentucky, new stock, made the greatest gain, but the improvement in South Penn Oil, Standard Oil of Indiana, Prairie Oil and Gas, and Atlantic Refining was also noteworthy. Transactions reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Brit.-Am.Tob.	23⅛	23⅛	23	23⅛
600	Brit.-Am.Tob. new	23¼	23½	23⅛	23½
2,500	Houston Oil	17	18⅜	17	18½
125	Kelly Sp. T.	58	60	56½	60
5	Kelly S. T.pf.	130	130	130	130
10	Int. R. T. cfs.	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
25	Manhat. Tr.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
700	Marc. of Am.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
150	Max.M.1st pf.	27	27	27	27
200	Max.M. 2d pf.	8¼	8½	8¼	8½
3,000	*Mays Oil	24	24	22	22
350	P. Sm. & Rfg	2½	2⅝	2⅜	2½
2,000	Riker-Heg	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1,200	Tob. Prod. pf.	85	85	84½	84½
700	‡U. C. St. Co. of Am	93¼	93¼	93	93
61	U. C. St. Co. of Am. pf.	114	114½	114	114½
35	Willys Over.	63	63	63	63

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

2,000	Anglo-Am.Oil, new	15	15⅛	14⅞	15
75	Atl. Refining	830	830	805	820
95	Buckeye P. L.	181	181	179	180
65	Conti. Oil	231	231	227	230
10	Cumb. P. L.	64	64	64	64
130	Gal.-Sig. Oil	183	183	180	182
200	Nat. Transit	45	45	43½	44
50	N. Y. Transit	320	320	319	320
150	Ohio Oil	159½	159½	158	158
50	Pierce Oil	91	91	90	90
200	Prai. O. & G.	490	490	469	484
80	Sclar Refin.	382	382	365	380
20	South. P. L.	253	253	251	252
810	South Penn O.	356	356	335	348
26	S.W. P. P. L.	160	160	158	160
300	St. O. of Cal.	287	287	284	283
120	St. O. of Ind.	517	517	490	505
250	St. O. of Ky. new	....	250	232	248
225	St. O. of N. J.	....	425	421	423
175	St. O. of N.Y.	....	186	184	185
10	St. O. of O.	....	381	381	381
200	Union T L.	....	98½	97	98
195	Vacuum Oil	....	214	210	214
80	Washing. Oil	....	60½	60	60

RAILROAD.

700	U. P. rts., ex. $3 cash div.	29½	30	29½	29½

MINING STOCKS.

1,000	Atlanta	18	18	18	18
500	*Big Four	14	14	14	14
500	*Booth	4	4	4	4
900	Braden Cop.	7¾	7¾	7⅞	7⅞
6,250	Br. Col. C.	3⅞	4¼	3⅞	4
100	Buf. Mines	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
1,200	*Caribou Cob.	72	72	71	72
1,000	C. O. D. Con.	4	4	4	4
200	*Comb. Fract.	11	11	11	11
600	Copper M. C.	2 15-16	3	2⅞	2⅞
1,800	Crown Res.	1⅜	1⅜	1 11-16	1 11-16
600	D.-D. Cop.Co.	2	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
1,000	*Dia. B.	3½	3½	3½	3½
1,300	*Florence	68	70	65	67
100	Giroux Con.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
400	Goldf'd Con.	1⅝	1⅝	1 9-16	1 9-16
400	Gold Hill M.	22	22	21	21
*400	Gr.-Can., new	40	40	39½	39⅝
20,000	*Greenwater	6½	7⅛	6½	7⅛
200	Kerr Lake	5	5	5	5
225	McK.-Darr	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500	*Man. Big F.	14	14	14	14
200	M. of A. new	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
1,000	*Nev. Hills	40	41	40	41
100	*N. U. Bing.	40	40	40	40
2,000	Nip. Mines C.	7¼	7¼	7	7⅛
3,800	*North Star	42	42½	42	42½
7,200	*Oro	13½	14½	13¼	14
3,600	Standard S.-L.	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝	1⅝
100	Stewart	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
100	T. Ext.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
4,400	*Ton. Jim B.	97	99	96	97
12,500	*Ton. Merger	67	70	67	69
2,000	*Ton. Mid'y	42	42½	42	42½
200	Ton. Mining	7	7	7	7
1,000	Ton. Mont.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
500	*Ton. Mtspah.	40	40	40	40
219	*T. of Nev.	7	7	7	7
700	Tularosa	9-16	9-16	9-16	9-16
200	*Tuolumne	75	75	75	75
3,300	West E. Con.	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
3,200	*West E. Ext.	3	4	3	4

BONDS.

$10,000	Bing. & Gar. R. R. 6s	110	110	110	110
250,000	C. P. 6% nts.	103	103⅜	103	103¼
1,000	N. Y. City 4½s, '62	100¼	100½	100½	100½

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex div.

STANDARD CIL STOCKS.

	Friday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	14⅜	15¼	14⅜	15
Atlantic Refining	815	820	808	813
Borne-Scrymser	300	315	300	315
Buckeye Pipe Line	170	179	181	181
Chesbrough Mfg.	675	685	675	685
Colonial Oil	120	128	120	130
Continental Oil	229	234	223	230
Crescent Pipe Line	59	62	58	61
Cumberland Pipe Line	70	75	65	70
Eureka Pipe Line	338	343	337	342
Galena-Signal Oil	181	183	180	182
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	135	140	135	140
Indiana Pipe Line	129	142	141	144
National Transit	44	46	44	46
New York Transit	320	325	320	325
Northern Pipe Line	125	128	123	120
Ohio Oil	158	160	158	160
Prairie Oil & Gas	483	488	472	480
Solar Refining	375	385	360	370
Southern Pipe Line	250	253	351	354
South Penn. Oil	345	350	335	338
S. W. Penn. Pipe	162	165	157	162
Standard Oil (Cal.)	285	287	281	283
Stand. Oil (Cal.) r'ts	16½	17	16	17
*Standard Oil (Ind.)	503	506	487	491
Standard Oil (Kan.)	470	480	470	480
Standard Oil (Ky.)	240	245	670	680
Standard Oil (Neb.	470	480	470	480
Standard Oil (N. J.)	423	425	421	423
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	183	183	183	185
*Standard Oil (Ohio)	380	385	375	380
Swan & Finch	295	305	295	305
Union Tank Line	96	98	97	99
Vacuum Oil	213	216	211	214
Washington Oil	60	63	60	63
Waters-Pierce Oil	3,200	..	3,200	..

*Ex-dividend.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Jan. 30. Bid.	Asked.	Jan. 29. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	141	150	147	152
American Cigar pf.	91	93	91	93
Am. Machine & Fdry.	73	80	75	85
British-American	23	23¼	23	23⅜
British-Am., new	23¼	23½	23	23⅜
Coney Foll	270	290	270	290
Johnson Tin & M.	175	190	175	190
J. S. Young	140	150	140	150
MacAndrews	180	190	180	190
MacAndrews & F. pf.	92	102	92	102
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	220	230	220	230
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	125	135	125	135
R. J. Reynolds	250	260	250	260
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip	101	103	101	103
Tobacco Products pf.	85	86	85	86
United Cigar Stores	92¾	93¼	94½	95½
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	112	115	112	115

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con.	.02	Julia	.02
Andes	.03	Justice	.05
Belcher	.40	Kentucky Con.	.04
Best & Belcher	.05	Mexican	1.10
Caledonia	1.35	Occidental Con.	.70
Challenge Con.	.10	Ophir	.29
Confidence	.80	Savage	.07
Con. Cal. & Va.	.16	Seg. Belcher	.08
Con. Imperial	.02	Sierra Nevada	.67
Crown Point	.35	Union Con.	.09
Gould & Curry	.01	Utah Con.	.02
Hale & Norcross	.07	Yellow Jacket	.39

TONOPAH.

Jim Butler	.96	Comb. Fract.	.12
McNamara	.11	D'field Daisy	.03
Midway	.41	D'field Bl. B.	.03
Mizpah Exten.	.21	Florence	.69
Montana	1.20	G'field Con. M.	1.00
North Star	.42	G'field Merger	.12
Rescue Eula	.13	Jumbo Exten.	.23
Tonopah Belmont	.90	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Merger	.67	Silver Pick	.05
West End	1.57½	Vernal	.05
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.42
Atlanta	.18	Round Mountain	.40
Booth	.03	Sandstorm	.04
C. O. D.	.04	Manhattan Con.	.04
		Man. Big Four	.13

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	6	6½	Jackpot	5⅛	6
Elkton	50	50½	McKinney	57	60
El Paso	250	275	Old Gold	1	2½
Findlay	..	2½	Portland	102½	105
Gold Dol.	4½	5½	Vindicator	82½	84
Isabella	10	10⅝	R. B. H.	3	4¼

MONEY EASIER IN WEST.

Investors Buy High-Grade Securities —Less Idleness—Outlook Good.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 30.—The National City Bank of Chicago, in its monthly review of business conditions, says:

"Within the last few days there has been an extraordinary movement toward easier money. For the first time in several months investors everywhere are showing a disposition to purchase high-grade securities. A large portion of the semi-annual dividend fund has been reinvested.

"Within the last few weeks there has been some re-employment of men previously idle. There is no doubt but that the country is being fast relieved of the tension which was so marked during the period of anti-trust suits.

"The business outlook in the West is more favorable than it was a month ago. General trade is reviving, and there is certainly a better feeling among business men about the future."

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Baltimore Elec. pf.	44	44	44
125	Fairmount Gas	25	25	25
37	Fidelity & Deposit	155	155	155
2,481	Houston Oil ctfs.	18⅝	17½	18½
190	Houston Oil pf. ctfs.	59½	59	59½
1	Mercantile Trust	170	170	170
300	Penn. Water & P.	68¼	68	68
571	United Ry. & Elec.	26⅛	26	26

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
115	Allouez	38	37	38
771	American Zinc	21⅜	20¼	21⅜
2,224	Arizona Commercial	5 3-16	4⅝	5 3-16
3,567	Butte & Superior	36	34½	35⅝
370	Calumet & Arizona	67¼	66⅜	67¼
200	Centennial	17	16⅞	17
90	Copper Range	39¼	38⅝	39¼
80	Daly-West	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
340	East Butte	12⅝	12¼	12½
35	Franklin	4	4	4
250	Hancock	20	20	20
600	Helvetia	40c.	40c.	40c.
80	Isle Royale	21½	21	21½
50	Keweenaw	3¾	3⅜	3

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, JAN. 30, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Jan. 30, 1914	548,059
Same day last year	453,563
Total year to date	9,739,077
Same period last year	8,734,200
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	72.72 +1.16
Same day last year	77.22 — .08

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	72.99	Jan. 23	67.50	Jan. 3
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	75.00	Jan. 17
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
95	100	25	Adams Express	100	100	100	100	...
23¼	23⅜	700	Alaska Gold Mines	22⅞	23⅛	22⅞	23⅛	+ ⅛
13⅜	13⅝	400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	13	13	13	13	...
76⅝	76⅞	40,400	Amalgamated Cop	75½	76⅞	75¼	76⅞	+2
55	55⅛	400	Am. Agricul. Chem	54	55⅛	54	55⅛	— ⅜
96	96½	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	96	96	96	96	...
34¼	34½	13,500	Am. Can	33⅝	34½	33½	34½	+1¼
95½	96	600	Am. Can pf	95	95⅝	95	95⅝	+⅛
50½	51¼	1,400	Am. Car & Fdry	49⅞	51½	49⅞	51½	+1⅞
114¾	116	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	113¼	113¼	113¼	115⅛	+1⅞
42	43	100	Am. Coton Oil	42½	42⅝	42½	42½	— ¼
25½	25⅞	1,500	Am. Ice Securities	25⅜	25⅞	25⅜	25⅞	+1⅜
11¼	11⅝	400	Am. Linseed	11	11⅜	11	11¼	+ ¼
36⅜	37	2,300	Am. Locomotive	35½	36⅜	35½	36⅜	+1¼
101½	102	230	Am. Locomotive pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	+ ⅛
50	53	40	Am. Malt. pf	50	50	50	50	...
69¼	69¼	2,925	Am. Smelt. & Ref	68¼	69⅝	68	69⅜	+1⅛
102⅛	103⅛	800	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	102	102	102	102	—1
83	85	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. B	84	84	84	84	...
169	170	500	Am. Snuff	137½	163½	167½	169	+1½
34	35	200	Am. Steel F'dries	34	34	34	34	...
108	109	140	Am. Sugar Refin	108	108	108	108	+1
123⅞	124	1,000	Am. Teleph. & Tel	123⅜	124¼	123⅝	124¼	+ ⅛
249	249½	500	Am. Tobacco	248	249½	248	249½	+2¾
37⅝	37½	7,710	Anaconda Cop. Co	37⅛	37½	36⅞	37½	+ ⅝
22	23	300	Assets Realization	22¼	22⅜	22	22	—1
98½	99	2,800	Atch., T. & S.F. x d	97½	98½	97½	98½	+1
123⅜	124¼	200	Atlantic Coast Line	123	124	123	124	+2
95½	95⅝	4,250	Baltimore & O. x d	94⅞	95¾	94¾	95½	+1
...	...	30	Bank of Commerce	173	173	172	172	...
36¼	37½	1,450	Bethlehem Steel	35¾	36½	35½	36½	+1
77½	78	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	77	77	77	77	...
91½	91⅝	2,900	Brook. Rapid Tran	91	91⅝	91	91⅝	+ ⅛
27½	28	1,700	California Petrol'm	26	28	25½	27⅞	+1⅜
62½	64	200	California Pet. pf	62	64	62	64	+1¾
218¾	218⅞	34,550	Canadian Pacific	215	219	211¾	218⅝	+5⅞
90	95	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	...	...	91⅞	91⅞	— ⅛
28¼	28½	1,800	Central Leather Co	27¾	28⅝	27¾	28¼	+ ⅝
96½	97¼	100	Cent. Leather Co.pf	97	97	97	97	+ ¼
105	107½	100	Cent. & So. Am.Tel	106	106	106	106	+1
67	67½	8,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	66½	67¼	65¾	67¼	+1⅛
92	92¾	200	Chi. Gt. Western pf	92	92¾	92	92¾	+1⅛
106¼	106⅝	7,550	Chi., Mil. & St. P	104½	106⅝	104½	106¼	+2¼
141¾	142⅛	200	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	141¾	141¾	141¾	141¾	+1¼
135¼	186	910	Chi. & Northwest'n	133	135½	133	135½	+3
41¾	41⅝	3,000	Chino Copper	40⅞	41⅝	40⅞	41½	+ ⅞
35½	35⅝	500	Col. Fuel & Iron	32½	35¾	32½	35⅜	+1⅛
136¾	138⅝	1,200	Consolidated Gas	135¼	138⅝	135¼	136⅞	+1
12⅞	12¾	2,200	Corn Products Ref	12¼	12¾	12¼	12¾	+ ½
99	99¾	300	Deere & Co. pf	99	99	99	99	— ⅛
30	33	35	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	32	32	52	32	...
71	74	100	Detroit United Ry	73	73	73	73	...
31½	32	11,400	Erie	30⅞	32	30¾	31⅞	+1¼
49¼	49½	2,200	Erie 1st pf	48½	49¼	48¼	49¼	+1
39¼	39⅝	200	Erie 2d pf	39½	39½	39½	39½	+1
147	148	710	General Electric	146	147	146	147	+1
21⅞	23	700	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	22	22¼	22	22	...
86¾	87½	200	Goodrich pf	86¾	87	86¾	87	+2½
130⅛	130¾	6,700	Great Northern pf	128⅜	130⅝	128⅜	130¾	+2⅜
38	38½	900	G.N. certs. ore prop	37	38	37	38	+1
50¼	50¾	800	Guggenheim Explor	50¾	50¾	49¾	50¼	+⅛
114¼	115	300	Illinois Central	113½	114	113¾	113⅝	+1
17	17⅛	1,100	Inspiration Copper	17	17	16¾	17	+⅛
15⅞	16	730	Inter.-Met. v. tr.cfs	15⅜	16	15⅜	16	...
62	62¼	900	Inter.-Met. pf	61¾	62¼	61¾	62	+⅛
110½	111½	100	Int. Harvester, N. J.	109¾	111	109¾	111	...
116	...	100	Int. Harv., N. J. pf	116½	116¾	116½	116¾	...
109¾	110	200	Int. Harv. Corp	109¾	110	109¾	110	+ ¼
9¾	10	800	Int. Paper	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	+ ⅛
38⅝	39	300	Int. Paper pf	39	39½	39	39½	+1⅛
25	30	100	Int. Steam Pump pf	26	26	26	26	...
66	70¼	200	Kan.C., F.S. & M.	65¼	65¾	65¼	65½	+ ¼
27	27⅜	600	Kan. City Southern	26½	27	26½	27	+ ¼
89½	92	100	Kresge (S. S.) Co	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	+1
7½	9	100	Lake Erie & West	8	8	8	8	— ⅛
18	21	100	Lake Erie & W. pf	19⅝	...	19⅝	19⅝	...
155¼	155¾	2,800	Lehigh Valley	154¾	155¾	154	155⅛	+1⅜
228	230	200	Liggett & Myers	230	230	229	229	+2
36⅞	37	525	Loose-Wiles Bis	35	37	35	37	+1
167	175	100	Lorillard, (P.,) Co	171	171	171	171	+1
139¼	140	500	Louis. & Nash	139	140	139	140	+1⅜
83	84	200	Mackay Cos	83	84	84	84	—1
66	67	100	Manhattan Shirt	66½	66½	66½	66½	+ ½
100	102	100	May Dept. Stores	101	101	101	101	—1
15½	15¾	200	Mer. Marine pf	15	15¼	15	15¾	+ ¼
67¼	67½	10,100	Mex. Petroleum	62½	67¾	62½	67¼	+5
...	86	100	Mex. Petroleum pf	85	85	85	85	...
23½	23⅝	1,700	Miami Copper	23¼	23¾	23⅛	23⅜	+ ⅛
15⅜	16	200	Minn. & St. Louis	16	16	16	16	—1
132¼	133½	1,450	M., St. P. & S. M.	131	133	131	132½	+2½
23¾	24	1,000	Mo. Kan & Tex	23⅜	24	23¾	24	+1
59½	61	300	Mo., K. & T. pf	59	60	59	60	+1
28¾	28⅞	2,800	Mo. Pacific	28¼	28⅞	27⅞	28¾	+1
138	141	100	Nash., C. & St. L	140	140	140	140	...
134	134½	200	Nat. Biscuit Co	134	134½	134	134½	+1⅝
123½	123	200	Nat. Biscuit pf	120½	124½	122½	122½	+ ½
13	13⅜	100	Nat. En. & St. Co	13	13	13	13	+1
50	52	100	Nat. Lead Co	51	51	51	51	+1
12½	13½	200	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	+ ¼
16¼	16⅜	900	Nevada Con. Cop	16⅛	16¼	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
96¾	96¾	8,270	N. Y. Central	94½	96¾	94½	96¾	+2¼
75½	75⅞	3,100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	73⅝	75⅝	73⅝	75⅝	+1⅝
30⅜	30⅝	600	N. Y., Ont. & W.	29⅜	30⅝	29⅜	30⅜	+ ⅜
104¾	105	2,100	Norf. & Western	104¾	105½	104¾	105	+ ⅜
72⅜	72½	200	North American	72¼	72⅜	72¼	72⅜	...
116¼	116½	4,400	Northern Pacific	114⅜	116⅜	114⅜	116¼	+1⅛
27¾	28	800	Pacific Mail	27¼	27¾	27¼	27½	+⅛
115¼	115½	2,800	Penn. R. R.	114¾	115⅝	113	115⅜	+1⅝
122½	123⅛	450	People's Gas, Chi	122½	123⅜	122½	123⅛	+⅝
89	90	100	Phila. Co. 6% pf	89½	89½	89½	89½	...
87½	90	100	P., C., C. & St. L	87½	87½	87½	87½	...
21⅝	22	500	Pitts. Coal	22	22	21¾	21¾	+ ⅛
91½	91⅝	1,600	Pitts. Coal pf	91	91⅜	91	91⅜	+ ⅛
92½	94	100	Pitts. Steel pf	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾	+ ⅝
41¾	42	5,800	Pressed Steel Car	40	41⅞	40	41⅝	+⅜
104	104½	100	Pressed Steel C. pf	104	104	104	104	+ ⅛
107¼	...	100	Pub. S. C. of N. J.	169	169	169	169	...
32¼	32⅜	2,600	Railway Steel Sp	30⅞	32¼	30⅞	32¼	+1½
98	99	100	Railway St. Sp. pf	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	+ ¼
19⅛	19¾	900	Ray Con. Copper	19	19¼	19	19¼	+ ⅛
170¼	170¾	72,100	Reading	163¼	170¾	163¾	170	+2
26⅜	26¾	2,800	Rep. Iron & Steel	24⅝	26¼	24⅜	26¼	+1⅜
88⅜	89	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	88¾	89	88¾	89	+⅝
15⅛	15¼	3,300	Rock Island Co	14	15¼	14	15¼	+1⅛
21⅜	21⅞	2,900	Rock Isl. Co. pf	21¼	22	21⅛	22	+1⅛
12¾	13¼	3,250	Rumely, (M.,) Co	12¾	13¼	9	12¾	+3¾
30¼	31½	2,540	Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf	28	31	28	30¾	+2¼
8	8½	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	8	8	8	8	— ⅛
25	27	100	St. L. Southwest	25½	25⅝	25½	25½	—1⅜
19	19½	1,600	Seab. Air Line	19½	19¾	19	19	—1
3	3,000	Seab. Air Line pf	53	53¼	53	53⅞	+1⅜
19½	19¾	310	Sears, R. & Co. x d	19¼	19⅝	19¼	19⅝	+⅛
34	36	100	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co	34	35	34	35	+1½
91	...	100	S.-S. S. & I. Co. pf	92	92	92	92	...
98⅝	98⅞	30,400	Southern Pacific	97	98⅞	97	98⅞	+1⅞
...	...	300	So. Pac. t. r.	103⅜	104½	103¾	104½	+1⅛
26⅞	27	2,800	So. Railway ext.	26¼	27	26¼	27	+1
83½	84	500	So. Ry. pf. ext.	83⅞	84⅜	83⅜	84⅜	+⅛
79	85	300	Studebaker Co	78	80	78	79	—5
100	...	1,700	Tennessee Copper	34⅞	35¼	34⅝	35	+⅝
140⅞	141	1,400	Texas Co	140	144½	140	144½	+6
42½	43	500	Third Avenue	42	42½	42	42½	+1
107	108	100	Twin City R. T	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜	— ⅛
7½	7¾	7,500	Union B. & P. Co	6¾	7¾	6¾	7¾	+1⅜
28	32	200	Un. B. & P. Co. pf	27	28	27	28	+1
163¾	163½	57,200	Union Pacific	161⅜	163⅝	161½	163½	+2
84¾	85	500	Union Pacific pf	84⅝	85	84⅝	85	+¾
40⅞	50	200	United Cigar Mfrs	49	50	49	50	+2
21½	22	300	Un. Rys. Invest	22	22	22	22	+ ½
43⅜	44	500	Un. Rys. Inv. pf	43¼	44	43¼	44	+ ⅜
12½	13⅛	100	U. S. Express	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼	—2¼
59⅝	60	1,600	U. S. Rubber	59½	60	59¼	60	+1
102	102⅜	230	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	102⅜	102⅝	102	102	— ¼
66½	66⅝	103,550	U. S. Steel	64⅜	66⅞	64⅝	66⅝	+2¼
111⅞	112	400	U. S. Steel pf	111⅞	112	111⅞	112	+⅜
54⅞	53⅞	9,330	Utah Copper	53⅛	54¼	53¼	53¼	+1⅛
31⅝	32	300	Va.-Car. Chem.	31½	32	31½	31⅝	— ⅛
100	104	200	Va.-Car. Chem. pf	104	104	104	104	...
31	31½	100	Wabash	31¼	31¼	31¼	31¼	— ¼
10½	10¾	900	Wabash pf	9½	10¾	9½	10⅝	+1⅛
63⅜	64½	300	West. Union Tel	64	64⅜	64	64	+½
71⅜	71⅝	3,500	Westingh. E. & M	70	71½	69⅝	71½	+2⅜
20½	20½	600	W. & L. E. 1st pf	21	21	20¼	20¼	+ ⅜
99¼	100	400	Woolw. (F. W.,) Co	98¾	99¼	98¾	99¼	+ ⅜
115½	116	150	Woolworth pf	116	116	116	116	...

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Opening with strength and activity, the upward movement on the Consolidated Stock Exchange extended to actual buoyancy in the closing dealings. The ease in stocks abroad and the world-wide ease in money helped to stimulate the advance here. Advances recorded on the 9:30 o'clock opening call ranged from ¼ to 1¾ points. Commission houses handled a gratifying volume of business, including a large total of odd-lot orders covering a wide range of securities.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,010.. Amal. Copper	75¾	76⅛	75½	76⅝
20.. Am. Beet S.	28	28	28	28
870.. American Can	33⅝	34⅜	33⅛	34¼
20.. Am. Car & F.	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼
40.. Am. Cot. Oil	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾
550.. Am. Ice Sec	25⅝	26	25⅝	25⅞
30.. Am. Locomo	36	36⅝	35½	36⅝
750.. Am. Smelting	68⅞	69½	67¾	69½
70.. Anaconda Cop.	37⅜	37¼	37	37¼
110.. A., T. & S. F.	97⅝	98¼	97¼	98¼
100.. Balt. & Ohio	95¼	95¼	94¾	95½
80.. Beth. Steel.	35½	35½	35½	35½
150.. Brook. R. T.	91¼	91⅝	91	91⅝
80.. Cal. Petrol'm.	25¾	26¼	25¼	26½
1,010.. Can. Pac.	215½	219	214½	218½
110.. Cent. Leather.	27½	28	27½	28
100.. Ches. & Ohio.	66¾	67	65¾	66⅞
210.. C., M. & St. P.	104¾	106¾	104¾	106½
50.. Chino Copper.	41¼	41½	41¼	41½
20.. Colorado Fuel	33	33	33	33
60.. Corn Products	12¾	12¾	12¼	12¼
450.. Erie	31	31¾	30⅝	31⅜
180.. Gt. Nor. pf	128¼	130	128¼	130
100.. Inter.-Met.	15⅝	16	15⅝	16
360.. Inter.-Met. pf.	61⅜	62¾	61½	62¼
180.. Lehigh Val.	153⅜	155¼	153⅜	155¼
220.. Mex. Petrol'm	62¼	67½	62¼	67¼
40.. Mo., K. & T.	23½	24	23½	24
270.. Mo. Pacific	27¾	28¾	27¾	28¾
200.. Nevada Con.	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼
300.. N. Y. Central	94¼	96¼	94¼	96
180.. N. Y., N. H. & Hartford	73¼	75¾	73¼	75¾
80.. Northern Pac.	115	116⅜	115	116¼
70.. Pacific Mail	28	28	27	27
100.. Pennsylvania	114	115¼	114	115¼
230.. Pres. Steel Car	40	40¾	40	40¾
16,200.. Reading	168¾	170¾	168¾	170¼
80.. Rep. I. & S.	25¾	26¼	25½	26¼
140.. Rock Island.	13¾	15	13¾	14⅝
20.. Rock Isl. pf.	21¼	22	21¼	21¾
170.. Rumely Co.	12	12	9¾	11¼

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,0..	Rumely pf	30¼	32¾	27¾	30¾
1,150..	Southern Pac.	97	98⅜	96⅞	98⅜
60..	Southern Ry.	26½	26⅞	26½	26⅞
100..	Tenn. Copper.	35	35	35	35
60..	Third Av.	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾
200..	Union Bag	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
15,190..	Union Pac.	161¾	163⅝	161¼	163⅝
100..	U. S. Rubber	59⅞	60	59⅞	60
17,800..	U. S. Steel	64⅝	66¾	64⅝	66½
360..	Utah Copper	54	55	54	55
70..	Wabash pf	9¼	9¾	9¼	9⅝
66,280					

MINING STOCKS.

500..	Atlanta	.18¼	.18¼	.18¼
500..	C. O. D.	.05	.05	.05
100..	Con. Cal. & V.	.20	.20	.20
500..	Elkton	.52	.52	.52
600..	Florence	.68	.68	.68
200..	Goldfield Con.	1.65	1.65	1.65
1,100..	Jim Butler	.94	.98	.94
900..	Mizpah Ext.	.40	.46	.40
1,100..	Tono. Merger.	.68	.68	.67
450..	West End	1.50	1.60	1.50
5,750				

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was quiet, with prices on a parity with Thursday's closing, with the exception of tin, which improved about ¼c.

The close bid and asked prices follow:

	Friday.		Thursday.	
Stand. Cop.—	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot		14.62½		14.62½
February		14.62½		14.62½
March		14.62½		14.62½
April		14.62½		14.62½
Spelter	5.55	5.45	5.55	5.45
Zinc	5.35	5.45	5.35	5.45
Lead	4.05	4.10	4.05	4.10
Tin	39.87½	40.12½	39.45	39.75

London prices yesterday for copper and pig tin, compared with Thursday, follow:

	Friday.		Thursday.	
	£.	s.	£.	s.
Copper, spot	65	15 0	66	15 0
Copper, futures	66	2 6	66	2 6
Pig tin, spot	182	5 0	180	15 0
Pig tin, futures	183	10 0	182	0 0

The market finished strong. Spanish pig lead, £20, unchanged. Spelter, £21 10s, unchanged. Cleveland warrants 51s, up 3d.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Jan. 30, 1914	$4,531,100
Same day last year	2,552,500
Total year to date	86,483,000
Same period last year	54,534,500
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	89.16 +.07
Same day last year	92.12 —.01

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.36	Jan. 27	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	91.86	Jan. 2
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

City of Tokio 5s	5,000	88¼	
	5,000	89¼	
	5,000	89⅝	
Jap Gov 4½s, ster	8,000	89¾	
	500	80	
	2,000	89¼	
2d Series	20,000	88¾	
	3,000 c	88¾	
	7,000	88¾	
Rep of Cuba 5s	3,000	99¾	
N Y State 4s, 1962, reg	5,000	100¼	
N Y Canal 4s, 1962	20,000	100	
N Y Canal 4½s	5,000	108¼	
N Y State 4½s	468,000	108	
	285,000	108¼	
	120,000	108¼	
	20,000	108¾	
N Y City 3½s, 1954	12,000	85¾	
4s, 1958	3,000	97¾	
	1,000	97⅛	
4s, 1959	1,000	97¼	
4½s, 1960	1,000	101¼	
	1,000	101¼	
	2,000	102	
4½s, Nov, 1917	2,000	102	
4½s, Nov, 1957	9,000	103¼	
4½s, 1963	5,000	104¾	
	1,000	105	
	60,000	105¼	
	20,000	105⅜	
	25,000	105½	
Adams Expr 4s	500	80½	
Am Ag Ch cv 5s	1,000	100⅞	
	2,000	101	
Am Ice Securities 6s	1,000	87½	
	10,000	87½	
	17,000	87½	
Am Smelt Sec 6s	4,000	104¾	
	7,000	104⅝	
	500	104⅝	
	19,000	104⅝	
	2,000	104⅞	
Am T & T col 4s	1,000	80½	
	17,000	80½	
conv 4½s	35,000	98⅝	
	5,000 s20f.	98⅞	
	32,000	99	
	11,000	99¼	
	21,000	99⅜	
	5,000	98⅞	
	26,000	99	
Am Tobacco 6s	6,000 p.	120	
Am Wr Paper 5s	2,000	75	
Armour & Co 4½s	1,000	92½	
	1,000	92	
	1,000	92¼	
	4,000	92	
A., T. & S F gen 4s	20,000	94⅝	
	5,000	105¼	
N Y Canal 4½s	1,000	104¾	
Am Wool..	19	22	
Am Wr Pa	14	17	
pf	17	50	
A., T. & S	1,000	101⅞	
Bald Loc..	44½	45⅛	
Do pf	103½	..	
B & O pf	900	82¼	
Do div	80¼	82¼	
Batop M	5	13	
B Un G	127	130	
Bruns Ter	8¾	10	
B, R & P	107½	115½	
Do pf	116	135	
But'k Co	28	29½	
Canada So	60¼	65	
C R R of N	805	820	
Chi & Alt	9¾	11¾	
Do pf	15	19	
Chi Gt W	14¼	14½	
C. I. & L. pf	50	60	
C & N W pf	178	183	
Chi. St. P., M & Om	131	132	
Do pf	130	..	
C. C. C & St. L	38	44	
Do pf	67	69	
Col F & I pf	190	200	
Col. So	27¾	28¼	
Do 1st pf	61	62	
Do 2d pf	50	70	
Corn P R pf	70½	71¾	
Crex Carp	75	80	
Cub-Am S	80	90	
Do pf	84	91	
Del & H	156½	159¾	
D, L & W	400	407	
D & R G	18½	20	
17,000	93¾		
Cent Vermont 4s	5,000	84	
C & O conv 4½s	10,000	83¾	
	15,000	83½	
	10,000	83¾	
	5,000	83½	
	5,000	83¾	
	5,000	83⅝	
C, B & Q gen 4s	20,000	93¼	
	15,000	93½	
joint 4s	10,000	96⅜	
	20,000	96⅝	
	1,000 sf.	96⅜	
	1,000	96¾	
	1,000	96⅝	
	5,000	96¾	
registered	1,000	96½	
Ill Div 3½s	1,000	..	
C & W I con 4s	10,000	84½	
Ill Div 4s	1,000	95⅝	
Chi Gt Westn 4s	1,000	73⅝	
	5,000	73⅝	
	5,000	73¾	
	4,000	73⅞	
	18,000	74	
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A	11,000	93	
	5,000	94⅞	
gen 4½s	5,000	103¾	
	1,000	103¾	
	42,000	103⅝	
conv 4½s	9,000	102½	
	20,000	102⅝	
	57,000	102⅝	
	58,000	102⅞	
	5,000	103	
	25,000	102⅞	
	8,000	103	
C, M & P 8d 4s	2,000	93	
C & P W 5s	1,000	102¾	
C & N W gen 3½s	8,000	83½	
con 7s	3,000	102⅝	
C, R I & P gen 4s	16,000	87	
	24,000	86½	
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s	1,000	78¾	
	5,000	78½	
	6,000	78⅝	
	5,000	78½	
deb 5s	10,000	74	
C, R I & P R R 4s	10,000	40¾	
	5,000	40¾	
	23,000	40¾	
	4,000	40¾	
	11,000	40¾	
	3,000	40¾	
	10,000	40¾	
	1,000	40¾	
	50,000	40¾	
	9,000	40¾	
	12,000	40¾	
	20,000	40¾	
	5,000	40¾	
	5,000	40¾	
	5,000	40¾	
	2,000	40¾	
	50	40¾	
	7,000	40¾	
	15,000	40¾	
	2,000	40¾	
	2,000	40¾	
Chi, St. P, M & O deb 5s	1,000	102¾	
C & W I con 4s	10,000	84⅛	
Chi Term 4s	10,000	86¾	
Chi Un Tr 5s	1,000	105⅛	
Gen Mot	45½	47	
Do pf	85

ELEVEN MAIL STRIKE CHAUFFEURS GUILTY

Wives Scream as Foreman of the Jury Reads the Names —Four Discharged.

SENTENCES THIS MORNING

Maximum Penalty Is Two Years In Prison and $10,000 Fine— Appeals May Be Taken.

With cries of hysterical women ringing through the court room, the jury which has been trying the fifteen striking mail chauffeurs for three weeks in the Federal District Court on the charge of conspiring to obstruct the mails, returned a verdict of guilty yesterday against eleven of them. Judge Killits said that if they had found the other four guilty he certainly would have made their punishment lighter than that of the others, and announced that he would pronounce judgment this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

The eleven men found guilty were Frank Gillecoe, David Hockberg, Timothy Kennedy, William Krall, George F. McGrath, James Fasano, William J. Simpson, William V. Eussillis, Louis Terry, Charles McCaffray, and Patrick Johnston. Those acquitted were John O'Hara, William P. Glock, Patrick Brannigan, and George Cann.

As Judge Killits must return to his own district in Southern Ohio this morning, he sent the jury to their room as soon as court assembled yesterday morning and then called them back to hear the additional instructions, which at the request of Mann Trice, counsel for the defense, he had incorporated in his charge. They then retired and were out altogether six hours, while a large crowd of the friends and relatives of the prisoners filled the corridors.

The jury returned at about a quarter to 5 o'clock, and as the foreman read from a paper the name of the first man to be convicted a scream went up from one corner of the court room. A woman had risen in her agony and screamed. Another, sitting next her, tried to soothe her, but in a few moments her own husband's name was read out and she, too, began to sob. As this pair quieted down under the rough ministrations of Marshal Henkel, from the back of the hall a third woman's wails broke out.

The foreman read on, and as the four men who had been acquitted were separated from their comrades and led out at the back. A strong force of deputies stood between th men found guilty and their friends, but there was no demonstration. The men were marched out, Mrs. Hockberg and Mrs. Johnston making several efforts to force their way through the line of deputies to the sides of their husbands.

After the men had been taken to the Tombs their wives hung round the corridors for some time, weeping and appealing for aid to the lawyers. All that Mr. Trice could say to them was that to-day he would move for a new trial. If that is denied to him, he will have to consider the character of the sentences which have been imposed. The maximum is two years' imprisonment and $10,000 fine. If the Judge is lenient, it may be better for the men to serve out their sentences in prison, but if long terms of imprisonment are imposed, Mr. Trice will ask that they be admitted to bail pending an appeal.

Asked if the American Federation of Labor would supply the money to pay any fines which might be imposed, Mr. Trice answered:

"The American Federation of Labor has not done a thing to help these men. All the aid they have had has been a little from a few of the local unions."

The charge of conspiring to obstruct the mails arose out of the strike last October of the chauffeurs of the Mail Transport Service, Incorporated, which had the contract for the carriage of the mails to and from the Post Office and the railroad stations.

Aeroplane Parts Stolen.

Special to The New York Times.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Jan. 30.—Along with the reports of hold-ups and petty robberies which have been turned in from this section recently comes complaint of much petty thievery at the Hempstead Plains Aviation Field. So continuous have these reports been of late that Douglas Houghton, manager of the field, will ask his company to place iron grills in the windows of all the hangars. C. Frank Niles lost a $500 motor cycle the other night, and valuable tools and parts of machines have been missed recently.

LAUREL In The PINES
Lakewood, New Jersey.
A delightful location for Winter visitors.
Equable and invigorating climate.
Ninety minutes from New York, via C. R. R. of N. J.
Superior roads and facilities for automobile parties.
All seasonable outdoor amusements.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.

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Tea garden, golf, tennis, squash, and billiards.
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Finest climate in the world. Winter average 72° day and night. Magnificent Hotel Colonial (Fla. East Coast Hotel Co.). 3 times weekly from Miami, or weekly sailings from New York direct. N. Y. Office, 243 Fifth Ave., Phone Madison Square 9250.

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The hotel with the distinctive features.
Facing the sea and overlooking the famous Boardwalk. Every room connected with private bath or has hot and cold running water. Capacity 600.
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OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
COTTAGES IN DIRECT CONNECTION WITH HOTEL.
CAPACITY 600. ORCHESTRA OF SOLOISTS.
Arrangements may now be made for Washington's and Lincoln's Birthdays.

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Absolutely fireproof. Hydrotherapy and Turkish Treatment. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. Restaurant; grill; garage. MACK LATZ & CO.

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THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator. &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

COTTON GOODS FOR EXPORT

Greater Growth Than England's Shown In the Past 5 Years.

Ralph M. Odell, Commercial Agent of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, to-day completes a week's stay in this city in the interest of the campaign being conducted by the bureau to aid the American cotton cloth export trade. Next week the special agent will visit the cotton mill sections of New England. Mill agents and exporters have visited Mr. Odell at his headquarters in the Custom House, inspected the 1,000 samples gathered by the agent during his recent trip to the Red Sea district and Africa, and conferred with the representative relative to the prospects for an extension of export business. Speaking of the results attained by his mission to New York, Mr. Odell said:

"During my week here I have received calls from seventy-five mill agents and exporters, all of whom appeared interested in the subject of export trade. A number of my visitors expect to take up the subject seriously and extend the sale of cotton goods to the markets I examined. The samples have proved very interesting, and a decided factor in pushing the campaign for export extension. Many of the callers copied the data attached to the fabrics in order that they may make up similar goods to compete with the English and Continental products. All have expressed their appreciation of the Government's work in securing information regarding foreign market possibilities, and hope for its continuance."

Mr. Odell sees a great future for the American cotton goods export trade provided manufacturers set themselves to the task and widen the range of fabrics offered to the foreign buyer in accordance with the requirements and conditions of the markets. The agent pointed out that during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, the total exports of all kinds of cotton manufactures from the United States amounted to over $53,000,000, exceeding the exports of any other year in the history of the country. In the past five years the American export trade has increased 30 per cent., a far better showing than England's during the same period.

Mr. Odell's New England itinerary is as follows: Boston, Feb 2, 3, and 4; Lowell, Feb 5; New Bedford, Feb. 6; Fall River, Feb. 9, and Providence, Feb. 10. The bureau's representative will attend the annual convention of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States at Washington Feb. 11, 12, and 13. Philadelphia will be visited Feb. 18. New York will be revisited the last week in February.

NEW AVIATION FIELD.

Three Hangars to be Built at Once at Canarsie.

Plans have been completed for the opening of a new aviation field early next week on eight acres of land in the Canarsie section of Flatlands, Brooklyn. The land has been leased by Benjamin Fabio, who has been conducting negotiations with the Aeronautical Society of America. Plans for three hangars, designed by Gerald Simpson, a young English architect, have been passed upon by the Building Bureau and will be formally approved on Monday. W. J. Tillark, a contractor and builder, with offices in the Park Row Building, will break ground for the hangars at once.

The new field starts at Conklin Avenue and extends eastward to Carnarsie Bay and northward to 100th Street. It is surrounded by vast stretches of meadow land and seashore.

Mr. Simpson, the architect, said yesterday:

"This site possesses many advantages. The most important feature is the severe flatness of the land, which has a billiard table from 108th Street to Jamaica Bay. Jamaica Bay itself, with its easy approach to Rockaway Beach and the Atlantic Ocean, affords untold opportunities for the new machines of the hydro-aeroplane type. The ground will have a main entrance to the hangars within a few minutes' walk from the elevated railroad, with a direct route of only thirty minutes to Manhattan, while the fare is only 5 cents."

H. Eno a member of the New York Aeronautical Society, who has a large hangar at Hempstead, has asked to rent a hangar at Canarsie, and intends to remove his present hangar to the new field. Other airmen interested in the new project are F. C. Hild, C. D. Pellogio, manager of the Moisant Aviation Company; F. G. Gilpatrick, chief pilot of the Sloane Aeroplane Company; Prof. J. H. Bellanca, the French aviator, and B. Lublin.

BANKERS DISAPPEAR.

More Than 300 Lose Savings Intrusted to Smerigio & Brother.

Harry G. Heyson, President of the National Bank of Far Rockaway, will endeavor to find some assets of the firm of Smerigio & Brother, formerly bankers of Inwood, L. I., with which to pay off creditors and depositors of the firm, many of whom have lost all their savings. There are more than 300 of the creditors, and yesterday they thronged the office of Charles A. Tipling, at Long Island City, who is referee in bankruptcy.

President Heyson was appointed Trustee of the estate of the bankers, who were declared to be involuntary bankrupts. The firm apparently did a thriving business until less than a month ago. The crash came when Attorney William H. E. Jay, Jr., of Mineola obtained an order from Justice Clark in the Supreme Court compelling Milsac Smerigilo to account for the $12,000 proceeds of the sale of a property on St. George Place, in Inwood, and which belonged to the estate of Bernardo Vallinato. As soon as the order was served, Milsac Smerigilo and his brother, Aristotle, who composed the firm, disappeared. Information was given to Referee Tipling yesterday that the brothers had collected all the money they could get hold of and had left the country.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Further information may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch office of the bureau, in the Custom House, New York, N. Y., by giving the number referred to.

12,432. LOAN FOR FOREIGN COUNTRY.—A foreign Gov. desires to make a loan of about $58,000,000, and the officials are anxious for Am. capitalists to participate in this loan.

12,433. KITCHEN AND HOUSEHOLD SPECIALTIES.—A business firm in Canada desires to be put in touch with Am. mfrs. of kitchen and household specialties. What the firm particularly wants is a line of cheaper and smaller articles that would sell in connection with cutlery, to be used for country and suburban trade.

12,434. TYPEWRITERS, BICYCLE ACCESSORIES, SHOES, AND EXTRACTS.—A South American is desirous of making agency connections with Am. mfrs. of typewriters, small, (suitable for carrying,) visible, light touch, and type for the Portuguese language; calculating machines, inner tubes for bicycles and automobiles, steel lines, boots and shoes, (invisible and flexible steel;) powdered extracts for beer, lemonade, grape, lime, and other beverages.

12,435. RESIN AND PAPER-MAKING CHEMICALS.—A foreign firm engaged in the sale of paper-making chemicals on a commission basis desires to get in touch with reliable Am. producers of resin, &c.

12,436. SAWMILL AND GRISTMILL MACHINERY.—A Canadian owner of a gristmill and sawmill recently destroyed by fire is considering plans for rebuilding. Am. catalogues of machinery required.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed in New York County.

A. Klipstein & Co.—H. H. Salmon et al., Jan. 29, 1914, $2,331.
Ingersoll, Herbert—Jamaica Estates, Dec. 11, 1913, $2,886.
Di Micell, Maurice—C. Schaefer, June 11, 1910, $509.
Griffier, Morris—John Pirung & Co., Jan. 20, 1914, $169.
Galinger, Harry H.—I. B. Clark, Nov. 11, 1912, $308.
Gahren, Herman—J. F. Boynton, May 21, 1913, $446.
Barnard, Sidney W.—Tombacher et al., Jan. 2, 1914, $246.
Book Haunt, Inc.—Belding Bros. & Co., June 20, 1913, $139.
Connecticut Raincoat Co.—J. Balkin, March 31, 1913, $278.
Same—Same, Jan. 5, 1914, $118.
Rosenberg, Clara—B. Goldman, Jan. 22, 1914, $113.
Volp, Louis—Boynton Furnace Co., Jan. 8, 1914, $376.
Tancer, Joseph and Samual—S. Levites et al., June 23, 1913, $141.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.....4@4½% for the best names
Thursday.....4@4½% " " " "

More Woolen Goods Advanced.

Owing to the very strong condition of the wool market and the decided advance in raw materials, the American Woolen Company yesterday advanced additional numbers of their popular-priced staple fabrics 5 cents a yard.

Line of Vigoreux Withdrawn.

Despite the low prices named on vigoreux last Monday in order to capture the business for the coming heavyweight season, the mill that brought these fabrics out several years ago found it necessary yesterday, owing to the increased demand for the fabrics, to withdraw the line from the market. This action was taken, it was said, in order to proportion the balance of these fabrics among the regular customers who have not been shown the line yet.

Lindquist to Talk on Fabric Bill.

Representative F. O. Lindquist of Michigan, author of one of the "pure fabric" bills now before Congress, has accepted an invitation to address the members of the National Retail Dry Goods Association at their annual convention, which will be held at the Hotel Astor on Feb. 10 and 11. Mr. Lindquist will discuss his bill in detail and will answer questions regarding it. He will be present at the evening session on Feb. 11, which will open at 8 o'clock. Merchants who are not members of the association, but who desire to hear Mr. Lindquist speak, may obtain cards of admission from Secretary Hand, whose office is in the Aeolian Building, on West Forty-second Street. Among the other speakers at the convention will be H. E. Miles, who is President of the Wisconsin State Board of Industrial Education and Vice President of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. Mr. Miles will speak on "Vocational Training for Employes."

To Consider Local Credit Bureau.

A special committee of the New York Credit Men's Association will meet in this city some day next week with a view to considering the advisability of establishing a bureau, in conjunction with the association's present activities, to provide for the interchange of credit information. There are now fifty-five of these bureaus in operation in various parts of the country, all of which are affiliated with the national association. While there has been nothing said to that end, it is rumored that the committee of the local association does not look on the project with favor. There is a feeling, it is intimated, that the amount of benefit to be derived from such a bureau in New York would hardly be commensurate with the cost and trouble of maintaining it, in view of the large number of inquiries that would probably be put to it. Then, too, it is felt that requests from bureaus in other cities would be so numerous as to swamp the local bureau in the event of its being established.

Furriers Say "Watch and Wait."

Few, if any, of the prominent local manufacturing furriers are yet in the market for raw furs. The warm weather of the last three seasons, especially the present season, has left stocks large in the hands of these merchants, and, like President Wilson in handling the Mexican situation, they have adopted a motto of watching and waiting. There is some talk here of a rise in the price of furs, but it is said that it is mostly confined to the smaller manufacturers who sell the bulk of their production to the jobbing trade. Some interesting light on the raw fur situation is shed by the report of the Lampson sale, which recently came to a finish at London. Out of the forty-three varieties covered in the report, only five were quoted higher than at the last previous sale. These were Russian sable, silver fox, cross fox, wolf, and furriers' wallaby, and they showed advances ranging from 10 to 50 per cent. Raccoon, white fox, blue fox, squirrel, and opposum remained unchanged. The remaining items showed declines ranging from 10 to 40 per cent. from last year's figures.

Jobbers In Dress Goods.

It was said yesterday that the jobbing trade was watching the various openings of dress goods in this market for Fall with considerable interest, and that within a week or ten days, when the prominent corporations were fully represented, the buying would be active. It was said that one of the jobbing houses that present indications pointed toward an excellent season for plain goods, and also that the popularity of crêpes promised to extend into the Fall season. It was also learned that imported dress goods would interfere considerably with the domestic products during the coming season, as the prices on the imported staples especially were much lower than those of the domestic goods. Concerning broadcloths, the selling agent for a prominent domestic corporation said that an excellent business was expected. Foreign lines are reported priced below the domestic, but the American makers do not fear their competition because of the superiority of the domestic goods. It is thought probable, however, that the American lines yet to be opened will be offered at slight reductions from the prices that obtained a year ago.

The Women's Wear Situation.

A rather unusual condition is presented in the waist and dress end of the cutting-up trade at the moment. While the buyers are reported to be coming into the market later than is usually the case, and are said to be buying sparingly for the most part, those who have already had their deliveries of Spring models are duplicating freely. This is especially true of the better class of trade. The lateness of the buying season is attributed principally to two things: the poor business done by most of the stores this Fall as a result of unseasonable weather and the lateness of Easter this year. Most of the buying so far has been done by buyers from the Far West and South. Representative manufacturers see no obstacles in the way of good business, and a decided improvement is looked for as the season progresses. Similar conservatism is said to be shown by buyers of cloaks and suits, though in at least one case the Spring business booked to date has exceeded that of last year in the aggregate. The most favored materials in popular-priced suits seem to be crêpe poplins and moire silks, the latter principally in black. Domestic dress goods are being featured to a considerable extent over foreign fabrics in this end of the trade, chiefly because of the long time required by the foreign mills to make deliveries.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Decisions on Spools, Mufflers, Copper Ores, and Hats.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday decided that under the Tariff act of 1909 spools upon which silk yarn is imported are not "usual" containers dutiable at the same rate as the yarn. The importers included Massee & Co., J. Meyer & Co., and F. B. Vandergrift & Co., New York.

Favorable action was taken by the board on protests by Lines & Warne, New York, in which certain silk fabrics were claimed to be mufflers under the old law, dutiable at 50 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 400. The goods were assessed at 60 per cent. under Paragraph 402, as silk wearing apparel. The board sustained a contention by the United States Metals Refining Company, Perth Amboy and New York, in which objection was made to the assessment on the lead and antimony contained in copper ores. It was agreed between counsel that the percentage of lead and antimony was very slight. Judge Fischer held that the copper in question contained such inappreciable quantities of the by-products as to be negligible, and, consequently, not subject to duty.

The right of the Simpson-Crawford Company to import women's straw hats trimmed with silk ribbon, artificial flowers, or ornamental feathers, as trimmed hats at 50 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 422 of the old law was upheld. Collector Malone was reversed in his levy of 60 per cent. as manufactures of silk or feathers under Paragraphs 402 or 403.

Feather Importations Much Less.

The prohibition against the importation of natural feathers of many kinds in the new tariff continues to reduce entries of these articles at New York. The Custom House figures for the week ended Jan. 24, issued yesterday, place the importations as having a value of $25,428, compared with $68,081 the preceding week. During the corresponding period one year ago feather importations here were appraised at $156,034, or $52,-530 in excess of the same fortnight this year.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

BURTON DRESS COMPANY.—Schedules of the Burton Dress Company, manufacturers of dresses and costumes at 31 East Thirty-second Street, show liabilities $8,409 and assets $5,889, consisting of stock $1,000, notes $700, fixtures $500, and accounts $7,389.

CHARLES FLAX & SONS.—Schedules of Charles Flax & Sons, manufacturers of leather goods at 102 Wooster Street, show liabilities $20,704 and assets $12,161, consisting of stock $5,000, machinery and fixtures $5,000, accounts $589, claims $1,550, and cash in bank $22.

B. LINE FURNITURE COMPANY.—Schedules of the B. Line Furniture Company of 812 East Ninety-fifth Street, show liabilities $25,181 and assets $2,357, consisting of stock $2,500 and accounts $857.

STEIN BROTHERS.—Schedules of Stein Brothers, manufacturers of suspenders at 552 Broadway, show liabilities $28,733 and assets $31,824, consisting of stock $6,000, accounts $23,309, machinery and fixtures $1,500, real estate, $1,000, and cash in bank $15.

CANTWELL-DAVIS COMPANY.—Schedules of the Cantwell-Davis Company, importer of fruits and produce at 97 Water Street, show liabilities of $10,763 and assets of $10,606, consisting of pineapples, $3,640; accounts, $6,496; office furniture, $375, and cash in bank, $88.

SAMUEL DAVIS.—Schedules of Samuel Davis, dealer in gas and electric fixtures at 2,640 Broadway, show liabilities of $3,569 and assets of $1,599, consisting of stock, $500; fixtures, $50; accounts, $1,019, and cash in bank, $30.

CASSIMIR J. VIEAU, who has resided at 169 Madison Avenue, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $10,227 and no assets. Among the creditors are Johnson & Faulkner, $2,619; Arnold, Constable & Co., $2,061, and George Mullins, $1,060.

CHARLES NEUHAUS of 255 West 112th Street has filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,044 and no assets.

ARON GREENBERG, salesman, of 87½ St. Mark's Place, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $3,446 and no assets.

MORRIS FRANKEL, paper box maker, of 155 East 106th Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $727 and no assets.

N. BERGER & BROTHERS, manufacturers of furs at 141 West Thirty-sixth Street, have made a settlement with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar, and Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition filed on Dec. 28.

GAETANO BUONOCORE.—Judge Mayer has appointed William Bondy receiver for Gaetano Buonocore, who did business as G. Buonocore & Co., importers of Italian products, at 282 Washington Street.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Alloway, Henry—C. A. Scheicher, $1,811.
Arnham, Philip E.—J. Yabrouda, $113.
Arns, Henry—S. Tullman, $348.
Breyfogle, John W.—P. P. Breyfogle, costs, $403.
Boyer, Isidore—Swift & Co., $106.
Block, Benjamin—J. P. Ruyl, $168.
Bertle, Helen H.—J. H. Browne, $537.
Chapman, Bernard—Manhattan Leasing Co., $150.
Cohen, Max—R. Isear, $131.
Cornelius, Thomas T.—H. E. Taylor & Co., $347.
Collins, Chas. G.—St. Regis Hotel Co., $197.
Callan, Matthew A.—Stern Bros., $199.
Cantwell, Wm. W., and Ellis B. Southworth—T. P. McKenna, $519.
Denebonde, Jeanne V.—R. Thedford, $133.
Davidson, Manuel—S. Wechsler, $187.
Drukker, Joseph S.—M. Scott, $2,800.
Duncan, Henry S.—J. Martin, $151.
Ehrman, Robert E., and Francis H. Kimball—J. E. E. McDonald, $2,085.
Donohue, Thomas F.—S. E. Fitchett et al., $1,372.
Decker, Mary L.—B. A. Booth, $123.
D'Angelo, Antonio—Joseph Balbin Co., costs, $3,057.
Same—T. F. McLaughlin, $280.
Finkelstein, Hermen—J. Brand et al., $118.
Finkelstein, Adolph—S. Berenson, $410.
Flanagan, Thomas, J., President, and John J. Crimmins, Secretary and Treasurer—M. Van Nordan, $102.
Fusco, Louis—M. Morser, $144.
Frawley, Patrick J.—Axelrod & Feinberg, Inc., $282.
Garnsye, Everett N.—E. F. Garnsey, $14,930.
Fr'Sachs, John C.—United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co., $4,064.
Gardner, John N.—Marsellus, Pitt & Co., $509.
Goldstein, Max—Nassau Iron Works, $144.
Goldstone, Herman A.—A. Greenebaum, $131.
Hose, Bert J.—Brunsene Co., $314.
Harris, Herman—National Veneer Products Co., $292.
Hartman, Roger J.—E. C. Worden, $564.
Handler, Morris—J. Schulman, $813.
House, Jean—A. A. Kohn, $115.
Harris, Joseph—E. Cohen, $182.
Hall, Adeline K. and John B. Riley—Merchant National Bank of Pittsburgh, N. Y., $3,396.
Jacobs, Morris, and Morris Tarnow—I. Goldwin, $193.
Kahn, Adolph, and Adolph Gluck—M. We'ngarten, $219.
Keiper, Frank—Swift & Co., $271.
King, Stephen T.—Sewall, $1,107.
Kayzan, Rose C. L. Greenbaum, $218.
A. & J. Walter Co., Inc., Frank Sibenaler, August Walter, and Joseph Walter—R. Buxbaum, $792.
Laradas, Inc.—Washington Bulkley, Inc., $223.
Stockton Supply Co., the Boone Construction Co., and Charles B. Helfrich—E. W. McClave & Son, Inc., $4,386.

In Bronx County.

Anderson, Matthew—E. A. Whitfield, $408.
Bellick, Morris—Perlman & Goldsmith Co., $99.
Carter, Louis P., and Mary Cartier—R. Klein, $96.
Co-Free Realty Co.—Weinstein Bros., Inc., $1,342.
Casalaro, Salvatore—A. S. Hoyd et al., $103.
Dimenna, Michael—F. M. Tench, $362.
Enteen, Joseph—A. Hess et al., $128.
Fasany, Angelo—A. S. Hoyd, $222.
Fund, Abraham D.—United Dressed Beef Co. of N. Y., $813.
Larsen, Eli—Randall, Leopold & Co., $85.
Lo Monte, Giuseppina, and Alfonso Lo Monte—Construction Material and Coal Co. $190.
Minsker Young Men's Commercial Aid Association—I. Merin, $104.
Martin Tully Construction Co.—M. A. Gordon-Jennings, $5,368.
Nannery, Emma—C. B. Lawson et al., $522.
Usoskin, Edward—Funk & Wagnalls Co., $141.
Webb, Matthew — Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Co., $74.

DRY GOODS OUTLOOK.

Immediate Trade Better Than Future Delivery—New York Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, ILL., Jan. 30.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the dry goods trade, say:

"With weather conditions unfavorable to large distribution of dry goods during the greater part of January, the month is closing with shipments running about even with those of the same period a year ago.

"Immediate business is proportionately better than that for future delivery, as observed from the orders taken by our traveling representatives during the week. While merchants are buying carefully, the current sales are totalling good volume, which is apparently influencing them to cover their wants for at least business during the coming weeks.

"Business in our New York territory for the week is well ahead of that of the corresponding week in 1913."

BUSINESS NOTES.

John Simson, General Manager of the United States Worsted Company, was in this market yesterday.

W. H. Broadhead, former Superintendent of the Plainfield Woolen Company, Central Village, Conn., was in New York yesterday morning.

The first annual dinner of the Haberdashers' League will be given at the Waldorf-Astoria on Monday, Feb. 9.

The Far Western Travelers' Association will hold its meeting and dinner at the Hotel Astor on the evening of Feb. 12. It is said that several representative speakers will address the diners and also that a cabaret performance will be given.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Emil Puppel Company, men's outfitters, Pittsburgh, Penn. It is reported that the liabilities of the concern are $18,740 and that the assets consist of about $12,000. It is understood that a number of local firms are involved.

Buring & Dole, auctioneers, 7 Greene Street, will on Tuesday hold a sale of about 750 pieces of men's and women's Spring wear fabrics for a number of prominent mills and selling agents. The offerings at the sale will include worsteds, serges, mixtures, fancy suitings, coatings, diagonals, cheviots, Bedford cords, and fancy stripes.

Lawrence Heilbroner of Kaye & Einstein, manufacturing furriers, has been kept away from business for a few days by illness. However, it is expected that he will be back at his desk on Monday.

H. S. Dale, manager of the dress goods department of the H. B. Claflin Company of this city, is now on a short visit to the Sterling Mills at Bridgeport, Penn. He will be back in the market on Monday.

J. H. Tregoe, Secretary of the National Association of Credit Men, is back in his office at 41 Park Row after a week's business trip to Southern points.

Henry D. Cooper of James F. White & Co. returned to this market Thursday from a two weeks' hunting trip to South Carolina. While away Mr. Cooper made his headquarters at the Chelsea Plantation Club, Ridgeland, S. C.

The Sterling Field Club, which is made up of the employes of the dress goods department of the H. B. Claflin Company, is planning to hold a bowling tournament in the near future. It is said that the winners of the tournament held last Summer, when the club had its annual field day, will be required to bowl lefthanded if they are naturally righthanded, and vice versa, to give the less skilled members a chance at the prizes.

The following salesmen representing the Hunter Manufacturing and Commission Company of this city are now in or on their way to their respective territories: G. W. Green and H. M. Hinton cover the Southwest, W. F. Dabney will cover the South, and H. I. Trainor and J. B. Merritt will handle the business in the Middle West.

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES.

1,629 PANAMA CANAL SUPPLIES.—Sealed proposals will be received by the General Purchasing Officer, Panama Commission, Washington, D. C., until Feb. 3, for furnishing the following materials: Motor-driven air compressors, exciter sets, autotransformers, switchboard, steel rails, pressure oil distributor, agricultural plow, doors, windows, sash, and lumber, (Circular 822.) Bids will be received until Feb. 10 for supplying the following: Welding and soldering outfits, sheet-plate-bending roll, steel locker cabinets, water closets, water closet seats, curb boxes, soil pipe and fittings, wrought iron and steel pipe, pipe fittings, flowing pipes, waste pipe, sheet lead, pig lead, linoleum, linoleum cement, and brass end strips for linoleum, (Circular 823.)

1,630. DREDGING.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Flushing Bay, N. Y., will be received at the U. S. Engineer Office, Room 707, Army Building N. Y., until Feb. 20.

1,631. REPAIRS FOR PUBLIC BUILDING.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Supervising Architect, Treasury Dept., until Feb. 19, for the construction of a new inclosed stairway, additional inclosures for elevators, &c., and certain alterations at the Appraiser's Warehouse at N. Y.

1,632. PONTOONS AND PIPE LINE.—Sealed proposals for constructing and delivering pontoons and pipe line for dredge Currituck will be receiver at the U. S. Engineer Office, Norfolk, Va., until Feb. 28.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MORITZ SAFRAN, ISIDOR SAFRAN, and LEO SAFRAN, individually and as copartners engaged in business under the name and style of M. SAFRAN & SONS, Bankrupts.

Take notice that pursuant to an order duly entered in this court on the 28th day of January, 1914, the undersigned, receiver of estate of the said bankrupts, offers for sale the property described below, and will receive sealed bids therefor at the office of his attorneys, Yankauer & Davidson, 261 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 6th day of February, 1914, at four o'clock P. M. on said day, at which time and place said bids will be opened by the receiver, and creditors are invited to attend at the said time and consider the bids. The bids must be accompanied by certified check for ten per cent. of the amount thereof, the balance of the purchase price to be paid to the receiver within two days after the acceptance of the bid.

The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids, and the sale will be made subject to the approval of the court. Separate bids or a combined bid for any two or more of the parcels of property below set forth can be submitted. The property to be sold consists of the following:

PARCEL NO. 1.

All the right, title, and interest of the bankrupts and of the receiver in and to the unexpired term and certain lease of the business premises known as No. 257 Fourth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, subject to all arrears now due or which may become due under the terms of the lease, including the charges for the period during which said premises were occupied by the receiver, and also subject to all encumbrances and liens of every kind, nature, and description.

PARCEL NO. 2.

All the right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to all the portable furniture, fixtures, and equipment, including tables, chairs, linen, glassware, crockery, china, kitchen utensils, and chattels of every kind, nature, and description, except as hereinafter set forth, and also exclusive of the food supplies contained in the premises above mentioned, and excluding the cash register.

PARCEL NO. 3.

All the right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to the stock of wines, liquors, beer, food supplies, groceries, cigars, cigarettes, and tobacco contained in said premises.

The following property located in the premises above described formerly occupied by the bankrupts in the conduct of their business is not included in the above sale:

One 16 ft. range, with one broiler, and four ovens, with plate shelf, two broilers, one gas and one charcoal. One steam table with Bain Marie and kitchen table. One saucepan rack. One hood to cover ranges, broilers, and boilers. One set of coffee urns. One dish washing machine. Two dish heaters. One silver buffing machine. One cutlery renovator. One steam table outfit for lunch counter. One lunch counter, with wire enclosure extending to ceiling. One meat refrigerator. One fish refrigerator. One fruit refrigerator. One milk and butter refrigerator. One beer refrigerator. One bar refrigerator. One lot of kitchen and service sinks. One 6 ton refrigerating machine, with brine piping and coils for all refrigerators. One vegetable refrigerator.

For other or further information concerning the above entitled sale see Yankauer & Davidson, attorneys for Otto M. Sternfeld, receiver.

Dated New York, January 30th, 1914.
OTTO M. STERNFELD, Receiver.
31 Nassau Street, New York City.
YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of PERMAN & SINGER, Bankrupts. —No. 17,031.—Notice of sale at auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupts will be sold under the direction of Henry Lesser, the Trustee herein, at public auction under the rules and practice of this court, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, 539 Broadway, New York City, on February 10, 1914, at 10:30 A. M.

The property to be sold consists of certain piece goods and woolens.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of its appraised value.

New York, January 28, 1914.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Trustee, 366 Broadway, N. Y. City.

MAY INSPECT BOOKS.

Motives of a Stockholder Not Material, Court Rules.

Charter provisions to the contrary, notwithstanding, the books of any corporation doing business in New York State are open to inspection by a stockholder regardless of his motive in making the inspection, the Appellate Division ruled yesterday in dismissing the appeal of the United States Steel Corporation from an order of the Supreme Court permitting William Theile, owner of a single share of stock, from collecting the statutory penalty for its refusal to allow him to examine the books with a certified public accountant.

The corporation pleaded that a clause in its charter, limiting the rights of stockholders to inspect, was a binding contract upon every one who purchased its stock. It contended that Theile had admitted he had bought his single share of stock in order to make the inspection, and asserted that his motive in making the inspection was improper and contrary to the interests of his fellow-stockholders. The ruling of the court below that no corporation could make a contract to defeat the statutory rights of its stockholders, and that the motive of the stockholder in making an inspection under his rights was immaterial, was upheld by the Appellate Division without opinion.

Wilson Pardons Bank Cashier.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—President Wilson pardoned to-day Arthur S. French of Minneapolis, sentenced last June to five years in the penitentiary for embezzlement as cashier of the First National Bank of Ellendale, N. D. The President was shown that the bank lost no money, and that French's difficulty arose more from lack of knowledge than from any attempt to defraud. Both the United States Judge and the District Attorney in the case recommended a pardon. French has not served any of his sentence.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 30.—Forecasts:

N. C.—Rain, colder Sat. Sun., fair; colder in n. w.; mod. to brisk s. to n. w. winds.
S. C.—Ga.—Fair Sat.; colder. Sun., fair; mod. to brisk s. to n. w. winds.
Fla.—Colder, fair Sat. Sun., fair; colder in s.; mod. s. to w. winds.
Ala.—Fair, colder Sat. Sun., fair; mod. n. to n. w. winds, bec. var.
Miss.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; warmer Sun.; mod. w. winds, bec. var.
Mo.—Fair Sat.; warmer in n. w. Sun., fair, warmer; mod. n. winds, bec. var.
E. Tex.—Fair, warmer Sat. and Sun.; mod., var. winds.
W. Tex.—Fair Sat.; warmer in s. e. Sun., fair.
Utah, Neb., Kan.—Fair Sat. and Sun.
Okla.—Fair, warmer Sat. Sun., fair.
Ark.—Fair Sat. Sun., fair, warmer.
Tenn.—Clearing Sat.; colder in centre and e. Sun., fair; warmer in w.
Ky.—Snow or rain Sat. Sun., fair, warmer.
Ohio—Snow in n., snow or rain in s. Sat. Sun. prob. fair; brisk n. winds, bec. var.
Ind.—Snow in n., snow or rain in s. Sat. Sun. fair.
Ill.—Snow Sat.; fair in n. w. Sun. fair; mod. to brisk n. e. winds, bec. var.
Lower Mich.—Unsett. Sat., prob. snow in s. Sun. fair., prob. snow in n.; warmer Sun in s.; mod. to brisk winds, bec. var.
Upper Mich.—Fair, warmer Sat. Sun. unsett., prob, snow.
Wis.—Unsett. Sat., prob. snow in extr. e. Sun. fair; mod. var. winds, mostly n. e. Sat.
Minn.—Fair Sat. Sun., warmer Sat. Sun.
Iowa—Fair Sat. Sun., snow in s. e. portion. Sun. prob. fair.
Mo.—Fair Sat., snow in extr

CHURCH SERVICES TO-MORROW

Baptist.

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, W. 57th St. Rev. GEORGE F. PENTECOST, D. D. 11, "I Am Sure." 8, "Why Marvel Ye at This?"

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d St., Amsterdam Av., Rev. Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., Pastor.—Preaching by Rev. Alvah S. Hobart, D. D., 11, "Memories of Christ." 8, First in Series "Program of the Christian Life."

Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant, West 33d St., between 5th and 9th Avs., Dr. Oscar Haywood, Pastor. Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 8 West 46th St. Dr. Woelfkin, 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Bible Classes 9:40 A.M. Sunday School 9:30A.M.

HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway, 104th. —Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, 11, "A Grain of Corn." 8, "What Is a Christian?"

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AVE., COR. 31ST ST. C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor. will preach Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Union Bible Class 9:45, Rev. E. R. Eaton, Ldr.

MEMORIAL BAPTIST, Washington Square. Dr. JUDSON preaches, 11 and 8.

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, 5th Av., Near 127th St., Rev. J. HERMAN RANDALL, D. D. 11 A.M.—"THE REALITY OF GOD." 8 P.M.—HAYDN'S ORATORIO, "The Creation."

SOLOISTS: Miss Marie Stoddart, Soprano; Mr. Chas. W. Harrison, Tenor; Mr. Wilfred Glenn, Basso; Mr. Alfred Y. Cornell, Choirmaster. Prof. Overstreet speaks in "Christian Unity" Series.

WASHINGTON HTS. BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av. Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D., Minister. 11 A. M., "His Hand to the Plow." 8 P. M.—"The Man Who Sold His Shadow."

Christian Science.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.

First Church, Central Park West & 96th St. Second Church, Central Park West & 68th St. Third Church, 125th Street and Madison Av. Fourth Church, 600 West 181st Street. Fifth Church, Madison Avenue & 38th Street.

Church of the New Jerusalem,

NEW CHURCH, 35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs. Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor. Sunday School, 10 A. M.; Holy Communion, 10:15 A. M. Service at 11 A. M., the Pastor will preach. Subject: "THE TEMPTATIONS OF MIDDLE LIFE."

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th Street. Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. 8 P. M., "Christianity and Science." Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

MANHATTAN CHURCH, Broadway, 76th St. Dr. STIMSON, Pastor. Services 11 and 8.

Disciples of Christ (Christian).

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St.—Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D., Pastor, 11 A. M., "What Jesus Taught Concerning Money." 8 P. M., Hon. Z. T. Sweeney: "A Visit to Russia."

Ethical Culture.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE. Founded 1876. Meeting House, Central Park West & 64th St. 11 A. M.—Mr. PERCIVAL CHUBB, Speaker, Subject: "Mis-Education and the Way Out." 8 P. M.—Mr. A. W. MARTIN, Speaker, Subject: "The Origin of Christianity."

Jewish.

BETH-EL TEMPLE, Fifth Av. and 76th St., REV. DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN SUNDAY MORNING AT 11. "The Need of Jewish Self-Criticism."

FREE SYNAGOGUE, CARNEGIE HALL: SUNDAY AT 11, MARY ANTIN: "WHO IS THE TRUE AMERICAN?" ALL ARE WELCOME.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, 5th Av. and 43d St. Sat., 10:30 A. M., sermon by Dr. Silverman, "The Value of Public Worship." Sunday, 11:15 A. M., sermon by Dr. Clifton H. Levy, "Moral Efficiency." Mon., 11 A. M., sharp, lecture by Dr. Enelow, Solomon Ibn Gabirol, Poet and Mystic. All are welcome.

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d St. Wm. M. Horn, Pastor. Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School 9:30 A. M.

ST. JAMES'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av., 73d, Dr. Remensnyder.—Services 11, 8.

Methodist Episcopal.

GRACE, 104, nr. Col.—Christian F. Reisner. 11—Rev. G. P. Eckman, D. D., preaches. 7:45—Talks by J. Callahan's Co. of converts.

HEDDING CHURCH, 337 E. 17th St., Dr. W. H. Wood, Pastor. 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON AVE. M. E. CHURCH, Corner 60th Street. Rev. CHARLES L. MEAD, D. D., Minister. 11 A. M., preaching by Rev. M. L. Robinson, followed by Holy Communion. 8 P. M.—Preaching by Rev. Thomas F. Donohugh. Strangers welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S. 76th St. West of Columbus. WALLACE H. FINCH, D. D., Minister. 11 A. M., "A Futile Desire." 8 P. M., "The Man Who Was Convinced." A GOSPEL SONG SERVICE.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH, West End Avenue and 86th Street. C. L. GOODELL, D. D., PASTOR. 11 A. M., "Christ and The Church." 8 P. M., "What Shall I Do on Sunday?"

UNION M. E. CHURCH, 48th St., west of Broadway.—J. Lewis Hartsock, Minister. 11 A. M., Holy Communion. 8 P. M., Quartettes, Drew Theological Seminary. Speaking and singing.

New Thought.

BERKELEY THEATRE, 44th St. & 5th Ave. MARY E. T. CHAPIN. 11 A. M.—"MARRIAGE." 8 P. M.—Studio, same bldg., an Address.

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST. Princess Theatre, West 39th St., near 6th Av. Speaker, REV. DR. W. JOHN MURRAY. SUBJECT: "Where Is Hell?" Service 11 A. M.

Happiness Talks, Wednesdays, at three. Margaret Cutting Ives. 60 West Tenth St. No charge.

MR. WILLIAM JOHN MURRAY WILL conduct a service of the "Victorious Faith" at 5:00 P. M. Sunday afternoon at St. Mark's in-the-Bouwerie, 10th St. and 2d Av.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 5 West 58th St., Sunday, 11 A. M.; Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker, W. Ellis Williams. Public invited.

SWAMI ABHEDANANDA, Carnegie Chapter Hall, 57th St. Sunday Evenings, 8:15. "Life After Death."

THE NEW THOUGHT CHURCH, Sundays, 11 A. M. F. W. Sears, Speaker. New Aeolian Hall, 33 West 43d St. Finest Pipe Organ in the World. Organ Recital and Sacred Concert 10:30 A. M. YOU are welcome. Reserved Seats. Free Seats.

THE NEW THOUGHT CHURCH. Speaker, Dr. JULIA SETON SEARS. Sundays, 11:15 A. M., 48th St. Theatre.

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 114th St. and Broadway. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Preparatory service Wednesday next, 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, WEST 57TH ST., bet. B'way and 7TH AV., Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor. will preach at 11 A. M. COMMUNION AT 4:30 P. M. Sabbath School at 9:45 A. M. Young Men's Bible Class at 10 A. M. Devotional Service Wednesday at 8 P. M. ALL WELCOME.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Av. and Fifty-fifth St. Preacher To-morrow, The Rev. J. H. JOWETT, D. D. Services at 11 A. M. and at 4:30 P. M. Offering for Assembly's College Board. The midweek service in the Chapel on Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. will be conducted by Dr. Jowett.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St. EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor. 11, Sacrament of the Lord's Supper. 8, Rev. P. Elwood Erickson, M. A.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast Corner of 73d St. Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Avenue and 24th Street. Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor. Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister. The pastor will preach 11 A. M., Mr. Montgomery 8 P. M. Adults' Bible Class, 10 A. M.

Presbyterian.

NEW YORK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 128th St. and 7th Av. 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., Rev. GEORGE W. ARENS, Jr.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

FIFTH AVENUE—ELEVENTH STREET.

HOWARD DUFFIELD, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BROADWAY AND 73D STREET. Rev. JOHN DOUGLAS ADAM, D. D., Preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Topic for the Evening Sermon will be SOME ELEMENTS IN THE CHRISTIAN CONTRIBUTION TO SOCIAL PROGRESS.

THE BRICK CHURCH. Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. Ministers { William Pierson Merrill. Frank Latimer Janeway. Mr. Janeway will preach at eleven and at four o'clock. Bible School and Classes, 9:40 and 10 o'clock. Midweek Service, Wednesday at 8:15 P. M. SERVICE OF PRAYER AND SONG every weekday, 12:30-12:50.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.—Service in the Chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher—the Rev. Prof. ERNEST F. SCOTT, D. D. The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, Broadway at 120th St. PUBLIC lectures on "THE BEGINNINGS OF THE CHURCH," by the Rev. Prof. ERNEST F. SCOTT, D. D., of Queen's University, Kingston, Canada. Monday, Feb. 2, "Jesus as Lord"; Wednesday, Feb. 4, "Life in the Primitive Community"; Friday, Feb. 6, Baptism, at 5 o'clock.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN Church, Corner 10th St.—Rev. George Alexander, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. Communion at 4 P. M.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN, Amsterdam at 105th. REV. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., will preach at both services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Subject, 8 P. M.: "Your GREATEST DANGER is not from OPEN ENEMIES; it is from TAINTED FRIENDS."

SOME ELEMENTS IN THE CHRISTIAN CONTRIBUTION TO SOCIAL PROGRESS Rev. JOHN DOUGLAS ADAM, D. D., will give the Second Sermon of the series on the above topic in the RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, BROADWAY AND 73D STREET, On SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 1st, at 8 o'clock.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86th St. and Amsterdam Av. Rev. Anson F. Atterbury, D. D., } Pastors. Rev. Anthony H. Evans, D. D., } Dr. ATTERBURY preaches at 11 A. M. Dr. EVANS at 8 P. M.

Fort Washington Presbyterian Church, 174th St., near Broadway. The Rev. DANIEL HOFFMAN MARTIN, D. D., will preach 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, Amsterdam Av. and 111th St. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 10 A. M.—Morning Prayer. 11 A. M.—Preacher, Rev. Dickinson E. Miller, D. D. 4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. Wm. Cabell Brown, D. D. 4:30 P. M.—Choral Service daily, except Monday and Saturday.

ALL ANGELS CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st, the Rev. S. DE LANCEY TOWNSEND, D. D., Rector.—Holy Communion 8 A. M. Holy Communion and Sermon by the Rector at 11 A. M. Choral Evensong at 4 P. M. Strangers welcome.

ALL SOULS' CHURCH, Anthon Memorial, St. Nicholas Av. and 115th St.—Rev. George Starkweather Pratt, Rector. Serv. 8, 11 & 8.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D.D., Rector. Low Masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9. Solemn Mass and Sermon, (Rector,) 10:45. Vespers and Procession at 4.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST, Fifth Ave. above 45th St. Rev. Herbert Shipman, Rector. 8 A. M., Holy Communion. 11 A. M., Morning Service, Sermon, Rector. 8 P. M., Evening Service, with Sermon.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION, 6th Ave. and 20th St. ALWAYS OPEN AND FREE TO ALL. REV. HENRY MOTTET, D. D., Rector. 8—Holy Communion. 11—The Rector. 12—Holy Communion. 4—Children's Service. 8—Italian Service. 8—Rev. Samuel Neal Kent.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, MADISON AV. AND 35TH ST. REV. H. C. ROBBINS, RECTOR. 8 and 9:50, Holy Communion. 11, Litany, Holy Communion, Sermon, (Rector.) 4 P. M., Evening Prayer, address, Rector.

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION, Dr. Houghton, Rector. Communions: 7, 8, 9 A. M. CALKIN'S MASS and SERMON by Very Rev. DEAN ROBBINS, 10:30. CHORAL EVENSONG, 4 o'clock. SERMON at 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY, 334 West 57th Street. Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L. Holy Communion ..... 8 A. M. Morning Prayer ..... 10 A. M. Litany; Holy Communion; Preacher, The Rector ..... 11 A. M. Special Musical Service ..... 8 P. M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 East 27th. Services: Demain, 10:30 et 8. Rev. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Dr. SLATTERY, Rector, 8; and 11 (Rector). 4 (Rev. Mr. Groton); 8 (Rev. Mr. Edwards.)

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH, Madison Av., at 44th St. 8:30 A. M., Holy Communion. 11 A. M., Morning Service and Holy Communion. The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., will preach. 4 P. M. Evening Prayer and Address. Preacher, Rev. S. N. Usher.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH is on 16th Street, east of Third Avenue. Services at 8, 11, and 8. ALL SEATS FREE.

ST. MARK'S IN-THE-BOUWERIE, Tenth Street and Second Avenue, WM. NORMAN GUTHRIE, Rector. Services, 8:00, 10:00, 10:30, 11:00 A. M., 4:00, 5:00, 8:00, 9:00 P. M. 8 P. M., Farewell service by Rev. Irwin Tucker.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH, Madison Avenue and 71st Street. Holy Communion, 8. Sunday School, 9:45. Morning Service, (Bishop COURTNEY,) 11. Afternoon Service, (Rev. N. P. CAREY,) 4.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, 26 West 84th St., Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, Rector.—Services, 8, 11 A. M.; 8 P. M.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 69th St., near Broadway. Rev. Dr. Seagle, Rector, 8, 11, 4.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH, Fifth Av. and 53d St., Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector. 8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11—Morning Service and Sermon. (Rector.) 4—Evensong and address. (Rector.) 8 P. M.—Hour of Organ Music.

THE ASCENSION, 5TH AV. & 10TH ST. Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, Rector. 11, Rector. 4, Handel's "The Messiah." 8, Dr. Hourwich, "Protocol."

TRINITY CHURCH.

Sunday Services: 7 and 7:30 A. M., Holy Communion. 9 A. M., Children's Eucharist. 10:15 A. M., Morning Prayer. 11:00 A. M., Sermon and Holy Communion. 3:30 P. M., Evensong and Sermon. 8 P. M., Shortened Evensong and Sermon.

Weekday Services: 7:30, 9 A. M., 5 P. M. Short service for business people daily, (except Saturday,) at 12 M.

CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.

Reformed.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 2d Ave. and 7th St. Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M.; Rev. Charles P. Tinker at 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH, 5th Ave. and 29th St. Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach. 11 A. M.—"At the Ninth Hour." 8 P. M.—"The Oldest Endeavorer."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS, 5th Ave. and 48th St. Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Church School and Bible Classes, 9:45 A. M. Quartet accompanied by Organ, Harp and Violin.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH, West End Ave. and 77th St. Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. At 4:30 P. M. subject: "The Escape from Despondency." (A lesson from Elijah.) Selections from Mendelssohn's "Elijah." Hans Kronold, 'Cellist.

Reformed.

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av. and 54th St.—Rev. J. R. Duryee, D. D., Minister, will officiate. Services 11 and 8 o'clock.

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH, Madison Av., corner of 57th St. 11 A. M., Rev. LYMAN ABBOTT, D. D. 4:30 P. M., Rev. G. A. JOHNSTON ROSS, D.D.

REFORMED CHURCH OF HARLEM, Lenox Av. and 123d St. Rev. EDGAR TILTON, Jr., D. D., Minister. 11 A. M.—Communion and reception of new members. 8 P. M.—Musical service, "Stabat Mater."

Reformed Episcopal.

FIRST REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH, 55th St. and Madison Av., W. D. Stevens, D. D., rector. Services, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.)—Meetings for worship at 11 o'clock, 144 East 20th St., New York, and Lafayette and Washington Avs., Brooklyn.

Spiritualist.

FIRST GERMAN SPIRITUALIST CHURCH. Services in English. Sundays, 8 P. M. Good speaker and psychics. Admission free. Pabst Grand Circle, 50th & Columbus Circle.

New York State Association of Spiritualists. Grand Mass Meeting Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Feb. 6, 7, 8, Pabst Grand Circle, 59th and Columbus Circle. Visitors—Dr. Warne, Chicago; Mrs. Kates, Washington; President Savage, East Aurora; Miss Cottrell, rapping medium. Obtain programme.

PSYCHOLOGICAL RESEARCH SOCIETY, Spiritualistic Meetings, Tuxedo Bldg., 59th & Madison Ave., every Sunday 3 & 8 P. M., Mondays & Thursdays, 8 P. M. CHRISTENSEN, Danish Trance Psychic. Investigators, Sceptics and Christian friends all welcome.

Theosophy.

THEOSOPHICAL HEADQUARTERS, 2,228 Broadway, 79th St., to-morrow evening promptly, 8:15. Subject: "Yoga," by Mrs. Emily Welton. Admission free. Strangers welcome.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS' (UNITARIAN,) Fourth Avenue and 20th Street. Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Minister. Rev. WM. L. SULLIVAN Associate Minister. Mr. SULLIVAN will preach. Subject: "RELIGION AS A SOURCE OF STRENGTH." Services at 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH, (Unitarian,) Park Av. and 34th St. JOHN HAYNES HOLMES, Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. Subject: "GOD AND THE PROBLEM OF EVIL." (I.) Fourth in a series on "SOME VEXING THEOLOGICAL PROBLEMS OF OUR DAY."

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH, corner 121st St. Services at eleven. "THE NEW NATURE." Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D., minister.

Universalist.

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY, Central Park West and 76th Street. Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor. preaches 11 A. M., "WHY GO TO CHURCH AT ALL?" 4:30 P. M., Gaul's Cantata, "Israel in the Wilderness."

Y. M. C. A.

EXCUSE ME! Motion Pictures and Address by Nehemiah Boynton, West Side Y. M. C. A., 57th Street and 8th Ave., 4 P. M.

Other Services.

A LECTURE BASED ON BIBLE PROPHECY, 7:45 P. M.: "Will Religious Persecutions Be Revived in Our Time?" Prof. C. T. Everson. Heights Lecture Hall, 161st St. and Audubon Av.

ANGLO-ISRAEL STUDENTS meeting for organization Saturday, eight P. M. Come and join. 151 West 125th.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 8th Av. and 44th St., Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor.—Sunday, 10:30 A. M., preaching by the pastor; 7:45 P. M., Rev. J. Hudson Ballard. Subject: "What Does It Mean to be a Christian?"

HENRY FRANK. Schuyler Theatre, B'way, 82d St. Sun., 11: "Man, Master of Destiny." Prolog: "Mexico."

SPIRITUAL AND ETHICAL SOCIETY, 142 West 125th St.—Mr. Wellman C. Whitney, inspirational speaker and psychic, morning and evening.

THE DAILY TEMPLE, 32d St., between Park and Madison Avs. Henry Frank, "The Ending of the Old Cycle—Coming Events of the New." Miss Knopf, "Meaning of the Daily Temple."

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 135 W. 80th.—Swami Bodhananda, "The Goal: How to Reach It." 8 P. M. "Immortality: How to Attain It." 8 P. M.

BROOKLYN

Congregational.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, Orange St.; Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Morning subject, "What a Patriot Owes to the Church in a Republic." Evening subject, "How Feudalism Carried the People Through the Dark Ages, and the Ideals of Feudalism as Presented by Tennyson in the 'Idylls of the King.'"

Presbyterian.

LAFAYETTE AVE., BROOKLYN, Cor. So. Oxford. (3 blocks from Subway Terminal.) The Rev. Charles Carroll Albertson, D. D. The Rev. James Forsyth Riggs, Jr., A. M. Ministers. Dr. Albertson will speak at 10:30 and 7:45

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 E. 16th St., Manhattan, & 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Unitarian.

CHURCH OF THE SAVIOUR (Unitarian,' Pierrepont and Monroe Pl., Brooklyn, 8 blocks from Borough Hall Subway Station. Rev. JOHN H. LATHROP. Service at 11.

Y. M. C. A.

DR. S. PARKES CADMAN. Free address to men; questions answered. Music by OLD NEW ENGLAND CHOIR. Sunday, 3:30 P. M., men only, free. Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A., Bedford Av. and Monroe St., Brooklyn.

Transpacific Mails

Hawaii, Guam & Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport ..... Jan. 31
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except west,) via San Francisco—Ventura ..... Feb. 5
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Yokohama Maru ..... Feb. 5
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Willamina ..... Mar. 10
Gneisenau ..... Mar. 12
†‡Kr. Wilhelm der Grosse. Mar. 17
‡Sails at 1 A. M.
Steamers marked (*) indicate One Cabin (II.) to Bremen direct.—(†) Carries no Second Cabin.

Baltimore-Bremen direct. One Cabin (II.); Wednesdays.

Sailings on SATURDAY for THE MEDITERRANEAN
Princess Irene ..... Feb. 14
Koenig Albert ..... Feb. 28
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Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Dec. 30: Yokohama, Jan. 10, and Honolulu, Jan. 20—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer China, were dispatched east at 10:20 A. M. Jan. 27, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, Jan. 31.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Melbourne, Jan. 1 and 9; Sydney, Jan. 2 and 10; Auckland, Jan. 6; Wellington, Jan. 7, and Honolulu, Jan. 23—which arrived at San Francisco per steamers Tahiti and Ventura, were dispatched east at 6 P. M. Jan. 29, and are due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, Feb. 3.

IT HAPPENED IN EGYPT
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SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac For To-day.

Sun rises..7:12|Sun sets..5:16|Moon sets..10:44

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:54	11:23	4:52	5:06
Governors Island	11:08	11:40	5:31	5:43
Hell Gate	12:33	1:30	7:11	7:23

Arrived—Friday, Jan. 30.

SS Bayamo, Puerto Mexico, Jan. 23.
SS Lorenzo, Porto Rico, Jan. 24.
SS Ancon, Colon, Jan. 23.
SS Kentucky, Philadelphia, Jan. 29.
SS El Rio, Galveston, Jan. 24.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah, Jan. 27.
SS Panaman, Philadelphia, Jan. 29.
SS Grayson, San Juan, Jan. 21.
SS Elg, Santiago, Jan. 20.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Philadelphia	Southampton	Jan. 24
Calabria	Naples	Jan. 12
Esperanza	Havana	Jan. 27
France	Havre	Jan. 24
Tonawanda	Sunderland	Jan. 14
New York City	Swansea	Jan. 15
Advance	Cristobal	Jan. 24
Alamo	Galveston	Jan. 24
Lenape	Jacksonville	Jan. 28

DUE TO-MORROW.

Carmania	Liverpool	Jan. 23
Caledonia	Glasgow	Jan. 12
Cymric	Liverpool	Jan. 24
Jan Van Nassau	Haiti	Jan. 26
Thespis	Barbados	Jan. 24
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Jan. 29
Colombo	Lisbon	Jan. 18

DUE MONDAY.

Martha Washington	Palermo	Jan. 21
President Grant	Southampton	Jan. 23
Saxonia	Gibraltar	Jan. 22
Finland	Antwerp	Jan. 24
Potsdam	Rotterdam	Jan. 24
Bayamon	San Juan	Jan. 27
Suriname	Puerto Barrios	Jan. 22
Prinz Sigismund	Port Morant	Jan. 28
Vigilancia	Santiago	Jan. 27
Stephano	St. Johns	Jan. 28
Bermudian	Bermuda	Jan. 31
Mesaba	London	Jan. 22
Brazos	San Juan	Jan. 28
El Mundo	Galveston	Jan. 27
Momus	New Orleans	Jan. 22

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
*G. Washington, Bremen		1:00 A.M.
Caronia, Madeira	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Berlin, Gibraltar	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Pretoria, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Oruba, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Camaguey, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Siam, Argentina	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Eastern Prince, Baltic	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Oscar II., Copenhagen	———	12:00 M.
California, Glasgow	———	3:00 P.M.
Rochambeau, Havre	———	11:00 A.M.
Stampalia, Naples	———	3:00 P.M.
Sant' Anna, Naples	———	10:00 A.M.
Minnetonka, London	———	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	12:00 M.
Grayson, San Juan	———	3:00 P.M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	———	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Antilles, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	———	8:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	———	
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	———	2:00 P.M.
Laurentic, Havana	———	9:00 A.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

*Rotterdam, Madeira	———	1:00 A.M.
Princess Anne, Norfolk	———	8:00 P.M.
*Mail closes 10 P. M. Sunday.		

SAIL TUESDAY.

Mayaro, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Strathroy, Rio Janeiro	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Kingston, Jamaica	———	10:00 A.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	8:00 P.M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS St. Louis, at Southampton, Jan. 30.
SS Satsuma, at St. Michaels, Jan. 29.
SS Bermudian, at Bermuda, Jan. 29.
SS Sirius, at London, Jan. 30.
SS Laconia, at Madeira, Jan. 30.
SS Caroline, at Havre, Jan. 28.
SS Huberfels, at Adelaide, Jan. 23.
SS Lapland, at Antwerp, Jan. 30.
SS Sieglinde, at Cabadello, Jan. 26.
SS Carl Schurz, at Santiago de Cuba, Jan. 29.
SS Burg, Hochmann, at Aibay, Jan. 30.
SS Kursk, at Libau, Jan. 24.
SS President Lincoln, at Hamburg, Jan. 30.

Sailed.

SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, from Southampton, Jan. 30.
SS Megantic, from Queenstown, Jan. 30.
SS Prinzess Irene, from Messina, Jan. 29.
SS Cuthbert, from Montevideo, Jan. 27.
SS Courtfield, from Port Natal, Jan. 21.
SS Europa, from Naples, Jan. 29.
SS Venezia, from Palermo, Jan. 29.
SS Adriatic, from Alexandria, Jan. 30.

Passed.

SS Appalaches, New York for London, passed Prawle Point.
SS Hornland, New York for Hamburg, passed Prawle Point.
SS Afghan Prince, New York for Manila, passed Malta.
SS Ruferia, New York for Genoa, passed Gibraltar.
SS Pennsylvania, New York for Copenhagen, passed Butt of Lewis.
SS Scharnhorst, New York for Bremen, passed Brow Head.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JAN. 30.

SS France, Havre to New York, was 290 miles E. at 6 A. M.; due 31st, forenoon. French Line.
SS Carmania, Liverpool to New York, was 745 miles E. at 9:07 P. M.; due Feb. 1, afternoon. Cunard Line.
SS President Grant, Hamburg to New York, was 1,000 miles E. at 7:30 A. M.; due Feb. 2, afternoon. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Czar, Libau to New York, was 1,186 miles E. at 1 P. M.; due Feb. 3, forenoon. Russian-American Line.
SS Philadelphia, Southampton to New York, was 446 miles E. at 4 P. M.; due 31st, late. American Line.
SS Finland, Antwerp to New York, was 1,383 miles E. at 5:30 P. M.; due Feb. 3, afternoon. Red Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Advance, Cristobal to New York, was 237 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 439 miles S. at noon.
SS Vestris, Buenos Aires to New York, was 516 miles S. E. at 8 P. M.
SS Alamo, Galveston to New York, was 62 miles S. at 6 P. M.
SS Brazos, Galveston to New York, was 682 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Dakotan, Puerto Mexico to New York, passed Jupiter at 5:45 P. M.
SS Calamares, Port Limon to New York, was 120 miles S. W. of Havana at 8 P. M.
SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 97 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Comanche, Galveston to New York, was 22 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Denver, Galveston to New York, was 50 miles W. of Tortugas at 7 P. M.
SS El Norte Galveston to New York, was 375 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.
SS Nelson, New Orleans to New York, was 25 miles W. of South West Pass at 7 P. M.
SS Curityba, Nipe Bay to New York, was 65 miles S. at noon.
SS Suriname, Puerto Barrios to New York, was 707 miles S. at noon.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, passed Diamond Shoals at 6:30 A. M.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

"OLYMPIC"
FEBRUARY 4 12 NOON
FOR LONDON PARIS VIA PLYMOUTH CHERBOURG SOUTHAMPTON
MAR. 4
MAR. 28
APR. 18
MAY. 9
MAY. 30
JUNE. 20
WHITE STAR LINE
9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
London—Paris—Bremen
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm..Feb. 17
†Kronprinzessin Cecilie..Feb. 21
Barbarossa ..... Feb. 26
†Kaiser Wilhelm II. ..... Mar. 10
‡Gneisenau ..... Mar. 12
†‡Kr. Wilhelm der Grosse. Mar. 17
‡Sails at 1 A. M.
Steamers marked (*) indicate One Cabin (II.) to Bremen direct.—(†) Carries no Second Cabin.
Baltimore-Bremen direct. One Cabin (II.); Wednesdays.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

G. L. Fake of Rutherford, N. J., admitted to practice.

215—Atl. Transport Co. of W. Va., petnr., vs. F. Imbrovek; and 216—Same vs. Maryland, to the use of Mary Szcesek, widow, &c. —Argument concluded for the respondent.

217—Anna Hawley, pl'ff, in error, vs. J. W. Walker, Constable, &c.—Argument concluded for the pl'ff in error.

223—Wadley Southern Ry. Co., pl'ff in error, vs. Georgia.—Argument concluded for the pl'ff in error.

224—Susan J. Taylor, administratrix, &c., pl'ff in error, vs. S. E. Taylor.—Argued for the pl'ff in error. No brief filed for the defendant in error.

Adjourned until Feb. 2. No call mentioned.

STATE.

Appellate Division.

These decisions announced yesterday:

Emma M. Fischer, respt., v. Wm. A. Moore, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

Fred Christ, respt., v. Geo. W. Linch as rec., &c., applt.—Same.

Constantino Lapreta, applt., v. John T. Brady & Co., respt.—Same.

E. Louis Jacobs, applt., v. Jacob C. Weeks et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

John Stankina, applt., v. Pauline S. Rapp et al., &c., impleaded, respts.—Same. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.)

Philipp J. Reinle, applt., v. Charles B. Fritz et al., respts.—Same.

Sarah E. Carlough, as admx., &c., applt., v. Conforti Excavating & Found. Co., respdt. —Same.

Louis Abramovitz, respt., v. Jack Sternglass et al., applts.—Same.

James F. Duffy, applt., v. Lancelot M. Berkeley, respt.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs. Final judgment modified as indicated in opinion and as modified affirmed, without costs to either party in this court. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Elliot Lewis, respt., v. William Necker, appellt.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs.

In the matter of Howard K. Gilman, decd.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

Mayer Hauptmann as admr., &c., respt., v. N. Y. Edison Co., applt.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appel. to abide event. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Tessie Scoropojeck, respt., vs. Henry C. Bohack, applt.—Judgment and order affirmed with costs. No opinion. Ingraham, P. J., and McLaughlin, J., dissent on ground stated in memo.

McKinley Realty & Construction Co., applt., vs. Lucius H. Beers et al., respts.—Judgment affirmed with costs.

Margaret McNamara as admx., &c., applt., vs. Thomas Farrell, respt.—Judgment and order affirmed with costs.

John R. Davidson et al., respts. vs. Grace H. Howell, applt.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. (Ingraham, P. J., dissenting.) Dissenting opinion by Ingraham, P. J.

People, &c., respt. vs. William Holmes, applt.—Judgment affirmed.

Chas. Williams, applt., vs. City of N. Y., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Walter Althause, respt., vs. U. S. Steel Corp. applt.; Same vs. Richard Trimble; William Theile vs. U. S. Steel Corp.; Same vs. Richard Trimble. Determinations affirmed with costs.

Frederick R. Caspers, respt. vs. James Ryan et al., applts.—Judgment and order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Dissenting opinion by Laughlin, J.

Wm. E. Mowbray, applt. vs. Harriet De Forest as Ancillary Excx., &c., impleaded, &c., respt.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements.

Regina Kupferstein as Admx., &c. respt. vs. Richard E. Heninghaus, impleaded, &c., applt.—Order reversed with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied with $10 costs on the authority of Griffin vs. Cunard S. S. Co., decided in this Court Dec. 5, 1913, not yet reported.

Wm. R. Ferguson, respt. vs. Wm. M. Barrett as Pres. &c., applt.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements.

James H. Brush, respt. vs. John Farson et al., applts.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements.

John B. Gray, applt. vs. Justine S. Gray, respt.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements.

Benj. P. Ducas, applt. vs. Chas. E. Levy et al., respts.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements.

In re Felix O'Neill, appellant, vs. Waldo as Police Commissioner, &c., respondent.—Order affirmed with $10 costs and disbursements.

Thomas W. Merrill, respondent, vs. Joseph M. Dodd, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion to vacate order denied, with $10 costs; the date for the examination to be fixed by the order. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Yorkshire Ice Co., appellant, vs. Charles H. McLaughlin, impld., &c., respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Julian Mikszan, respondent, vs. Jacobs & Brother, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied with $10 costs. Opinion per curiam.

Oscar Hammerstein, appellant, vs. Florencio Constantino, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements.

Inglis M. Upperou, respondent, vs. Harry M. Stevens and others, appellants.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion denied with $10 costs. Opinion per curiam.

The People, &c., vs. Joseph Murphy.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted unless appellant comply with terms stated in order.

People, &c., vs. J. A. Lindsay.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted.

People, &c., vs. Gus Leventhal.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted unless appellant comply with terms stated in order.

People, &c., vs. Samuel Inquinto—Same.

People, &c., vs. Giuseppe Adrogona and Francis Clarke.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted.

People, &c., vs. Jacob Davis, alias, &c.—Same.

People, &c., vs. Gustav Borchard.—Same.

People, &c., vs. 14th St. Store, a corp.—Same.

People, &c., vs. Jacob Brodie.—Same.

People, &c., vs. Giuseppe Adrogona and Dominick Fussaro.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted unless appel. comply with terms stated in order.

Same vs. same.—Same.

People ex rel. Arthur B. Luther vs. Owen A. Garnsey, as Presdt.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

Alice M. Carroll, as admx., vs. Penn. Steel Co.—Same.

In re Lawrence Odell, deceased.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs, unless appel. comply with terms stated in order.

People ex rel. Isidor Weiss vs. Philip Bernstein Sick and Benefit Society.—Same.

In re Richard Krause, an atty.—Motion denied and proceedings remitted to take proof offered by the petnr. and resp.. Settle order on notice.

Elmer M. Kimbark vs. Waldemar Co. et al.; same vs. same.—Motions to dismiss appeals granted, with $10 costs, unless appel. comply with terms stated in orders. Orders filed.

John B. Gray vs. Justine S. Gray.—Same.

Mechanics' Bank and Trust Co. vs. Edmund K. Stallo, impld.—Motion to dismiss appeal granted, with $10 costs.

Camille Morel vs. August Peschmanns.—Application denied with $10 costs. Motion for stay denied, with $10 costs.

Richard A. Springs et al. vs. Palmer L. Corker.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Hermia Delosey vs. Henry S. Savage, &c.—Same.

Curtis Blaisdell Co. vs. G. W. Lederer.—Same.

Chas. McChapman vs. Geo. R. Read & Co. —Same.

Joseph Kanobrocki vs. Chrome Steel Wks. —Same.

Peter Minakaki vs. Florenco Guernsey.—Same.

28 St. & 7 Av. Realty Co. vs. Samuel Hirsch et al.—Same.

G. Ludwig Baumann et al. vs. Edmond F. Rowan.—Same.

August Rosenberg vs. The Travelers' Ins. Co.—Same.

Onward Const. Co. vs. Frances M. Harris. —Same.

Louis Levien Cut Glass Co. vs. Louis Hinsberger.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Motion for stay denied, with $10 costs.

Lillian Brooks vs. Frans O. Bjerken.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Am. Bonding Co. vs. Walter F. Duckworth et al.—Same.

M. H. Levy & Co., Inc., vs. Henry Davidson.—Same.

C. F. Garrigues vs. Inter'l Agricultural Corp.—Same.

Elizabeth B. Colt vs. A. T. Demarest Co.—Same.

Geo. C. Van Tuyl, Jr., as Supt., vs. E. Theo. Haebler, Impld.—Motion granted; question certified as stated in order.

Geo. C. Van Tuyl, Jr., as Supt., &c., vs. People's Surety Co.—Same.

Same vs. Edward N. Jemup, impld.—Same.

Patrick McNulty vs. Press Pub. Co.—Motion denied, with $10 costs.

John Savage, as Pres., vs. Henry A. Potter, as Treas.—Same.

Jeanette K. Hahn vs. Conried Metro. Opera Co.—Same.

Yellow Taxicab Co. vs. Wm. J. Gaynor, &c., et al.—Same.

Adeline P. Ehrman, as exec'x, &c., vs. Al. Basset.—Motion granted; date to be fixed in order. See memo. per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Michael Greenberg, an infant, vs. N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R.—Motion granted; question certified as stated in order. Order filed.

John J. Hopper vs. Gustave Boehme.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

Traitel Marble Co. vs. Brown Bros., Inc.—Same.

People ex rel Hugh Gallagher vs. Waldo, Commr., &c.—Same.

People ex rel. Ida Von Clausen vs. John J. Hanley, Warden. &c.—Motion denied. Settle order on notice.

Herman Cohen vs. Edward L. Harper.—Motion denied. Order filed.

People, &c., vs. Ernest Trifelhorn.—Time extended to Feb. 10.

Max Horos vs. Mercantile Marine.—Application denied, with $10 costs.

Emma Schimek vs. Michael Bauman.—Same.

Benjamin Stein et al. vs. L. V. R. R.—Same.

Henry Binswhanger vs. Edward G. Hewitt et al.—Same.

Malka Marder vs. New System Napkin Towel Supply, &c.—Application denied, with $10 costs. Motion for stay denied, with $10 costs.

Cornelius J. Gallagher vs. Golliek & Smith. —Application denied, with $10 costs. Order signed.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Seabury, J. Ex parte business.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S. Estate Edward Hatch. Will for probate, Eliza A. Banhan.

City Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Ransom, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J.—Dibble‹Tuchman—William M. Chadbourne, Newburger, J. Tucker Co.‹Tucker.—William Klein.—Giegerich, J. Van Poel‹Illuminating Pub Co.—Algernon S. Norton; in re Phillips (Lawrence)—Charles L. Hoffman; Brady‹Millard—Michael J. Egan.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J. J. Herbert Carpenter‹William G. Mulligan (2)—John Z. Lowe; Charles M. Rosenthal‹Matilda W. Brower—Jacob Landsberger; East River Sav Inst‹Travelers Realty Corp—William M. Chadbourne; Rosina Alkier‹Meyer H. Wolf—Melvin G. Palliser; Charles H. Bohland‹Meyer H. Wolf—Melvin G. Palliser; Hebrew Orphan Asylum‹Henrietta Lewis. —Henry M. Stevenson.

KINGS COUNTY.

SUPREME COURT.

SPECIAL TERM—Aspinall, J. Ex parte business.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR—Part VII.—Jaycox, J. Joseph Cassidy and Louis Walter, Jr.

SURROGATE'S COURT.

WILLS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

COUNTY COURT—No day calendar.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Pensioned—Patrol. J. J. Sackel, 65 prect, $288 a yr. Apptd. June 23, 1910.

Transfer—Patrol. E. N. A. Panevino, 16 prect; F. D. Creamer, 170 prect; M. D. Kelly, 172 prect, all to Det. Div. as Act. Sergs.; W. J. Miller, Com's off to 156 prect; (Mutual) J. A. Knapp, 21 to 292 prect; M. F. Rothamel, 292 to 21 prect. Act. Det. Serg. H. Van Cott, 154 to 18th prect.

Application for pay approved—Act. Det. Serg. Joseph Guarniere, from Sept. 24 to Dec. 16, while sick.

Resignations Accepted—2nd Dep. Com. Dougherty; 3rd Dep. Com. Newburger.

Deaths reported—Patrol. J. E. Cotter, 2 prect, Jan. 30; E. F. O'Connor, 6 prect, Jan. 30.

Fire Department.

Instructions at the Fire College will be resumed on Feb. 2, 1st and 2d Sections, to consist of these Lieuts., will report at 10 A. M. on days designated, for class period of six weeks. First section to report on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. Second section on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays: First Section—C. A. Miller, No. 1, Eng. 4; C. A. Barnes, Eng. 9; J. F. Abbott, Eng. 30; Richard Comisky, Eng. 72; W. R. Lanahan, Eng. 224; J. Degen, Eng. 81; John Connolly, No. 1, Eng. 77; P. J. McDonough, Eng. 208; J. T. Judge, Eng. 226; Henry Wagner, Eng. 221; W. J. Gilmet, Eng. 222; J. H. Guion, Eng. 236; J. L. Tucker, Eng. 245; T. Bon, Eng. 246; D. V. Short, Eng. 257; W. Diehl, Eng. 272; Oscar Hoeftling, Hose 2; G. C. Groelling, Jr., H. & L. 9; B. A. Jackson, H. & L. 2; J. J. Clancy, No. 2, H. & L. 21; J. Mills, H. & L. 14; Denis Murphy, H. & L. 28; T. J. Kenny, H. & L. 117; W. Jordan, Jr., H. & L. 121. Second Section—H. C. Dailey, Eng. 7; G. C. Ferry, Eng. 12; John Cassidy, Eng. 24; John Kelley, Eng. 16; Chas. Wandres, Eng. 54; Thos. Murtagh, Eng. 76; C. E. Graff, Eng. 46; W. E. Coles, Eng. 86; C. H. Cunningham, Eng. 82; J. H. Butler, Eng. 151; P. J. Cooney, Eng. 279; C. A. Hoffmann, Eng. 251; C. J. Ness, Eng. 229; J. A. Walsh, No. 1, Eng. 280; F. X. Ryan, Eng. 242; W. J. Fox, Eng. 246; M. J. Gannon, Eng. 282; W. H. Pfell, Eng. 239; C. E. Brown, Hose 6; T. F. Newman, H. & L. 10; Ernest Bernsen, H. & L. 11; H. W. Kienle, H. and L. 24; D. H. Slattery, H. & L. 29; Geo. Ball, H. & L. 17; T. J. Maloney, H. & L. 120.

These appt'd as 4th grade men, $1,000 a yr.: Chas. Lake, Eng. 6; Timothy McLoughlin, Eng. 70; J. T. Brady, Eng. 73; Aug. Askerman, Jr., Eng. 12; F. A. Ross, Eng. 205; E. J. Doherty, Eng. 219; C. F. Wallace, Eng. 208; T. J. J. Costello, Eng. 229; L. J. Duffy, Eng. 209; G. P. Flood, Eng. 257; J. F. Crowley, Eng. 37; Edw. Cahill, H. & L. 4; L. E. Terhune, Jr., H. & L. 28; W. J. Leahy, H. & L. 22; Anthony Kammerer, H. & L. 8; B. F. Weber, H. & L. 17; Jas. Tubridy, H. & L. 7; C. F. Hermann, H. & L. 9; Thomas McGuigan, H. & L. 111; W. J. McClelland, H. & L. 120. L. C. Furcht, Eng. 271; W. J. Wolff, Eng. 54; W. J. Aello, Eng. 2; Adolph Becker, Eng. 44; M. Lindenfeld, Eng. 88; O. R. Kutzke, Eng. 217; G. A. Degenhardt, Eng. 209; Fred. Keller, Eng. 235; J. F. Hustedt, Eng. 207; J. E. Murphy, Eng. 206; E. C. V. Walsh, Eng. 208; Arthur Meassner, Eng. 218; W. J. Tauber, Eng. 39; Philip Leiner, Jr., H. & L. 119; J. J. Colbert, H. & L. 39; T. J. Purcell, H. & L. 23; J. J. Thompson, H. & L. 26; J. A. Behan, H. & L. 13; Frank Joseph, H. & L. 30; M. J. Oliver, H. & L. 105; T. F. Greenan, H. & L. 103; M. J. Larson, H. & L. 101; T. J. Dodd, Eng. 226; P. F. Farrell, Eng. 216; L. L. Henry, Eng. 279.

These appt'd as 5th grade men, $1,000 a yr.: C. P. Odorfer, Eng. 208; G. W. Folker, Eng. 225; Daniel Walsh, Eng. 24; Aug. Zeller, Eng. 46, J. M. Gleason, Eng. 92; M. F. Moran, Eng. 96; Jos. Trau, Eng. 18; Frank Dohler, Eng. 227; J. N. Dahl, Eng. 94; C. E. Bach, Eng. 234; A. J. Englert, Eng. 252; Frank Pfeifer, Eng. 231, T. T. McKee, Eng. 8; Chas. Sahina, Eng. 11; J. F. Gorman, Eng. 99; A. C. Bosea, Eng. 1; Le Roy Kane, Eng. 72; J. E. Doherty, Eng. 239; Fred Lang, Eng. 280; E. P. Koppenhoefer, Eng. 238; R. F. Reed, H. & L. 102; D. J. Cronin, H. & L. 15; F. L. Beckert, H. & L. 45; John Devine, H. & L. 3; G. C. Kunze, H. & L. 42; J. B. Morrell, H. & L. 44; A. S. Worrell, H. & L. 88; S. J. Waters, H. & L. 16; E. B. Gerhardt, H. & L. 31; W. J. Mortimer, H. & L. 131; C. J. Melville, H. & L. 7; Jeremiah Leary, H. & L. 24; Alfred Graubner, H. & L. 82; G. A. W. Lynch, H. & L. 29; P. B. Malley, H. & L. 31; J. L. Sullivan, Eng. 31.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ALEXANDER, THOMAS, (died July 24, 1912;) net estate, $59,181.14; land at 214 St. and 10 Av., $12,500 (mortg., $5,046.50;) land and dwelling at Harriman, N. Y., $10,000 (mortg., $2,020;) total realty, $15,433.50; bank, $11,598.36; bonds and mortgages, $20,889.50; jewelry, $120; stock, $16,350; 5 shares Bk. of Wash'n Hts., 15 Union Ex. Nat'l Bk., 25 Carnegie Trust Co., 250 Sound Realty Co.

BAKER, HELENA C., (Oct. 7, 1912;) net N. Y. estate, $4,132.73; premises, 2,619 Walker Av., the Bronx, $10,500 (mortg., &c., $6,030.55;) lots at Throggs Neck, N. Y., 5,000 (no equity.)

BANKS, DAVID, (Mar. 11, 1911;) net estate, $521,711.58; premises, 35 E. 72 St., $86,000; premises, 23 Park Pl. and 20 Murray St., $165,000 (mortg., $100,000;) property on South Island, in Schroon Lake, N. Y., $650; total realty, $131,550; banks, $7,709.01; cash, $70; dividends, rent, and interest, $1,090.69; auto, $1,762.50; ring, $522.50; boat, $1,800; furniture, $1,603.89; piano, $200; personalty in New London, Conn., $4,350; silverware, $334; jewelry, $1,070.28; mortgages, $154,000; notes, $168,576; stocks and bonds, $110,074; 48 shares Mo. Pac., 6 B'way & 7 Av. Ry., 970 E. River Nat'l Bk. of N. Y., 80 Rockwood Co., 280 Jennings & Griffen Mfg., 85 Artificial Granite pfd., 140 Artificial Granite com., 20 Julien Elec. Traction, 121 T. Morey & Son, 6 St. Nicholas Bk. of N. Y., 3 Manhattan Market, 200 Shenandoah Tunnel & Mining Co., 200 Siden Gate Mining Co., 1,060 Banks Law Pub. Co., 5 Am. Coal Export Co. pfd., 5 Am. Coal Export Co. com., 10 Nameang Beach Co., $6,000 bond Jennings & Griffen Mfg. Co.

CURRY, BRIDGET, (Dec. 14, 1912;) net estate, $24,431.40; premises, 157 E. 82 St., $14,000 (mortg., $9,185.63;) property near East View Sta., N. Y., $5,000; bond and mortg., $8,137.73; note, $8,212.20.

ENSER, GEORGE, (May 27, 1913;) net estate, $61,118.60; premises, 2,856 8 Av., $26,000 (mortg., $13,000;) premises, $2,461 8 Av., $25,000; bank, $4,913.03; bond and mortg., $20,116.66.

FRANKE GOTTFRIED, (Dec. 3, 1912;) net estate, $11,371.20; premises, 585 9 Av., with liquor business, $56,000 (mortg., &c., $44,074.34;) cash, $249; bank, $1,114.91; sick benefit check, $12; notes, $1,200; death benefit check, $146; from N. Y. Schuetzen Bund, $500.

HAUCK, CAROLINE, (June 7, 1896;) net estate, $4,071.48; bank, $9,410.62; deductions, $5,339.14.

JACKSON, SARAH ADELINE, (May 2, 1912;) net estate, $80,295.42; cash, $757; bank, $8,134.07 one-fifth income from estate of W. H. Jackson, $1,718.54; note, $6,000.83; personal effects, $1,500; stocks and bonds, $13,110.44; 10 shares Std. Oil and subsidiaries, 50 Am. Locomotive pfd., 10 B. & O. 10 Celluloid Co., 36 D. & H. Co., 75 A. T. & S. F. pfd., 20 M., St. P. & SSM., 65 N. P., 86 Pullman, 15 Sou. Ry., M. & O., 15 Sou. Ry. pfd., 50 U. P. pfd., 50 U. S. Steel, 5,000 D. & H. bond, $5,000 Laclede Gas bond.

KELLER, FANNY, (Oct 16, 1913;) net estate, $9,511.57; bank, $2,073.62; 50 shares A., T. & S. F. common stock, $4,568.75; 45 shares Sou. Pacific com., $8,870.

LAVIGNE, Paul D., (July 15, 1913;) net estate, $44,945.38; premises, 741 and 743 8 Av., $88,000 (mortg., $43,886.87;) premises, 137 Attorney St., $15,000 (mortg., $3,078.75;) total realty less dower, $46,109.38.

SANDROCK, ELIZABETH, (Apr. 25, 1912;) net estate, $2,226.17; bank, $1,768.21; from estate of Jacob Hess, $1,151; mortg., $3,518.37.

SCULLY, DAVID H., (Aug. 19, 1908;) net estate, $1,056.77; premises, 57 E. 125 St., $32,500 (mortg., $30,801.23;) premises, 13 E. 124 St., $33,000 (no equity); factory at Fishkill, N. Y., $2,500 (mortg., $1,000;) farm, $10,000 (mortg., $5,000); total realty, $88,308.77; bank, $215.09.

RITTER, YETTA, (Dec. 19, 1909;) gross estate, $509.85; deductions, $3,200.20; premises, 180 Stanton St., $25,500 (mortg., $25,225.80;) furniture, jewelry, $600.85.

TROY, ANNIE, (Aug. 8, 1913;) net estate, $7,687.02; bank, $7,951.02.

WOOD, JULIA, (Apr. 5, 1913;) net estate, $52,328; one-half int. in 45 5 Av., $85,000; premises, 854 Belmont Av., B'klyn, $3,500; premises, 694 Hancock St., B'klyn, $8,000; premises, 468 Hancock St., B'klyn, $1,200; total realty, $53,700.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Jobbing House Leases Grand and Mercer Street Building—Country Club Project At Long Beach—$7,600 for Roof Sign Near Times Square—Builders Buy In Bronx.

Among the interesting features of the realty market yesterday was the leasing of a large building at Grand and Mercer Streets by a dry goods jobbing house and the announcement of the purchase of a large tract at Long Beach by a syndicate for the purpose of establishing a high-class country club, which will enjoy exceptional bathing facilities in addition to a large golf course and other attractions.

The Grand Street lease, which is one more indication among several recent evidences in that locality that brighter business conditions are opening up for the old dry goods centre, from which so many old established firms have moved to uptown quarters lately, involves the five-story building on the southwest corner of Grand and Mercer Streets, which has been taken on a long term by the American Dry Goods Company, a commission and jobbing house now at 70 Franklin Street. In addition, the firm has also leased the store portion of the adjoining building at 33 Mercer Street.

The corner building, covering a plot 35 by 119.8, was occupied for thirteen years by the silk firm of William Oppenheim & Son, which moved a year ago to the Emmet Building, on the southeast corner of Madison Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street. The lease was closed through the brokerage firm of Tanenbaum, Straus & Co. in conjunction with Daniel Birdsall & Co.

$7,600 for Roof Sign Lease.

The lease was recorded yesterday from Samuel Brill to the Partola Manufacturing Company of the roof and sign privileges of the building at 1,615 to 1,623 Broadway, northwest corner Forty-ninth Street. The lessee will pay $7,600 a year for two years, beginning Feb. 20.

Tenement Property Sold.

William A. White & Sons have sold for the estate of Franziska Rohmann and Henry Rohmann to an investor the two six-story tenements, with stores, at 223 to 231 East 110th Street. Each house covers a plot 41.8 by 100.11 between Second and Third Avenues. Samuel Fine was associated as broker.

Louis Hess has leased 1,694 Madison Avenue, a five-story flat on a lot 25 by 100, adjoining the northeast corner of 112th Street.

As executor Frank J. Dupignac has sold to an investor 7 Pitt Street, a five-story tenement, with stores, on a lot 26 by 100 feet, adjoining the corner of Grand Street.

The estate of Bertha Heiderberger has sold 347 and 349 West Forty-fourth Street, two five-story flats, on a plot 54.6 by 100.5.

Buyer of Harlem Residence.

Arthur Blue was the purchaser of the residence at 217 West 129th Street, sold on Thursday by Joseph P. Day for $8,500.

$320,000 Apartment Loan.

The Brixton Realty Corporation has obtained a building loan of $320,000 from the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company on the new apartment being erected on the south side of Seventy-ninth Street, 372 feet west of Columbus Avenue, on plot 78 by 102.2.

A large building loan in the Bronx has been made by the City Mortgage Company, which has loaned $65,000 to the A. J. Schwarzler Company on three six-story apartments under erection on the northwest corner of Kindermann Place and Brook Avenue, on plot 90 by 142.2.

Builders Buy Big Bronx Plot.

A large plot on the northeast corner of the Concourse and Bush Street, the Bronx, has been purchased by the K. & R. Construction Company, composed of Max J. Klein and Ignatz Roth, and will be improved with apartment houses. The plot has a frontage on the Concourse, 94 on Bush Street, and 43 feet northerly line. It is located within a block from Burnside Avenue.

Bronx.

A. J. Madden sold for the John J. Tully Construction Company the five-story apartment house on the east side of Valentine Avenue, 320 feet north of 194th Street.

Joseph T. Mulligan has sold for Pennington Whitehead, as Trustee, 621 West 138th Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 15 by 100, to a client for occupancy.

Joseph Fischer has purchased for investment the five-story apartment house on the southwest corner of 185d Street and Park Avenue. The buyer gave in part payment the three-story and basement building at 1944 and 946 Trinity Avenue on a plot 34 by 100 feet.

Bronx Mortgage Loans Placed.

Eugene J. Busher has placed for William Schellhous $11,000 at 5 per cent. on 454 East 144th Street. For Conron Brothers $40,000 at 5 per cent. on the northeast corner of East 152d Street and Bergen Avenue. For Conron Brothers $30,000 at 5 per cent. on 630 Bergen Avenue. For the Ernst Iron Works $10,500 at 5½ per cent. on 500 and 502 East 165th Street. For John H. Rechten $7,000 at 5 per cent. on 32 and 34 Columbus Avenue. Van Nest, and for the Cedar Construction Company $29,000 at 5 per cent. on the five-story flat 314 and 316 East 159th Street.

Smith & Phelps have negotiated a first mortgage loan of $40,000 on the store property situate at the southwest corner of Boston Road and Union Avenue, having a frontage of 67 feet on Boston Road and 88 feet on Union Avenue.

Brooklyn.

William D. Bloodgood & Co. of Long Island City have sold through the firm of John F. James & Sons the four-story flat at 601 Park Place, to an investor. The consideration was about $80,000. The same brokers also sold through the same firm a vacant plot on the north side of Dean Street, between Third and Fourth Avenues, to a builder who will erect a four-story building costing about $60,000.

Banker Buys Ossining Estate.

Thomas T. Snell, President of the First National Bank of Gary, Ind., has purchased the old Rigdon estate of twenty acres at Ossining, overlooking the Hudson River. On the property is a large residence, but Mr. Snell is preparing to erect a large new dwelling. The property was held at $40,000. It has a large frontage on Cedar Lane. Fisk & Marvin in conjunction with the Briarcliff Realty Company were the brokers in the transaction.

Long Island.

W. M. Bucheit, Jr., has sold to a client of Ward & Ward 102 acres at West Neck, Huntington, L. I., with about 8,000 feet shore frontage on Lloyd's Harbor, Huntington Bay, and Harbor. The property had been held at $4,000 an acre.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Rockville Centre for F. Fallon a plot 20 by 60 on Brooklyn Avenue. The same company sold at Hempstead to J. Essalon a plot 20 by 96 on Milburthe Avenue, and to M. Carroll a plot 40 by 135 on Tompkins Place.

New Jersey.

Samuel Kraft has sold for the Hasbrouck Park Land Company at Hasbrouck Heights, to Robert Stapleton, a plot 50 by 125 on Stanley Avenue, and to E. K. Farrell, a plot 75 by 125 on Stanley Avenue.

Commercial Leases.

William A. White & Sons have leased to the International Ultramarine Works the store in the recently remodeled building at 113 and 115 Leonard Street. The same brokers have also leased for a term of years the entire building at 62 Front Street to William E. Williams, dealer in railroad and marine supplies, who has been located on Pine Street for a number of years.

Johnson, Adams & Greacen have leased for the United States Realty and Improvement Company a large part of the fifth floor in the Whitehall Building, 17 Battery Place, to the Johnston Export Publishing Company, publishers of The American Exporter and other publications.

Ernest M. Vickers and Polizzi & Co. have leased for the Rexton Realty Company to Nathan Simberg for a term of years the front and rear buildings at 443 East Thirteenth Street, New York City.

Andrew Carnegie Loans $389,000.

Andrew Carnegie has loaned $389,000 to the Lotos Club on the new clubhouse at 110 and 114 West Fifty-seventh Street. The building covers a plot 75 by 100.5 just west of Sixth Avenue. No rate of interest was recorded in the mortgage papers.

West Street Foreclosure.

Suit has been started in the Supreme Court by the New York Life Insurance Company against the Cunard Realty Company, Stephen Corkemaz, and others, to foreclose a mortgage of $96,000 on the three-story building at 34 to 40 West Street, 236.5 feet north of Morris Street, a plot 42.8 by 181.9, running through to Washington Street.

Queens Borough Building Record.

Although the month of January is generally regarded as the most inactive of the year, the total estimated cost of building operations in the Borough of Queens for which permits were granted this week amounts to over a half-million dollars.

This not only breaks all previous records for January, but more than equals the average for the year. During the week there were eighty-three applications for new buildings of an estimated cost of $426,387; fifty-three applications for alterations of an estimated cost of $78,452, and forty-nine applications for plumbing permits of an estimated cost of $27,840, making the total estimated cost of operations $532,679.

The J. J. Hearn Construction Company which is now completing a $400,000 development in tenements at Steinway and Jackson Avenues, will improve holdings immediately adjoining by the erection of seven five-story tenements on Jackson Avenue, Steinway Avenue, Albert Street, and Washington Avenue, at a cost of $340,000 each.

John Simken will begin an extensive development on Ivy, Barclay, and Toledo Avenues, Elmhurst, where he will build a number of detached frame dwellings of two-and-a-half stories, each to cost $3,800.

Louis Schwab will erect a number of three-story brick tenements on Atlantic Avenue, west of Arverne Avenue, Morris Park, at a cost of $5,000 each.

Oppose Increase of Taxes.

The real estate dealers of New Rochelle have unanimously opposed the Mayor's policy, as outlined, of increasing taxes as a means of solving some of the financial problems of New Rochelle. They were of the opinion that any increase in taxes should be deferred, if possible, until business conditions improve, as there appears to be an indication that business is about to recover.

Real Estate Notes.

The Greater New York Taxpayers' Association, consisting of several hundred owners of real estate south of Forty-second Street and east of Broadway, have called a meeting for Monday evening, Feb. 2, at 142 Second Avenue. The question of the rise in premiums for accident insurance will be discussed.

Plans were filed yesterday for a two-story theatre and roof garden at 104 and 106 West 103d Street for Mayer S. Auerbach. It will have a frontage of 32.8 feet. Sol S. Sugar is the architect, and has placed the cost at $20,000.

Maximilian Zipkes, architect, has filed plans to alter St. Paul's Court, at Washington Avenue and St. Paul's Place, the Bronx, by installing stores on the ground floor, a frontage of about 70 feet.

Allan Robinson will address the members of the Allied Real Estate Interest on the effects of the proposed Salendschaap bill at a meeting called for Thursday, Feb. 5, at the Board of Trade and Transportation rooms, 203 Broadway.

The Julius Friend-E. M. Lewi Company has taken over the real estate business of George Neiman, and the latter is now associated with that company.

C. Walter Cushier, formerly of Gibbs & Kirby, is now connected with the firm of M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY ST.

By Joseph P. Day.

Lispenard St, 18-15, n s, 125.11 ft e of West Broadway, 49.10x100x50.8x100, five-story loft building; withdrawn.

118th St, 83 West, n s, 85 ft e of Lenox Av, 20x100.11, three-story dwelling; M. S. White against Thomas Howard et al.; Cannon & Cannon, attorneys, B. R. Buffett, referee; due, $14,233.89; taxes, &c., $288.88; to the plaintiff for $14,500.

113th St, 16 East, s s, 243.9 ft e of 5th Av, 18.9x100.11, five-story tenement; French Evangelical Church against Julia Friedman et al.; J. L. Boisse, attorney; J. A. O'Rourke, referee; due, $13,730.30; taxes, &c., $542.94; to the plaintiff for $12,000.

128th St, 246 East, s s, 75 ft w of 2d Av, 26x99.11, five-story tenement; American Mtg. Co. against South Jersey Land Co. et al.; Bowers & Merena, attorneys, J. R. McMullen, referee; due, $13,899.30; to the Estates Mortgage Securities Co., a party in interest, for $12,000.

By J. H. Mayers.

116th St, 28 West, s s, 312 ft w of 5th Av, 21x100.11, five-story tenement and stores; Sigmund Weschsler, attorney; E. Jones et al.; R. Wechsler, attorney; J. S. McDonough, referee; due, $6,018.88; taxes, &c., $562.22; subject to a prior mtg of $23,000; to the plaintiff for $28,900.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

44th St, 503 West, s s, 100 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.4, four-story tenement and two-story rear tenement; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Bernandina Gorges et-al.; R. & E. J. D'Oyman, attorneys; L. Hoffman, referee; due, $6,598.01; taxes, &c., $1,167.02; to the defendant for $11,150.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

172d St, 510 West, s s, 100 ft e of Audubon Av, 48.4x95, five-story tenement; A. H. Hastorf against M. I. Hennen and others; House, G. & V. attorneys; A. K. Kuhn, referee; due, $4,824.77; taxes, &c., $1,250; subject to a first mortgage of $40,000; to the plaintiff for $41,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Hoffman St, w s, 170.6 ft s of 187th St, 25x94.11, five-story tenement and store; C. B. Sias against Empire Realty Co., Incorporated, and others; H. C. Rickaby, attorney; J. A. Allen, referee; due, $1,717.44; taxes, &c., $43.68; subject to a prior mortgage of $14,000; to Samuel Epstein for $15,930.

Clinton Av, e s, 308.7 ft s of Jefferson Place, 50x111.9x26x112 to Boston Road x70x200.6, vacant; Elizabeth Pitchett and others against Loretta Cobham and others; Harold Swain, attorney; J. H. Rogan, referee; due, $9,764.64; to the plaintiff for $1,000.

Kelly St, 839, w s, 206 ft n of Longwood Av, 40x100, five-story tenement; Max Schloss against Selara Holding Co. and others; Strasbourger & Pike, attorneys; M. M. Wyvell, referee; due, $8,279.75; taxes, &c., $312.22; subject to a first mortgage of $25,000; to the plaintiff for $30,000.

134th St, 331 East, n s, 81.6 ft e of Brook Av, 28.4x100, five-story tenement; Charles Adler against Stephen McCormick and others; M. S. Schector, attorney; Samuel Strasbourger, Jr., also attorney; M. S. Schector, &c., $171.95; subject to mortgage of $15,000; to the plaintiff for $17,250.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

116th St, 104 and 106 West, for a two-story theatre and roof garden, 32.8x110.11; M. S. Auerbach, 30 East 42d St, owner; S. S. Sugar, 140 West 42d St, architect

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The northern disturbance of Thursday night has passed eastward beyond the Canadian Maritime Provinces without causing any precipitation of consequence east of the Upper Lake region.

The southern disturbance has turned northeastward with rapidly increasing intensity, and is central to-night over Tennessee, with general rains falling in the East Gulf and South Atlantic States, and rains and snows in the Ohio Valley.

In the West and extreme North the weather was fair, except in the North Pacific States, where there were light rains.

It is decidedly colder in the East Gulf States, the Ohio Valley, and the lower Lake region, with temperatures much below seasonal in the former district.

High temperatures will continue in the Atlantic States, and it is considerably warmer throughout the West; abnormally so in the Northwest.

The Tennessee storm will move northeastward, attended by rains and snows Saturday in the Ohio Valley, the Lake region, and the Middle Atlantic States, reaching New England by Saturday night. There will also be rain Saturday in the north portion of the South Atlantic States.

Elsewhere the weather will be fair Saturday, and it will be generally fair Sunday throughout the country, except perhaps in the extreme Northeast.

It will be colder Saturday in the East and the South, and somewhat warmer over the central portion of the country, but elsewhere temperature changes will not be of importance.

WINDS FOR SATURDAY AND SUNDAY along the North Atlantic Coast will be north to northeast, increasing by Saturday; Middle Atlantic Coast, north to northeast, increasing; South Atlantic Coast, moderate south and southwest.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Snow in north, snow or rain in south portion Saturday, colder; increasing north and northeast winds. Sunday propably fair.

Southern New England—Snow or rain and colder Saturday or Saturday night, with increasing north and northeast winds. Sunday probably fair.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain in south, rain or snow in north portion Saturday, colder; northeast winds, probably increasing. Sunday fair.

Western New York—Snow Saturday. Sunday unsettled; moderate to brisk north winds, becoming variable.

Northern New England—Increasing cloudiness and colder Saturday; snow at night or Sunday, north to northeast winds, increasing by Saturday night.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	32	46	4 P. M.	44	57
6 A. M.	30	44	7 P. M.	40	51
9 A. M.	33	45	9 P. M.	46	44
12 M.	41	52	11 P. M.	43	42

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 50; for the corresponding date last year it was 39; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 43, at 8 P. M. it was 46. Maximum temperature for 48 hours at 3 P. M., minimum 42 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity 96 per cent. at 8 A. M. 34 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.14 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.20 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
12:40—310 W. 69 St.; Antonia Bibner..	Slight
2:10—312 Lafayette St.; Goldstein Bros.	$1,000
10:00—470 E. 120 St.; Yetta Silverman..	$500
P. M.	
12:01—140 E. 14 St.; Irving Hat Co....	Slight
3:45—1,679 So. Boul.; A. Kempstill....	Slight
3:55—1,970 2 Av.; Dr. Frankle.....	Slight
7:00—E. 151 St.; Y. Abramowitz....	Slight
6:30—28-30 E. 45 St.; Tiffany Studio..	Slight
7:00—340 E. 151 St.; N. Abramowitz..	Slight
8:15—128 W. 113 St.; Ida Patterson...	Slight
8:30—330 E. 44 St.; United Dressed Beef Co.	$2,000
8:35—1 W. 103 St.; Frank Schlage.....	Slight
9:40—8 Willet St.; M. Londsberg.....	Slight
10:00—67-69 E. 112 St.; Max Handman..	Slight
10:45—1,735 Amst'd Av.; Cushman B'kery	Slight

EDUCATION NOTES.

Ralph M. Yedell and Thomas J. Francis have received emergency appointments as clerks in the City Superintendent's office.

Annie Powers, typewriting copyist, is to be transferred from the Board of Water Supply to the Division of Reference and Research, Department of Education. Her salary will be $1,050 a year.

A leave of absence for six months without pay for restoration of health has been granted to Harriet M. Johnson, stenographer and typewriter in the City Superintendent's office.

The Board of Education has appropriated $8,000 for the purchase of property included within the proposed school site on Ferry and Shipley Streets, Woodhaven, Queens.

The Board of Education has adopted a resolution disapproving of the Foley bill which seeks to amend the New York City Charter so as to provide the same salaries for men and women in the grades of the seventh and eighth years as are now paid to men under the provisions of the Silverstein law. It is estimated that if the Foley bill becomes law it will cost the city $1,308,000 additional annually.

Permission has been granted to the Principal of Public School 192, Manhattan, to accept a picture to be presented to the school by the graduating class.

John M. Goff, janitor of Public School 40, Manhattan, has been assigned to the temporary care of Public School 30, Manhattan.

In a circular issued by the Public Educational Association attention is directed to an editorial in THE NEW YORK TIMES dealing with a statement made in THE NEW YORK TIMES ANNALIST by Theodore W. Robinson, Vice President of the Illinois Steel Company, that "the training for civic and industrial intelligence" of 90 per cent. of American children who are in the public schools "is a fundamental question deeply involving our national life." The conclusion arrived at in THE TIMES article quoted was that the education given under the present public school system tends to hinder the preparation of pupils for the work they must do in life. It is the supervision of this preparation that the association has assumed. The officers of the institution are Charles P. Howland, President; Willard D. Straight, Vice President; Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer, Vice President, and W. Kirkpatrick Brice, Treasurer, with offices at 40 West Thirty-second Street.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following:

Report of the Chief Examiner recommending the certification of the list of typewriting copyist, second grade, (female,) in response to the requisition of the Department of Public Charities for a list from which to appoint a clerk, with knowledge of typewriting, at $760 a year.

Communication from the Certification Clerk relative to the requisition from the Board of Water Supply for a list from which to appoint one architectural draughtsman for a period not to exceed one year at $1,950 a year. Certification of four names.

Communication from the Certification Clerk relative to the notification from the Board of Water Supply of the appointment of Daniel L. McGuire as architectural draughtsman, Grade D, taking effect Dec. 31, 1913, for a period not to exceed one year. He asks instruction as to whether or not the appointment is to be considered as permanent. Permanent appointment.

Notification from the Secretary to the President of Manhattan of the reassignment to duty of Patrick Lyons, assistant foreman, at the expiration of a leave of absence.

Request of the Superintendent of Buildings, Manhattan, for authority to continue the provisional appointment of Joseph J. Doyle, first grade clerk, and for the certification of additional names from which to appoint a first grade clerk for the reason that Jerome F. Collins, of whose appointment as first grade clerk he notified the commission on Jan. 21, had accepted appointment in another department.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces the postponement to Feb. 18 of the open competitive examination for assistant in paper plant investigations, for men only, to fill a vacancy in the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., at $1,380 a year. The duties will be to assist in field studies and in breeding, propagating, harvesting, curing, baling, and preparation of plants which, under consideration as material for the manufacture of paper; in laboratory experiments with such plants, wild plants, with crop waste, and with various plant products, and in making actual mill tests of various plants, materials, and processes on a commercial scale. Competitors will be examined in elementary chemistry, practical questions in paper making, education, training, and practical farm and paper mill experience.

An educational training equivalent to that required for graduation from a college of recognized standing, and actual experience in the manufacturing processes of paper mills, together with at least two years' farm experience in the care and handling of field crops, are prerequisites for consideration for this position. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

Lost

Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST—Lady's rose colored charmeuse evening dress, between Fulton and 44th Sts., Brooklyn. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning to owner, Apt. 12, 570 44th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Wednesday evening, between 42d and 116th Sts., turquoise pin, surrounded by diamonds. Return to 304 West 88th St.; liberal reward; no questions.

LOST—Small black traveling bag, with gilt initials "C. R." on end, on Subway train Wednesday afternoon; suitable reward. 236 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Sunday, brooch, bird shape, with pearl and diamond; reward. Call after 7 P. M., Apartment 17, 209 West 13th St.

LOST—Thursday morning, between 10 and 11, in or near Grand Central Terminal, string clouded amber beads. Reward $5 if returned 310 West 75th St.

LOST—Hotel Victoria, green velvet bag; reward, no questions asked, for watch and magnifying glass. 99 Madison Av.

$500 (five hundred dollars) is offered for information and return of a Packard landaulette car, No. 15,675, 4 cylinder, 30 horse power, 1911 model. LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE INSURANCE Co., LTD., 80 William St., New York City.

$100 REWARD
for solitaire diamond earscrew, lost Jan. 27, between 84th, 5th Av., 52d.
TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av., 37th St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—Wednesday, at about Broadway and 110th St., Boston terrier, (male,) brindle with white chest; leather and brass collar. Phone Riverside 3780, Apt. 51, for reward.

Public Notices

Forty cents a line.

THE NATIONAL FARM SCHOOL, BUCKS County, Penn., having decided to increase the number of students from 87 to 100, seeks additional support. The school trains young men in practical and scientific agriculture for agricultural callings and leadership of land colonies. Address Rev. D. Isaac Landman, 407 Mutual Life Building, Philadelphia, Penn.

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

WATERFRONT PROPERTIES,
FACTORIES AND FACTORY SITES.
FLOYD S. CORBIN, 10 WALL ST.

West Side.

BARGAIN HOUSE for sale—311 West 33d St., opposite new Post Office and one block from Pennsylvania Station; elegant location for loft or printing building; plenty of light; will sell for $1,800 a foot frontage; sure to be worth double that in year; only bonafide offers need answer. Mrs. J. L. Sullivan, 3,131 Broadway, Apartment 20, Morningside 5805.

East Side.

Executors Sale.—Two-family house; 235 East 62d St. For particulars see
R. M. DE LEEUW & CO., 15 Broad St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

18TH AV., 4,194.—Excellent 2-family brick dwelling, between Ocean Parkway and Gravesend Av.; 11 rooms, 2 baths; fine condition. All elevation; on block from public school and "L" station; equity, $2,500; make offer. Owner Chas. Gold, 25 Broad St., N. Y. City.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

Waterfront factory property; 175 acres on Newtown Creek, L. I.; Pennsylvania Railroad connections; will subdivide or lease. A 165 Times.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Mount Vernon.

Mount Vernon and vicinity; choice homes for sale and rent; personal management of your property solicited. The Oliver Hubbard Co., 18 South 3d Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Yonkers.

AT A SACRIFICE—House worth $15,000. Wanted, $3,000 cash only; will take 2d mortgage for balance; one of the most comfortable private homes in South Yonkers, on an elevation facing Van Cortlandt Park; 11 rooms, all improvements, large plot; close to 3 routes to New York City; present 1st mortgage small; or will take in part payment, instead of 2d mortgage, improved, small, 5 or 6 room house on Long Island, close to water, with garden room, in good locality. W. A. E., care Jackson, 9 Lawrence St., Yonkers, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

VERY PRETTY COTTAGE, front and back porch, handsome bathroom, white enamel bedroom, Muslin beamed ceiling; dining-room with elegant electric dome; on large plot of land; private and personal care was taken to have everything pretty; price $2,750; far below value; will accept $100 cash, balance $15 month. Call or write B., Ackerman, 395 Bridge St., B'klyn.

30% net on $1,000 brand new store property, Long Island City; excellent business section; only one left; four sold last month; will sell this last one very cheap; only $700 to $1,000 cash required. This property will show net 3 times 30% on an investment of $1,000, and act quick. James B. Thomas, 420 Jackson Av., Long Island City, Queensboro Bridge Plaza.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Westfield—Semi-bungalow, 6 rooms, steam heat, water, gas, walks, decorations, &c.; new, on plot of 10,000 square feet; near depot and trolley; $4,375. Terms like rent. Home and Gardens Company, H. C. Lockwood, agent, Woolworth Building, New York.

BUNGALOW.

New, 8 rooms, bath, steam heat, open fireplace, Mission trim; large plot; $500 cash and balance as rent; send for photo. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N.J.

83 acres, completely equipped, stock, implements, &c.; everything modern; brook; hour out; station 1¼ miles; $16,500. George S. Martin, Plainfield, R. F. D. 3.

Fine old residence, modernized; exceptional neighborhood and surroundings; large grounds; barn, garden, fruit. Owner, 674 Springfield Av., Summit, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Farm, 90 acres; brick house, 12 rooms; modern improvements; barn, fruit, woods; on trolley line, 2 miles from Winsted; price, $4,000. J. K. Smith, Sta. A, Winsted, Conn.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

A.—510 WEST END AV., 4 stories, 2 baths, parquet floors; rent low. Caretaker.

Mortgage Loans.

We have for sale a number of extra good 6% mortgages on 50% valuation; shore front properties in Greater New York. A. B., Box 48 Times.

$70,000 on first mortgage, Bronx property, at 5% and 5½%, in amounts between $1,000 and $7,000. Byrnes, 774 East 179th St.

Abundance estates money for Manhattan mortgage loans. Owners only. 400 Times Downtown.

Builders, brokers, submit mortgage loan applications not over $20,000. Ebin, Times Building.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

26 JOHN STREET.

Three floors of about 1,200 square feet each; six-story fireproof building, with electric elevator and all improvements; good light and air; suitable for offices, showrooms, and manufacturing; rental $1,400 and $1,600 per floor; any reasonable offer will be considered.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
Telephone 5700 John. 62 Cedar St.

Two desirable lofts to let, near "L" station and surface line, 18x70; heat, electric light; suitable for light manufacturing purposes; location, 172 East 75th St. Apply to Superintendent on premises. Special inducements to good party.

DESIRABLE SITES.

WATER FRONT LOTS ON EAST RIVER.
Vacant Lots Convenient and Well Located;
LARGE LOFT FACING EAST RIVER.
Apply Brookman Estate 52 Exchange Place.

Two light lofts, 50x95, with or without power, non-fireproof; also one loft, 50x90, with power, fireproof building. A. Happell, 408 East 93d St.

17-19-21 WEST 31ST ST.
Several large stores at rentals from $720 & up.
WM. HARVEY SUPERINTENDENT.

BEST SMALL OFFICE on 5th Av.; front, sunny, airy; new oak furniture; rent reasonable. POWELL, 245 5th Av.

Sub-let light shop and desk room; reasonable rent. Inquire Room 1,709, 114 5th Av., between 12 and 4.

Trinity Building—Desk room to rent; all facilities. Box R, 213 Times Downtown.

43d St., 13-15 East.—Parlor floor; will divide; business or studio; reasonable.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2 AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $22, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

Apartment to sub-let; handsome 2 room and bath apartment; parties gone South; also 3 room apartment, handsomely furnished, at a bargain; full hotel service. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

ROYCROFT, 219 WEST 80TH ST.
Five light rooms, handsomely furnished, first-class elevator apartment; near Subway and Park. Apply Superintendent.

Furnished corner apartment to sublet at Van Dyck, 72d St. and Broadway, containing 9 rooms, 2 baths. Apply to manager. Telephone 3547—Columbus.

SUBLET, FURNISHED,
one 3-room apartment.
HOTEL WALTON,
104 West 70th St.

Nicely furnished 7-room apartment, 2 baths, conveniently located, available Feb. 15. Apply Yorkshire, 502 West 113th St., corner of Broadway, Apartment 4 C.

Furnished apartment, strictly high class, 5-6 rooms, 3 or 4 months; state price and location. W. L. H., Engineers' Club.

For Rent.—Over 110 West 39th St., select furnished apartments; 3-4-5 rooms. Call office Bustanoby's.

Audubon Av., 391, (184th-185th Sts.)—Four large rooms; all improvements; $34.

East Side.

A gentleman with an artistically and richly furnished high-class modern bachelor apartment on East 48th St., just off 5th Av.; large living room, two bedrooms, and tiled bath; all light; electric light, and all-night elevator; would rent all or part to a responsible party; might sell. Murray Hill 1906.

122d St., 72 East.—Single flat, eight large rooms and bath; sunshine in every room; steam heat; hot water; rent, $40.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

Furnished apartment, strictly high class, 5-6 rooms, 3 or 4 months; state price and location. W. L. H., Engineers' Club.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

561 West 147th, (The Edwin.)—Modern elevator building; corner apartment of outside rooms, overlooking Hudson; six-room apartment; also a handsome eight-room doctor's apartment; moderate. Owner on premises. Audubon 216.

Bargain sub-lease; excellent new five-room apartment; near Riverside; convenient to 168th St. Subway. Avoca, 251 Fort Washington Av.

Apartment 8 rooms, 2 baths, hot water heat, in two-family house. Apply on premises, 8 Tyndall Av. and 261st St., Riverdale, New York City.

Sublet.—Claremont Court, 113th, 549 W.—Attractive; elevator; six rooms, front; southern exposure; near Subway, Riverside; $70. Apt. 9.

524 WEST 123D ST.
Seven large, light, modern rooms; 1 flight; quiet, refined neighborhood; $40. Jedel.

302 West 111th St.—Two and four elegant rooms, overlooking Central Park; bath, steam, electricity, telephone. Janitor.

113th, (1,855 7th Av.) Six large, light, airy rooms; southwestern exposure; will rent reasonable. Maybury.

Five rooms and bath, $40.
306 West 51st St.

Elevator Apartments, five rooms and bath; forty dollars. 306 West 51st.

East Side.

Bargain sub-lease; excellent new five-room apartment; near Riverside; convenient to 168th St. Subway. Avoca, 251 Fort Washington Av.

Brooklyn.

One-half New York rent; 10 minutes from New York; excellent location on Brooklyn Heights; 11 Monroe Place; attractive, new; every convenience; service; one, two, and three rooms, with baths.

$42 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT $42.
6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Subway. Golden Realty, St. James's Pl., near Fulton.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2967 Bryant.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

97TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms, single, double; private bath; steam; excellent table; telephone; reasonable.

111TH, 29 EAST.—Large front room; running water; heated; excellent table.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Rooms, with large closets; hot, cold water; parlor dining room.

34TH ST., 117 and 119 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with board.

53D ST., 37 and 52 EAST.—Rooms with board; table board; references.

63D ST., 23-30 EAST.—LARGE, SMALL, ATTRACTIVE ROOMS; EXCELLENT BOARD.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Sunny front parlor; running water; also room and bath; phone.

MADISON AV., 527.—Large, small, attractive, nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; reasonable.

West Side.

57TH AV., 46.—Desirable single rooms; excellent board; steam; telephone; table guests.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 25 years; rooms, suites, baths, telephones; superior table.

64TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large, small rooms; first-class references.

57TH, 350 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; excellent French board; telephone.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful room, private bath, elegant surroundings; breakfast only, if desired; private house; also smaller room.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

69TH, 111 WEST.—ELEGANT ROOMS; BACK PARLOR; TABLE GUESTS.

70TH, 30 WEST.—Large, desirably furnished rooms; modern conveniences; refined home. Columbus 1740.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private baths; electricity, steam; excellent course dinner 50 cents; outside guests accommodated.

72D, 266 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE SUNNY ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE; REFERENCES.

72D, 117 WEST.—ROOMS, LARGE, SMALL; CONVENIENCES, 800 COLUMBUS.

72D, 152 WEST.—Rooms, board, for girls studying music, art; references; moderate.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Sunny single rooms, quiet, refined surroundings; home table; references.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Sunny double front room; reasonable; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Large, sunny room; running water; single room; excellent table.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, small, heated, attractive room, smaller room; choice table.

78TH, 301 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite; excellent table; home cooking; steam heat; electricity; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 182 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny, 2d floor room, electricity; French cuisine; references.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; single or en suite; southern exposure.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Nicely furnished suite available; excellent cuisine; refined surroundings; reference.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Strictly high-class rooms; private bath; French cuisine; conveniences.

81ST ST., 129 WEST.—Large room; private bath; telephone; references; smaller room; moderate.

81ST, 138 WEST.—Single rooms; excellent table; parlor-floor dining; telephone; reference.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, single; steam, electricity, unusually good meals; telephone; references.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private baths; excellent table; references exchanged.

90TH, 13 WEST.—Refined home can accommodate few people; excellent table; references.

90TH, 4 WEST.—Furnished rooms, private house, with, without board; phone; references.

Well Advised

"The day I lost my diamond sunburst," says Mrs. ——— of 414 West 120th Street, "I was advised to advertise for it in The New York Times. Within 48 hours after my advertisement appeared, (January 25th,) I recovered my jewelry from a Times reader."

The advertisement:

LOST.—5th Av., 25th-120th, 119th and Amsterdam, diamond sunburst; reward. 414 West 120th, D 5.

Telephone advertisements to
1000 BRYANT.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

94TH, 144 WEST.—Desirable rooms in refined house; good table; reasonable terms.

94TH, 148 WEST.—Second floor; large, small rooms; table guests; Southern cooking.

96TH, 54 WEST, (Near Central Park.)—Terms moderate.

108D, 250 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; dentist, physician; attractive rooms; excellent board; refined home; 252 West, table board that is unsurpassed.

103D ST., (Corner West End Av., 879.)—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

103D, Corner West End Av., 879.—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service, good company; Southerners.

108TH, 236 WEST (corner Broadway).—Excellent board, business woman, reasonable; phone, Rogers.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.
Table guests accommodated. Telephone Morningside 8136.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractive single sunny rooms; excellent table.

121ST ST., 132 WEST.—Large, small rooms; steam; parlor dining rooms; American table.

123D, 111 WEST.—Large, light, well-heated front rooms; suitable for two; running water; ample closet space; reasonable.

149TH, 544 West, (near B'way Subway,)
"The Audubon."
Bright, clean, cosy single rooms, or suites; deliciously prepared meals.
Dining rooms parlor floor;
home comforts;
$8 up to $15, single;
$14 up to $20, two.
Tel. 2757—Audubon.

CONVENT AVE., 336.—Medium sized rooms; One $9 upward; two $15 upward.

867 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
near 157th St. Subway; NOT A BOARDING HOUSE, but conducted to make it a comfortable home for a FEW PEOPLE of refinement at VERY MODERATE rates; steam heated; private bath; unobstructed view of Hudson. Tel. 2362—Audubon.

Charming Winter Home,
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea; cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
"THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

HAPPENWELL HOUSE,
123d St., 111 West. Inspection invited.

PARK SLOPE, 131 Prospect Place.—Pleasant square room; suitable two; after 10, 31st; home cooking; table guests.

WEST END, 524, (86th Subway).—Floor, rooms, single, suite; excellent table; references.

Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG MAN in business would like room with breakfast and dinner in Spanish-speaking family of education; highest references furnished. R 223 Times Downtown.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

5TH AV., NO. 25.—Large room, second floor; suitable two or three; references.

9TH ST., 18 EAST, Between University Place and 5th Av.—Nicely furnished front rooms; telephone and bath.

16TH, 206 EAST.—Steam-heated room; running water, hot and cold; telephone.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Large and small well furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

28D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.) Suite, two rooms and bath.

34TH, 56 EAST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; running water; $8; two flights up.

43D, 16 EAST.—HANDSOME LARGE, SMALL ROOMS; MODERN CONVENIENCES.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome room, with private bath; single room; breakfast optional; references.

47TH, 5 EAST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; $3.50, $6, $8 weekly.

48TH ST., 19 EAST.—Large, small, light rooms; all improvements; bath, steam heat; phone.

49TH, 38 EAST.—COMFORTABLE ROOM; GENTLEMAN; REFINED HOUSE; REFERENCES.

50TH, 137 EAST.—Three connecting or single light, cheerful rooms; second floor.

55D, 58 EAST.—Large, handsome rooms; connecting bath; southern exposure; suitable two people; unusual conveniences; electricity; telephone.

56TH, 58 EAST.—Unusual desirable office, reception rooms, for doctor and dentist.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,264 (85th).—Pleasant, light room, elevator apartment, $4; no children. Flacher.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,372, (90th.)—Large room; physician's residence; conveniences; reasonable.

West Side.

14TH ST., 350 WEST.—ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD; PRIVATE BATH; REASONABLE.

22D ST., 258 WEST.—A comfortable, attractroom; light, airy, cheerful, convenient, well kept; at reasonable price. Mrs. Quinn.

43D, 113 W.—DESIRABLE LARGE, SMALL ROOMS; CONVENIENCES; REASONABLE.

45TH ST., 158 WEST, (NEAR BROADWAY.)—COMFORTABLE, NEWLY FURNISHED, HEATED ROOMS; RUNNING WATER; RESPECTABLE COUPLES; TELEPHONE; REFERENCES.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Front basement bedroom; reasonable; steam; telephone; would consider light business.

89TH ST., 11 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; near bath; running water; southern exposure; select.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Front single room; steam, running water; telephone; select house.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

48TH ST., 65 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; small; in quiet residence; $4; permanent only.

51ST ST., 25 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double, single rooms; baths, studios; basements, 1972 Plaza.

52D ST., 250 WEST. (Near Broadway.)—Beautiful back parlor; other nice rooms; telephone. Pierce.

53D, 42 WEST.—Large, small, desirably furnished rooms; bath; modern conveniences; southern exposure.

55TH ST., 251 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; steam; bath; conveniences. 1476 Columbus.

55TH, 361 WEST.—Exceptionally clean medium and hall rooms; heated; hot water.

56TH ST, 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor bedroom and bath; every convenience. 6236 Columbus.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Beautiful suite, rooms steam, hot water, private baths, telephone.

58TH ST., 21 WEST.—Handsome parlors; private bath, kitchenette, electric light, telephone; other rooms; $30, $40, $50.

58TH, 128 WEST.—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM; CONVENIENCES; PRIVATE HOME.

68TH ST., 88 WEST.—Cozy second floor suite; two rooms and private bath; hot water; unlimited supply; location unexcelled.

68TH, 62 WEST.—Sunny, large room; $6; ideal location; refined surroundings; references.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

68TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished sunny rooms; private bath; select. 8826 Columbus.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Elegant large rooms, with or without private baths; references; telephone.

68TH, 71 WEST.—Handsome sunny front rooms; perfectly kept house; moderate; references.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Front parlor, nicely furnished; all conveniences; very desirable neighborhood; references.

69TH ST., 65 WEST. — EXCEPTIONAL ROOMS; STEAM HEAT; CONVENIENCES; SELECT.

69TH, 109 WEST.—BEAUTIFUL ROOM; PRIVATE BATHROOM; MEALS OPTIONAL.

69TH ST., 120 WEST.—Large and small, handsomely furnished rooms; private baths. 5477 Columbus.

69TH ST., 143 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE ROOM; EXCLUSIVE APARTMENT; SHOWER. WILDE.

70TH ST., 36 WEST.—Beautiful, newly furnished rooms, running water; dressing rooms; homelike; electricity; also parlor floor.

70TH ST., 134 WEST.—Elegant, comfortable room, with, without private bath; phone; references.

70TH, 36 WEST.—Newly opened; beautiful furnished rooms; running hot, cold water; homelike.

70TH ST., 136 WEST.—Large room; exceptionally comfortable; every convenience; also small room.

71ST, 282 WEST, (Corner West End Av.)—Scrupulously clean rooms, singly or en suite, furnished or unfurnished, for refined business people; running water, telephone, electricity.

71ST, 69 WEST.—Desirably furnished large, small rooms; private bath; parlor; telephone; subway.

71ST ST., 71 WEST.—Attractive rooms; telephone; beautifully furnished; all conveniences; references.

71ST ST., 222 WEST.—Medium rooms; lavatory, bathroom adjoining; modern, private house; electricity.

72D, 268 WEST.—Large room, kitchenette; private bath; medium room; telephone; Subway.

78D ST., 103 WEST.—Neatly furnished large, medium rooms; one or two; telephone; references.

73D, 115 WEST.—Large and small; in newly furnished and decorated house; first-class home for refined people.

73D, 162 WEST.—Very desirable furnished rooms; select location; telephone; Subway express; references.

73D, 255 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, with private bath; telephone; Subway.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive double room; private bath; also single room; reasonable; references.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Room, southern exposure; private house; electricity; hot water heating; references.

75TH, 263 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; smaller room; gentlemen; telephone.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Sunny, well-heated, double, second-story front room; also smaller room.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive large, sunny rooms; running water; baths, homelike; references.

78TH, 111 WEST.—Responsible gentleman can rent elegantly furnished room; all conveniences.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Large, newly furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; excellent service; phone.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Delightful small room; near Subway; home comfort; reasonable; references.

82D, 70 WEST.—Large, small rooms; reasonable; southern exposure; couples, bachelors; table boarders.

82D, 146 WEST.—Light, clean, comfortable; electricity, lavatories, elevator. 8706 Schuyler Haskins.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; private bath; electric light; piano.

82D, 130 WEST.—Hall room; also handsome parlor suite for doctor; references.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; private family; telephone; references.

82D, 80 WEST.—Large single warm rooms, $3.50, $4; bath, telephone. Anderson.

83D, 1 WEST.—Light rooms; running water; overlooking Park; board optional. Gerrard.

85TH, 333 WEST.—Large, attractive third floor front room, for two; all conveniences; private family.

94TH, 34 WEST.—Large, desirable rooms; private bath; quiet surroundings; owner; reference.

94TH ST., 127 WEST.—Large room; running water, steam heat; private. Farrell.

95TH ST., 19 WEST.—Parlor floor, furnished, unfurnished; doctor, musicales, other business; also large, light room; private bath; telephone.

95TH, 255 WEST.—Exceptionally well-furnished large front room; high-class apartment. Linz.

97TH ST., 136 WEST.—Room with private bath, $10; also small; luxurious furnishings; everything new; Oriental rugs, vacuum cleaning; refined, cultured people considered. 2087 —Riverside.

97TH ST., 209 WEST.—A comfortably furnished outside room in high-class elevator apartment; all modern conveniences; private family; Broadway Subway express one block; board optional.

97TH, 135 WEST.—Large sunny room; all conveniences; electricity; telephone; meals optional.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive, well furnished room; bath; telephone.

97TH, 179 WEST.—Nicely furnished warm rooms; comfortable; telephone; convenient "L" and Subway.

103D, 145 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms, private house; convenient neighborhood; telephone; references.

103D, 129 WEST.—Large front room; also small; gentleman; married couple; phone. Meyer.

106TH, 225 WEST.—Large front room and bath, one flight, beautifully finished. Mars.

107TH, 220 WEST.—Bright, attractively furnished, outside room in elevator apartment; private family; references. Apartment 35.

107TH, (2,783 Broadway).—Unusually cheerful homelike front room; elevator; telephone. Apt. 6A.

111TH ST, 605 WEST.—Pleasant, light room for gentleman; modern elevator apartment. Apt. 19.

112TH, 536 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, in elevator apartment; near Subway. Apartment 11.

112TH, 536 W.—Exceptionally pleasant room, bath adjoining; one or two; modern. Apartment 24.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Apt. 3; desirably furnished, medium room; all conveniences; gentleman; select; reasonable.

115TH ST., 419 WEST.—Columbia University; light outside room; bath, shower; electricity; elevator; telephone. Lyman.

116TH, (Near Drive.)—Attractive, light room, adjoining bath; private family. X 240 Times.

118TH, 405 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; elevator, shower, telephone. Apartment 41.

119TH ST., 121 WEST.—Double room; large closet; dressing room; running water; desirable neighborhood.

122D ST., 201 WEST.—Desirable outside room in corner apartment; private family; convenient to "L" road, Subway, restaurants; references required; gentlemen preferred; reasonable. Hallock.

122D, 185 WEST.—Large, attractive double room; adjoining bath; sunny; private house; reasonable.

122D, 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Telephone Morningside 4880. Apartment 51.

126TH, 180 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, $7-$15 weekly; including Turkish bath.

127TH ST., 61 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private house;

TO FRAME BILL TO CURB DRUG SALES

Committee Named to Draft Measure to End Cocaine and Opium Evils.

HEALTH BOARD IS ASSAILED

Slow in Giving Reports Needed for Convictions, Says Dr. Davis—Surgeon Attacks Medical Profession.

Federal and city officials who gathered in the chambers of Judge Edward Swann of General Sessions yesterday to discuss ways and means of checking the sale of habit-forming drugs heard a heated debate between members of the County Medical Society, who urged that patent medicines were the greatest spreaders of the cocaine habit, and representatives of wholesale druggists, who insisted that the doctors, and not patent medicines, were chiefly responsible.

During the session Dr. Katherine B. Davis, Commissioner of Correction, who was the only woman present in a company of thirty-five men, criticised the Health Department for slowness in responding to requests for reports needed to convict persons accused of selling cocaine and opium, while the Rev. James B. Curry, of St. James's Church, blamed the Health Department, the County Medical Society, and the druggists without sparing any of them. He even included the Judges of the Court of Special Sessions who, he said, were "guilty of imposing such slight sentences on cocaine and opium vendors that the vendors smile as they are led away for a few days' rest on Blackwell's Island."

Dr. Jackson Campbell, a surgeon attached to the Department of Correction, added the final word to the discussion when he said he as a surgeon felt it was his duty to announce that the record of the medical profession in relationship to the habit-forming drugs was such that it made him want to hang his head in shame and go forward to new reforms in company with all other agencies working toward the much-needed end.

"It is not a time," he said, "when we surgeons can hold up our professional noses and say we are above regulation. We have had an era of freedom and what have we done? We have kept the gates wide open for the sale through the offices of privileged doctors of pernicious habit-forming drugs in large quantities. It is time that we asked in all due humility to be regulated by State and national laws that will force the keeping of a record of every grain of cocoaine and opium and heroin and every habit-forming drug from the time it leaves the manufacturer's laboratory or comes out of the Custom House until it lodges in the system of the ultimate consumer."

As a result of the conference, which was called at the suggestion of Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Judge Swann was authorized to name a committee of five to draft a new bill covering the sale of narcotic drugs of all kinds to be submitted to the Legislature at Albany. He named E. K. Coulter, J. P. Atkinson, Prof. R. A. Hatcher, and Assistant District Attorney Floyd M. Wilmot.

On account of the complaint of Dr. Davis that she had found it difficult to obtain convictions of cocaine sellers because the Board of Health was strangely slow in reporting on samples of drugs submitted for analysis, a committee was named to call this situation to the attention of Mayor Mitchel. The committee was authorized to recommend that more chemists be provided for in the Board of Health laboratory if this should be found necessary.

J. P. Atkinson, a chemist who represented the Board of Health, read a long statement showing that the chemists now employed had to make hundred of thousands of milk tests, so that they had no time to make tests of samples of cocaine found on persons arrested as cocaine sellers.

Judge Swann, Dr. Davis and others in commenting on the widespread evil of the drug habit asserted that it had penetrated many circles where persons not acquainted with drug habit symptoms would not expect to find it.

"I was in a prominent hotel in this city a few nights ago," said Judge Swann, "and I met a splendid young army officer, who clearly was under the influence of a habit-forming drug. I had read statements from the Secretaries of War and of the Navy to the effect that the cocaine habit had invaded the army and the navy to an alarming extent. I could inform them from what I saw in the hotel that the invasion has not confined itself to the ranks alone. Cocaine goes to the Indians now to take the place of whisky, which has been ruled off the reservations. I have a letter from a Judge in the West, in which he tells me that a cocaine mixture sold to the Indians is killing them now much faster than the forbidden whisky formerly did."

"And we are having a very hard time to keep the drugs out of the city prisons," said Dr. Davis. "I put very drastic rules into effect in this regard, but when I was inspecting some laundry a few days ago we found in the bundle a handkerchief which had been soaked in a cocaine solution. We have even found cocaine injected into oranges. One would need eyes all around one's head to keep up with the cocaine vendors."

W. F. McConnell, representing the drug division of the Board of Trade, said that Dr. William H. Ritchie of 105 E. James Place, Brooklyn, had received reports from 5,000 drug users, in which each had told how he became addicted to the habit. These reports, Mr. McConnell said, indicated that three-fourths of those examined had become steady drug users through receiving prescriptions from physicians.

Judge Swann interrupted to ask if the reports could be turned over to him:

"I want to see them," he said, "because the doctors have abused me unmercifully for advocating stricter regulation of the sale of habit-forming drugs. And the Association of Medical Jurisprudence and the American Medical Association are to-day holding up important legislation in the Senate that has passed the House—legislation that will give us the first control we have ever had over the situation."

TO PRISON FOR NOTE FRAUDS

Gutmans and Greenberg Sentenced —Ex-Accountant Arrested.

Moses Gutman, his son, Henry Gutman, and his son-in-law, Ralph Greenberg, who were charged with defrauding many east side bankers by fraudulent notes, totaling $150,000, were sentenced to prison yesterday by Judge Mulqueen in the Court of General Sessions. The elder Gutman and Greenberg received a sentence of not less than four years and six months nor more than nine years and six months in Sing Sing. The son was sent to the penitentiary for one year.

Herman Fish, formerly the accountant in the Gutmans' employ, was arrested yesterday by Detective Flood of the District Attorney's office on a charge of forgery in the first degree. He was held in $2,500 bail by Judge Swann in General Sessions. Fish is accused of juggling the Gutman accounts.

E&W RED MAN
SPRUCEWOOD
THE HIT OF THE SEASON
SATEEN MADRAS 2 FOR 25c
EARL & WILSON
MAKERS OF TROY'S BEST PRODUCT.

DISSOLVE JEWELRY 'TRUST.'

Judge Hunt Signs Sweeping Decree in Sherman Law Suit.

Judge Hunt signed yesterday in the Federal District Court the dissolution decree in the Government's Sherman law suit against the National Wholesale Jewelers' Association, the National Association of Manufacturing Jewelers, and hundreds of individual defendants. This decree is the result of an agreement reached between the Government and the two associations, and is aimed at the methods adopted by the latter for the prevention of any direct sale by the manufacturers to the retailers.

The decree, which was drawn up by Assistant District Attorney Claude E. Thompson, goes with detail into the methods which had been used by these associations. It is specifically stated that they had been intended to prevent unrestrained interstate and foreign trade and are therefore illegal. The defendants are perpetually restrained from conspiring to prevent the manufacturers of jewelry from selling their goods directly to persons who are not recognized as jobbers or wholesalers by the two associations or to prevent retail firms or a private person from buying jewelry direct from the manufacturers or from whoever they please. The defendants were also enjoined from boycotting manufacturers for having sold to the retailers and department stores.

This brings to the end a proceeding which was instituted against the jewelers' associations last Summer. It concerned in the main only the makers and dealers in cheap jewelry. As soon as the suit was started, negotiations were instituted between the jewelers' associations and the Government. The former agreed that they would refrain from the practices in restraint of trade if criminal proceedings against them were not pressed, and the decree which was signed yesterday was the result of the bargain.

HIT BY FIRE ENGINE.

Auto Also Runs Into Crowd in Avoiding Collision.

As Fire Engine 91 was making good time yesterday afternoon down Second Avenue, bound for a small fire at Second Avenue and 102d Street, an auto shot out from behind a street car. Its chauffeur jammed on the brakes and came to a standstill, but to avoid crashing into it the fire horses were sharply pulled over by Driver O'Harra. They swerved on to the pavement and knocked down and trampled on Mrs. Julia Polizzi of 230 East 122d Street, with her eleven-months'-old baby in her arms.

The chauffeur remained inactive for a few seconds, and then, seeing the woman beneath the plunging horse, made a dash uptown. At 108th Street he turned the corner on two wheels and struck with his mud-guard five-year-old Rosie Manisserra of 350 East 108th Street, who was playing in the street. She was thrown twenty-five feet and lay unconscious. The automobile then disappeared at high speed.

The injured woman and her baby and Rosie Manisserra were taken by Dr. Crawford to the Reception Hospital in an ambulance. None of them seemed to have any broken bones, and the little girl revived on the way to the hospital.

According to the police of the East 104th Street Station the number of the automobile was "D-4449-N. Y.," and this, the police records say, belongs to a car owned by Charles Lemonte of 2,103 Third Avenue.

TO GET SIEGEL BOND CASH.

Receiver Melville Will Ask State Controller for $100,000.

Judge Hough in the Federal District Court yesterday authorized Henry Melville, receiver for Henry Siegel & Co., bankers, to apply to State Controller Sohmer, for the surrender of the $100,000 security bond deposited by the banking concern for the repayment of the money belonging to its depositors. He denied, however, the request of Mr. Melville that the United States Fidelity & Guaranty Company be directed to pay to him the amount of the security bond, dated Aug. 8, 1910.

The receiver said he intended to keep the bond money in a separate fund subject to the order of the court, but Judge Hough pointed out that Henry Siegel & Co., bankers, had failed to pay the money intrusted to them, and that the decree under which Mr. Melville was appointed receiver had said of the bankers, "though appearing to have assets exceeding their respective debts, they are now unable to meet their matured and immediately maturing obligations, and will continue for a considerable time to be unable to meet such maturing obligations or any substantial portion thereof." The refusal of the order was, however, Judge Hough said, without prejudice.

SNEEZERS CONFER HERE.

Hay Fever Sufferers Hold Meeting at Y. M. C. A.

The United States Hay Fever Association held its midwinter meeting last night in the rooms of the International Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, 124 East Twenty-eighth Street. Fifty members were present. In the absence of the President, the Rev. Guy Roberts, Vice President William M. Patterson presided.

The meeting was largely in the nature of a conference, the members informing each other as to what places and remedies had benefited them and exchanging views on subjects pertaining to hay fever and asthma. Percy F. Jerome, the Secretary-Treasurer, read a list of places at which members or other sufferers from hay fever had found temporary or permanent relief, and P. A. Maignen of Philadelphia told of the discovery of the hay fever germ and said this would lead, he believed, to the early cure of the disease.

The forty-first annual convention of the association will be held at Bethlehem, N. H., in the White Mountains, next August.

Reform Club Elects Officers.

The Trustees of the Reform Club of this city have elected these officers: President, Calvin Tomkins; Secretary, Bert Hanson; Treasurer, Alfred A. Whitman; Vice Presidents, Charles S. Fairchilds, Paul Fuller, A. Augustus Healy, William B. Hornblower, John J. Murphy, William Church Osborn, Thomas Mott Osborn, Lawson Purdy, Meyer D. Rothschild, and Everett P. Wheeler; Chairman of Committee on Admissions, Robert Grier Monroe; Chairman of House Committee, Bert Hanson; Chairman of Library Committee, Milo R. Maltbie; Chairman of Tariff Reform Committee, Byron W. Holt; Chairman of Municipal Reform Committee, J. Hampden Dougherty; Chairman of Electoral Reform Committee, Louis Sturcke; Chairman of Sound Currency Committee, Calvin Tomkins.

THIRD BOMB SETTER READY TO CONFESS

Sylvestro, Convicted, Says He Can Give the Full Story of Blackmail.

SUSPICION DIVIDES GANG

Men Under Arrest Accuse Each Other and May Reveal Their Whole System of Crime.

Angelino Sylvestro, the bomb thrower, who was convicted on Thursday night before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions of helping set off a bomb in an East Houston Street tenement on Aug. 20, hinted yesterday that he would make a confession which would be even more amazing than those of Alfred Lehman and Anthony Sadaitys, two of his confederates. These disclosures, it is said, were promised at a conference between Sylvestro, Assistant District Attorney Manley, and Detectives Fogarty and Di Martini.

Sylvestro was to have been sentenced by Judge Rosalsky yesterday morning, but Assistant District Attorney Manley requested that the sentence be deferred. Judge Rosalsky asked whether the prisoner was ready to give information, and James E. Brande, his counsel, nodded his head.

Yesterday afternoon Sylvestro was closeted with Mr. Manley and the detectives for more than an hour. He denies any part in the bomb outrages, but asserts that he has been accustomed to associate with members of the gang at a saloon on Elizabeth Street, and that he has heard from their lips the full story of systematic blackmailing which the gang has practiced by bomb throwing, horse poisoning, murder, arson, and other crimes.

Mr. Manley believes that the chief obstacles in the way of a full confession from Sylvestro are the five other gangmen who are now in the Tombs with him. While these men are confined in cells on other tiers, Sylvestro sees them once a week at least, at Sunday chapel, and, it is said, he is afraid of violence from them if he joins Lehman and Sadaitys in the informers' ranks.

The five men now in the Tombs are Pietro Grambruno, known as Patrino, and said to be the leader of the bomb gang; Antonio Levantino, an alleged bombmaker; Russo Cassatta, a Sicilian black, against whom a technical charge of carrying a revolver has been made; Vincenzo Di Stephano, also charged with carrying a revolver, and Colagero Emma, against whom an indictment has been filed for having dynamite in his possession. Grambruno and Giuseppe Ferrara, the leader of a rival gang, who is now a fugitive from justice, are the two men whose arrest is considered necessary to end the reign of terror from bomb throwers on the East Side.

The five, together with two fugitives, Ferrara and Polara, and Lehman and Sadaitys, the two informers, are said to be the principals in the bomb outrages of the last year. Many of the men, it is said, made enough money to go back to Italy and their places were taken by others. Grambruno is now under indictment on five counts and he will be tried next month probably before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions.

The chief hope of the prosecutors in getting a full confession from several of the bomb men lies in the apparent enmity that has grown up among them. This feeling, the police say, results from a division of the money paid for the different bomb outrages. Every one of the prisoners seems to think that he has been "double crossed," and is ready to tell all to get even.

An illustration of this spirit was found in the confessions of Lehman and Sadaitys. Each of the two informers was questioned independently, but both told the same story in every essential detail. Each said that on the occasion of the burning of the Hippodrome Moving Picture Theatre in East Houston Street he hesitated to go in first. The theatre was dark, and each one thought that he would be shot by the other if he turned his back.

LAWSON JEWELS GONE?

$40,000 Reward for Those Said to Have been Lost by Financier's Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 30.—Francis Burke, a prominent attorney, inserted an advertisement in the Boston papers last Tuesday offering a reward of $2,000 and no questions asked for the return of jewels said to be worth $50,000. All questions concerning the owner of the jewels were met by a refusal by the lawyer.

Yesterday a long advertisement containing a much longer list of gems, and saying that the owner knew who had them, was sent to the Boston papers. The advertisement offered a reward of $40,000 for the return of the jewels.

It developed to-day that the gems were the property of Mrs. James F. Lord of Boston, Scituate, and Chicago, formerly Marion Lawson, daughter of Thomas W. Lawson.

Arrest Treasurer Bosca.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Jan. 30.—Ernest E. Bosca, the Town Treasurer, who has charge of $700,000 of the town's money, was arrested to-day on the charge of violating the law prohibiting town officials to loan moneys on mortgages in excess of 50 per cent. of the value of the mortgaged properties. Bosca is accused of lending $16,000 and $19,000 on the White Cannon Inn at East Rockaway, which he owns, and which is assessed at $4,500. The defendant pleaded not guilty and was held in $1,000 bail for further examination on Feb. 7 at Mineola.

His Fifth Wife Asks Divorce.

Supreme Court Justice Newburger was told yesterday by Louisa Mayer in a divorce action brought by her against George Mayer that her husband had been married four times before and that he had twice been convicted of grand larceny. Mayer is now serving a term in prison on a charge of bigamy, brought by his fifth wife. She had the records in court to show that for one of his marriages Mayer had been sent to prison and that all of his wives had accused him of stealing money and jewelry from them. Decision was reserved.

ADAMSON TO NAME WOMEN.

Reverses Johnson on Their Usefulness in Fire Prevention Bureau.

Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson sent a letter yesterday to John E. O'Brien, an attorney of 115 Broadway, saying that he believed that women would make efficient attachés of the Fire Prevention Bureau and that it was his intention to appoint women on the eligible list to vacancies in the bureau. Ex-Commissioner Johnson refused to appoint women. They took the matter to court to get the consolidation of the men's and women's eligible lists, but an order was denied by the Supreme Court and Appellate Division.

Mr. Adamson says in his letter:

Certain classes of the work in this bureau could, in my opinion, be performed by women even better than by men. For example, the services of women should be particularly available in the inspection of factories where women are employed; in moving picture places, perhaps in dance halls, and in other places where this department has jurisdiction in prescribing regulations to insure safety in case of fire. Generally speaking, I have found that in any work involving the welfare and safety of the public, women are most zealous and energetic, and I have also found in my experience in the city's service that in positions which women are called upon to fill they display a very high grade of ability for the salaries paid.

Mr. O'Brien is counsel for the women on the civil service list eligible for appointment and represented them in the recent court proceedings.

IN COURT ON A STRETCHER.

Crippled Teamster Testifies in Damage Suit Against Contractors.

While lying on a stretcher, paralyzed from his waist down, Samuel Miller, who is suing Wells Brothers & Co. and the Ebsary Fireproofing Gypsum Block Contracting Company for $50,000 damages, testified yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Hasbrouck and a jury. He was carried to the Court House in an ambulance and, on his cot, was put on a table before the Justice.

Miller alleged that, through the negligence of the contracting companies when they were erecting the Hartford National Bank Building at Hartford, in 1912, a heavy piece of timber was left in the roadway under a temporary bridge, and that a wagon which he was driving struck the timber and crushed him between the bridge and his load. Since the accident Miller has been paralyzed below his waist. The case will probably go to the jury on Monday.

Another Typhus Case Develops.

Another case of typhus fever developed yesterday among the passengers detained at Hoffman's Island, who were taken from the Austro-American steamship Belvedere on Jan. 17. With the passenger taken from the French steamer Rochambeau to Swinburne Island on Wednesday, this makes seven cases of imported typhus which have been treated by Health Officer Joseph J. O'Connell since Jan. 7.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Balmacaan Is Our Newest Born.

To call it just a cloth hat is to do it an injustice. It is more than that. It is a style edition De-Luxe. To see it in Truly Warner's window is to *Become* the proud possessor of one. Welted seams, entirely new in shape and blocked by hand, and for $2. Get one to-day at Truly Warner's nearest store. Mail order charges prepaid.

After a careful perusal of the criticisms of the Welsh play, "Change," at the Booth Theatre, the managers of the play, Joe Weber and Walter Hast, are unable to reach any definite conclusion from the opinion of the press as to whether the play is good or bad.

Never has such a condition existed in reviews of previous attractions.

"Change" is not a good play—it is a great play. This is the opinion of the audiences at the Booth and also at the Haymarket Theatre, London. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Thursday & Saturday 2:30.

SYMPHONY SOCIETY
OF NEW YORK.
WALTER DAMROSCH.....Conductor
BEETHOVEN FESTIVAL
At AEOLIAN HALL, on the following evenings: Feb'y 18, 20, 25, 27, March 4, and at CARNEGIE HALL Sat. Evg., March 7. SOLOISTS:
Mr. EUGENE YSAYE
Mme. JEANNE JOMELLI
Miss CHRISTINE MILLER
Mr. ARTHUR MIDDLETON
Mr. JOSEF HOFMANN
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Mr. OSCAR SEAGLE
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THE KNEISEL QUARTET
ORATORIO SOCIETY OF N. Y., LOUIS KOEMMENICH, Cond.
Subscriptions on sale at Symphony Office, Room 1201, AEOLIAN HALL.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed., 2:20. MAUDE ADAMS in J. M. BARRIE'S New Comedy, THE LEGEND OF LEONORA
LYCEUM 45th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Thurs., 2:20. MISS BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's Greatest Success, THE LAND OF PROMISE
GARRICK 35 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:30. Eva Moore & H. V. Esmond with the London Criterion Co. in THE DEAR FOOL
HUDSON 44 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed., 2:15. Wm. Collier A Little Water on the Side
GAIETY Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Last Matinee To-day, 2:20. LAST TIME TO-NIGHT, 8:20. ELSIE FERGUSON in William Hurlbut's Iowan Comedy, THE STRANGE WOMAN
Next Mon., Mabel & Edith TALIAFERRO "YOUNG WISDOM"
THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT OF THE SEASON. The QUEEN of the MOVIES. GLOBE THEATRE. BROADWAY AT 46th STREET. Handsomest Chorus in the World. Tunes & Laughs at Top Speed. Mat. To-day, 2:20.
New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:10. Mats. T'day & Wed. 2:15. Klaw & Erlanger's New Musical Comedy, The Little Cafe by Ivan Caryll & C. M. S. McLellan.
LIBERTY 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20. The International Operetta Sensation. SARI Melody, Humor, Beauty, Combined in the year's Biggest Success.
CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee To-day, 2:20. LAST 2 TIMES AT THIS THEATRE. NEXT MONDAY TO THE GAIETY. MABEL AND EDITH TALIAFERRO in RACHEL CROTHERS' NEW COMEDY, YOUNG WISDOM
KNICKERBOCKER. B'way, 38 St. Evs. 8:15. Last Week—Last Matinee To-day, 2:15. Wm. H. Crane—Douglas Fairbanks In "THE NEW HENRIETTA" Next Monday at 8 sharp. Seats NOW. CHARLES FROHMAN presents THE LATEST MUSICAL COMEDY, THE LAUGHING HUSBAND
FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed., 2:20. THE MISLEADING LADY
COHAN & HARRIS ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. T'day & Wed., 2:20. COHAN'S BEST PLAY. Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills. 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE
BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:25. Mats. To-day & Thurs., 2:20. 50TH PERFORMANCE WED. NIGHT. FRANCES STARR IN THE SECRET.
HARRIS 43d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:35. Mats. To-day & Thurs., 2:20. LAST WEEKS BIGGEST and BEST OF ALL MUSICAL HITS. ADELE
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. T'day & Wed., 2:20. CYRIL MAUDE the famous English actor, in the tremendously successful comedy drama, "GRUMPY"
GEO. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. M. Mats. T'day & Wed., 2:15. POTASH AND PERLMUTTER
GRAND Opera Ho. 23 St., 8 Av. Mat. T'day. Belasco's "The Man Inside." STARTING NEXT MON.—Seats Now. CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in Shameen Dhu.

BURTON HOLMES CARNEGIE HALL SUNDAY EVS. & 50 MON. MAT'S 50c to $1.50. "CHINA in 1913" A NEW "PANAMA" THIS TUESDAY EVE. 8:30. DOWN TO DATE
IRVING PLACE THEATRE To-day Mat., IM WEISSEN ROSSL; To-night, Alt Heidelberg; Sun., Auf der Sonnenseite.
REPUBLIC 42d St. W. of B'way Daily 2-4-7-9 P. M. ADM. 25c. Universal Film Co. presents TRAFFIC IN SOULS
MINER'S HIGH-CLASS BURLESQUE People's (Bowery & Spring). Hastings' Big Show. Bronx (3d Av. & 135th St.), Gay New Yorkers.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d & 44th. Daily Mat. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 1,000 People. Carnival of Sports. 20 Fire Thrills. A—M—E—R—I—C—A. Suffragette Parade. Plunging Auto. Court of Honor. First Steamer Through Panama Canal. NEXT WEEK—CIRCUS. Annual February Change of CIRCUS ever seen anywhere. under a Roof.
WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8 sharp. MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2. GREATEST OF ALL WINTER GARDEN SHOWS. THE WHIRL OF THE WORLD LYDIA KYASHT. Sunday Night Concert—Best Bill in New York.
44TH ST. THEATRE, W. of B'WAY. Lee Fields .....Proprietor. Evs. at 8 sharp. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2 sharp. Sensational Success of the Season. London Gaiety Theatre Co. and Production. THE GIRL ON THE FILM. Wednesday Matinee, Best Seats $1.50.
Folies Marigny ATOP 44TH ST. THEA. Phone Bryant 1709. 11 to 1 Nightly. Adm. $1. Variete, Dancing. Restaurant. Dorothy Toye, Oy-Ra, and Dorma Leigh. Marcel's Art Studios, The Skatells, etc. Next Monday Night—Dancing Contest. Prizes awarded to ladies and gentlemen.
PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS. 29th St., n'r B'way. TO-NIGHT AT 8:30. PREMIER PERFORMANCE OF FIVE NEW PLAYS.
Little THEATRE Bernard Shaw's Amazing THE PHILANDERER. 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Mats. To-day & Wed., 2:30.
SHUBERT THEA., 44th, W. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. A THOUSAND YEARS AGO
Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. T'day, 2:30. The DEADLOCK with EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON
LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER
391H ST. THEA., near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Matinee To-day, 2:30. Dorothy Donnelly with JOSEPH SWEGEN in MARIA ROSA. MON. FEB. 2 BLANCHE RING Supported by HARRY CONOR in "WHEN CLAUDIA SMILES." Seats Now.
COMEDY Thea., 41st, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Reg. Mat. T'day, 2:15. Popular Price Mat. Every Tues. 2:15. KITTY MACKAY Unquestionably The Greatest Comedy Triumph of the Year.
CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. HIGH JINKS
PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'y. Ev. 8:30. Mats. T'day & Wed., 2:30. THE THINGS THAT COUNT. Extra Mats. Fri., Feb. 6, & Fri., Feb. 13.
48TH ST. THEATRE. Evs. 8:20. Mats. 2:20. SEASON'S BIGGEST SUCCESS. TO-DAY. Matinees To-day & Thurs.
MANHATTAN OP. HOUSE. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. WITHIN THE LAW with JANE COWL.
WEST END 125th, W. of 8 Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day, 2:15. The Fantasy with music, PRUNELLA with Marguerite Clark. Next Week—4 Performances Daily, 2, 4, 7 & 9. Most Sensational Photo-Drama on Earth. THE HOUSE OF BONDAGE
Cort 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Matinees To-day & Wed., 2:20. Laurette Taylor "Peg o' My Heart."
Royal 1 block from 149th St. & 3d Av. 15 PERFORMANCES 2, 4, 7 & 9:25c. Photo drama, "The House of Bondage." Next Week.....AT BAY."
ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs., 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2:15. THE YELLOW TICKET. John Mason, John Barrymore, Florence Reed, Emmett Corrigar, Julian L'Estrange, Others.
Adolf Philipp THEATRE, 57th St., nr. 3d Av. Tel. Plaza 812. Every Eve. 8:15. To-day Mat., 2:15. The Sensational Military Play ZABERN

BRONX Opera House, 149 St., E. of 3 Av. HENRY MILLER "The Rainmaker." NEXT WEEK "THE TRAIL OF THE LONESOME PINE," with CHARLOTTE WALKER.
LONGACRE W. 48 St., nr. B'way. DOROTHY DONNELLY with LOU-TELLEGEN in MARIA ROSA. BEGINNING NEXT MONDAY—Seats Now
JARDIN DE DANSE 8:30 TO CLOSING. Matinee Teas 3:30 to 6:30. TO-NIGHT—FIRST TIME IN AMERICA. "FURLANA"—Dance Approved by Pope. LOPOUKOWA LAST WEEK
COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Mat. To-day. Ben Welsh AND HIS BURLESQUERS

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE.
To-day at 1:30. Meistersinger. Gadski, Mattfeld; Jorn, Weil, Goritz, Reiss, Braun, Schlegel, Leonhardt. Cond., Toscanini.
To-night at 8. Pop. Prices (Double Bill.) Cavalleria Rusticana. Destinn; Cristalli, Gilly; foll'd by Pagliacci. Bori; Martin, Gilly. Cond., Polacco.
Sun. Evg. Concert, 50c. to $1.50. Puccini Night. Case, Alter, Pasquali; Amato, Althouse, Cristalli, and entire orchestra. Cond., Hageman.
Next Mon. at 8:15. Tosca. Farrar; Caruso, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, Rossi. Cond., Toscanini.
Tues. at 8. Phila.-Chicago Opera Co. (1 time.) Don Quichotte, Garden; Marcoux (debut), Dufranne, Warnery, Nicolay. Cond., Campanini.
Wed. at 8:15. Girl of the Gold. West. Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Didur. Cond., Polacco.
Thurs. at 1:30. Walkuere. Gadski, Fremstad, Ober; Berger (debut), Braun, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 8 Double Bill.) Madeleine. Alda; Althouse, Segurola. Cond., Polacco. Don Pasquale. Bori; Cristalli, Scotti, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. at 8. Koenigskinder. Farrar, Robeson; Jorn, Goritz, Reiss, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 2. Amore dei Tre Re. Bori; Farrari-Fontana, Amato, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. at 8. Pop. Prices. Aida. Gadski; Ober, Martin, Gilly, Rothier. Cond., Polacco.

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Carnegie Hall, Wed. Ev., Feb'y 4, at 8:15. The Mighty Trio. Last Appearance. YSAYE GODOWSKY GERARDY
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